

Human Biology

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit **F222**: Growth, Development and Disease

Mark Scheme for January 2013

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

© OCR 2013

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1 (a)	<i>idea that growing taller / increase in height / legs lengthening / proportions of body change ;</i>	1	CREDIT Growth rate varies (within or between children) ACCEPT Ref growth spurts IGNORE General comments about 'growing' or variations in height unqualified
(b) (i)	<i>idea that sample may not be representative ;</i>	1	IGNORE reference to being hard to generalise from a small sample without further qualification IGNORE ref to reliability / accuracy ACCEPT idea it is not a typical sample (of that population) eg parents of obese children may choose not to take part (and so not representative)
(ii)	<i>idea that families with obese children may be more likely to refuse permission for children to be measured ; idea that there is a stigma attached to obesity ;</i>	1	IGNORE ref to fewer obese children in the sample / more obese children in the other 9% without a reason given
(c)	(coronary) heart disease / CHD / angina ; cardiovascular disease / atheroma / atherosclerosis ; hypertension ; (osteo)arthritis ; breast cancer ; bowel cancer ; gall stones ; sleep apnoea ;	2	Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT high blood pressure DO NOT CREDIT lung cancer / cancer unqualified

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(d) (i)	52 397 ; ;	2	<p>Correct answer = 2 marks even if no working shown</p> <p>If answer incorrect</p> <p>CREDIT 1 mark for correct working</p> <p>$256\ 848 \times \frac{20.4}{100}$ or $256\ 848 \times 0.204$</p> <p>If answer not given to nearest whole number</p> <p>CREDIT 1 mark for an unrounded answer eg 52396.9 or 52396.99</p>
(ii)	<p>agree / yes AND both increase slightly</p> <p>OR</p> <p>disagree / no AND difference in increase between boys and girls not significant ;</p>	1	<p>ACCEPT agree because girls by 0.5% and boys by 0.4%</p> <p>ACCEPT 'there is a bigger increase' for agree</p> <p>ACCEPT idea that girls at 0.5% and boys at 0.4% are very similar</p>
(iii)	<p>more boys are obese than girls ;</p> <p>pair of figures to support ;</p>	2	<p>CREDIT numbers of obese individuals or prevalence for boys and girls taken from the <u>same</u> year eg (in 2010) 20.4% of boys were obese and 17.0% of girls</p> <p>ACCEPT '(In 2010) 20.4% of boys were obese but only 17.0% of girls' = 2 marks (as this implies more obesity in boys than girls)</p>

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
(e)	blood glucose level, below normal range / below 4 (mmol dm^{-3});	1	ACCEPT 'blood sugar' instead of 'blood glucose' IGNORE 'blood glucose level is low' unqualified ACCEPT 'very / dangerously / too low' as qualification
(f)	<p><i>up to 4 marks maximum</i></p> <p>blood added to test strip ; test strip contains, immobilised enzyme ; (enzyme is) glucose oxidase ; glucose oxidase / enzyme specific to glucose ; glucose binds to (active site of), glucose oxidase /enzyme ; glucose converted to gluconalactone ;</p> <p style="text-align: right;">4 max</p> <p>electrode detects the, chemical change / reaction ; <i>idea that</i> electrical current generated ; <i>idea that</i> concentration proportional to current size ;</p>	5 max	<p>ACCEPT idea that enzyme is attached to the strip</p> <p>CREDIT 'glucose dehydrogenase' instead of 'glucose oxidase'</p> <p>NOTE 'only glucose, binds to / forms an ESC with. the enzyme' = 2</p> <p>ACCEPT phonetic spelling</p>
(g)	<p><i>idea that they can</i> do more / regular, exercise / AW ;</p> <p>eat more, fruit / vegetables / high fibre foods ; eat less, fatty / fast / junk, food / AW ; reduce calorie intake / smaller portions ; eat less, sugar / AW ; raise awareness of consequences of obesity ;</p>	3	<p>Mark the first 3 suggestions For each mark point, CREDIT suitable specific examples eg go for walks, go swimming, go for bike rides</p> <p>IGNORE ref to 'balanced' or 'healthy' diet unqualified</p>
	Total	19	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 (a)	<p>treatment, successful / more effective / AW ;</p> <p><i>idea that</i> money not wasted on drugs that are, ineffective / unnecessary ;</p> <p><i>idea that</i> fewer side effects because, fewer drugs taken ;</p> <p><i>idea that</i> treatment less generally toxic / harms fewer healthy cells ;</p>	2	<p>IGNORE 'Treatment is more specific' or 'Only targets specific cells' as this is in the question</p> <p>IGNORE reference to not needing a 'cocktail of drugs' without qualification as this is given in the case study</p>
(b)	<p>(i) (tumour specific) proteins, act as <u>antigens</u> ; recognised by, macrophages / dendritic cell ; formation of an antigen presenting cell / APC ; (which have) complementary receptors ; antigen, binds to / fits , the receptor ;</p> <p><i>idea that</i> B/T, lymphocytes / cells, activated ;</p> <p>correct ref to, cytokines / T-helper, lymphocyte / cell ;</p>	3	<p>ACCEPT proteins have (areas which are) antigens</p> <p>IGNORE ref to lymphocytes or phagocytes for mp 2.</p> <p>ACCEPT a description of antigen presentation for mp 3</p> <p>ACCEPT antigen / protein, binds to, antibody (variable region)</p> <p>IGNORE reference to lymphocytes detecting antigen for mp 6</p>
(ii)	T killer / cytotoxic T (lymphocyte) ;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
(c) (i)	no immune response (to own tissue) / tissue will not be rejected ;	1	ACCEPT idea that tissues or organs are not destroyed by the immune system
(ii)	able to give rise to many different cell <u>types</u> ; ORA	1	IGNORE not destroyed by body CREDIT totipotent / pluripotent OR adult stem cells are multipotent

