

In answering each question, you are expected to cover relevant political ideas and concepts and, where appropriate, make reference to the views of political thinkers.

SECTION A

Answer the question in this section.

Use the source below and your own knowledge to answer Question 1.

Source for Question 1

Mary Wollstonecraft, writing at the end of the 18th century, rejected the arguments that women were naturally inferior to men, instead claiming that it was the lack of educational opportunities that held women back in society. Her views became highly influential in encouraging other advocates of female rights, especially when by the turn of the 20th century women first began to gain the vote. New Zealand was the first country to grant women national voting rights in 1893, and women over the age of 30 gained the right to vote in the UK in 1918, shortly followed by the US in 1920. This struggle for female suffrage became known as the first wave of feminism.

- 1 (a) Outline what is meant by feminism. [10]
- (b) Compare and contrast liberal with radical feminism. [15]

SECTION B

Answer **three** questions from this section.

- 2 To what extent are protective and developmental models of democracy different? [25]
- 3 'Organic and social contract theories of the state are fundamentally different.' Discuss. [25]
- 4 Compare and contrast consent in democracies and dictatorships. [25]
- 5 To what extent are negative and positive theories of liberty similar? [25]
- 6 Compare and contrast natural with positive law. [25]
- 7 Discuss the view that tradition is the most important value of conservatism. [25]
- 8 Discuss the importance of freedom to liberalism. [25]



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