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(d)	<p>(i)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 (DNA replication occurs during) interphase / S phase ; 2 DNA, unwinds/unzips ; 3 (catalysed by) DNA helicase ; 4 causes hydrogen bonds to break ; 5 free (DNA) <u>nucleotides</u> pair up with exposed bases ; 6 complementary base pairing rule / A-T and C-G ; 7 purine(s) pair with pyrimidine(s) ; 8 causes formation phosphodiester bond ; 9 (catalysed by) DNA polymerase / ligase ; 10 by a condensation reaction ; 11 new strands have exactly the same sequence of bases as original molecule ; 12 (DNA) molecule has one old and one new strand ; <p>QWC – for correct order of events ;</p>	7	<p>8 ACCEPT 'formation of bonds between sugar and phosphate'</p> <p>Award if mp 1 is awarded and 1 mark from mps 2 – 4 is followed by 1 mark from mps 5 – 12</p>
(ii)	<p>they divide by mitosis ; they, differentiate / become specialised ; to produce liver cells / to replace damaged cells ;</p>	2	<p>IGNORE ref to repairing damaged liver as this is in the question</p>

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
(e) (i)	<p>only effective in one in four patients ; ORA</p> <p>(very) expensive / waste of money to use when not effective ; not all women have been tested (for HER2) ;</p> <p><i>idea that diagnosis might have been too late / cancer too far advanced to make treatment, appropriate / effective ;</i></p> <p>AVP ;</p>	2	<p>Mark the first 2 suggestions</p> <p>IGNORE 'only 1 in 4 have the protein / HER2' IGNORE 'targets only 1 in 4' unqualified</p> <p>eg</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • palliative care may be more appropriate • patient may have another condition meaning that Herceptin® use is inappropriate
(ii)	<p><u>chemotherapy</u> ; lumpectomy / mastectomy / removal of lymph nodes ; <u>radiotherapy</u> ; tamoxifen ;</p>	2	<p>Mark first two suggestions</p> <p>ACCEPT 'surgery / operation'</p>
	Total	22	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3 (a)	(by) droplet (infection) ; (infected person) coughs / sneezes / breathes out bacteria ; bacteria inhaled ;	2	IGNORE ref to airborne unqualified
(b)	persistent / AW, cough ; blood stained, mucus / sputum ; fever / AW ; weight loss ; night sweats ; fatigue / AW ;	2	Mark the first 2 suggestions IGNORE 'chesty' or 'bad' cough – looking for idea of a cough that does not go away
(c) (i)	too many new cases to count, accurately / easily ; <i>idea that</i> many cases not, reported / diagnosed ;	1	eg 'they do not know they have the disease'
(ii)	Sub-Saharan Africa / low income country, shows a percentage increase (in incidence of TB) ; in all other groups / middle and high income groups, there is a percentage decrease ; in middle income groups, South East Asia and the Western Pacific shows the biggest decrease ORA (for Central and Eastern Europe) ; the <u>highest</u> income group / Australia and North America and Western Europe, show(s) the <u>biggest</u> decrease (overall) ; (the trend is) the higher the country's income the greater the percentage decrease ;	3	ACCEPT '+' or '-' figures for increase and decrease throughout

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4 (a)	arterioles ; nicotine ; carbon monoxide / CO ; haemoglobin ; oxygen / O ₂ ; weight ;	6	CREDIT arteries
(b)	(i) syndrome a group of symptoms / characteristics of a condition / AW ; <i>in FAS</i> any 2 marks from small head / upper jaw ; eyes, narrow / small / AW ; thin / smooth, upper lip ; heart defects ; poor muscle tone / lack of coordination ; mental retardation / learning difficulties ; behavioural problems ; 2 max	3	ACCEPT idea of structural problems with face ACCEPT a description of eyes eg 'eyes do not appear to be fully open'
(ii)	alcohol enters maternal blood ; alcohol crosses the placenta ; travels in, fetal blood / circulation ;	2	IGNORE ref to umbilical cord
(c)	ultrasound scan ; bi-parietal / crown rump, measurements ; compare to standard measurement / AW ;	2	ACCEPT description of bi-parietal and / or crown rump measurement

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(d)	25 ; ;	2	<p>Correct answer = 2 marks even if no working shown</p> <p>If answer incorrect CREDIT 1 mark for correct working $\frac{(25 - 20) \times 100}{20}$</p> <p>OR $\frac{2.5 - 2.0}{2.0} \times 100$</p>
(ii)	<p><i>increase in size due to</i> increase in number of / more, cells ; (as a result of) mitosis ;</p> <p><i>separation of digits</i> <u>cell</u>, death / destruction ; (as a result of) apoptosis ;</p>	4	
	Total	19	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5 (a) (i)	by observing tissue under microscope ; cancer / abnormal, cells seen / AW ; (cells) stained ; AVP ;	2	eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reference to named test or PAP test • using antibodies to test for antigens on <u>cancer cells</u> • ref to checking for HPV DNA in <u>cancer cells</u>
(ii)	<i>idea that significantly, more HPV in the confirmed cancer cases ;</i> always, more HPV in the confirmed cancer cases ; correct data quote ;	2	DO NOT CREDIT 'more cases of cancer show HPV' without further qualification LOOK FOR a figure for control and confirmed cases from at least one named country
(iii)	<u>DNA</u> from HPV enters cell / nucleus ; causes a, mutation / change in cell's DNA ; that affects, proto-oncogenes / tumour suppressor genes / AW ; leads to / AW, loss of control of cell division ;	2	ACCEPT genetic material or genes for 'DNA' IGNORE 'cells divide uncontrollably' without the link to a cause
(b)	<i>idea of having unprotected, sex ;</i> <i>idea of having many sexual partners ;</i>	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks IGNORE ref to not having been vaccinated (as vaccination does not prevent transmission)
(c)	smoking ; exposure to other, (named) carcinogens / mutagens ; genetically susceptible / family history ;	2	ACCEPT tar / benzpyrene eg UV, X- rays, gamma rays, ionising radiation, high alcohol ACCEPT heredity

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	<p>low socio-economic group / AW ; compromised immune system ; AVP ;</p>		<p>eg early onset of puberty</p>
(d)	<p><i>idea that might encourage underage sex ;</i> <i>idea that might encourage promiscuity ;</i> <i>idea that some cultures / religions may object to a vaccine against a sexually transmitted disease ;</i> might reduce uptake for cervical cancer screening / AW ; may have unknown, side / long term, effect ; discriminates against boys ; (because) HPV may cause cancer in boys ;</p>	2	<p>IGNORE reference to parental consent being required since this is true of all childhood vaccination programmes</p>
(e)	<p>viruses <u>mutate</u> frequently OR viral antigen(s) change <i>idea that the existing vaccine will not protect against the new virus</i> OR most people will have no immunity to a new virus ;</p>	2	<p>DO NOT CREDIT in the context of antibiotic or drug resistance CREDIT 'we do not have a vaccine against the new virus' CREDIT description of immunity such as having 'correct' antibodies CREDIT 'little immunity in the population'</p>
	Total	13	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6 (a) (i)	<p>highest mortality in Black (Americans) ; lower mortality in, Asian / Pacific Islanders / Hispanic ; higher mortality in men / lower mortality in women ; pair of comparative figs to support ;</p>	3	<p>Award for same gender in different ethnic groups or different genders within the same ethnic group with correct units (per 100 000) for the mortality</p>
(ii)	<p>smoking ; genetic predisposition to CHD ; obesity ; high consumption of, high fat / fast / junk / processed, food ; high salt in the diet ; diabetes ; high blood pressure / hypertension ; high cholesterol ; lack of / AW, exercise ; stress ; low uptake of treatment;</p>	4	<p>Mark the first 4 suggestions IGNORE ref to age ACCEPT idea of family history or heredity IGNORE ref to 'diet' unqualified</p>
(b)	<p><u>fatty deposits</u> – <u>atheroma</u> ; <u>chest pain</u> – <u>angina</u> (pectoris) ; <u>heart attack</u> – <u>myocardial infarction</u> ;</p>	3	<p>ACCEPT an example e.g. refusal to take statins</p>
	Total	10	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
1 Hills Road
Cambridge
CB1 2EU

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998

Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations
is a Company Limited by Guarantee
Registered in England
Registered Office; 1 Hills Road, Cambridge, CB1 2EU
Registered Company Number: 3484466
OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
Head office
Telephone: 01223 552552
Facsimile: 01223 552553

© OCR 2013

