

Thursday 16 May 2013 – Afternoon

GCSE HUMANITIES

B031/01 Cross-curricular themes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:
None

Other materials required:
None

Duration: 2 hours



Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
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Centre number						Candidate number				
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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **100**.
- You will be awarded marks in questions 1(c), 2(c), 3(c), 4(c) and 5(b) for the quality of written communication of your answer.
- This document consists of **24** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Section A

Answer **all** the questions.

1 Issues of Citizenship

(a) State **three** facts about:

(i) Ballot

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..... **[3]**

(ii) Proportional representation

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(b) Study Document A and answer the questions that follow.

Document A

Human Rights Abuses

About 60 million people have been killed or injured in wars and human rights abuses since 1945. The number of victims is still rising. Most people agree that some issues such as torture, unfair trials and illegal executions are human rights abuses.

There is much less agreement on the cost of AIDS drugs for Africa or child labour. This is because money is behind some human rights issues. This can be seen in the argument over the price of AIDS drugs in Africa. These cost too much for many Africans to be able to buy them. Despite the suffering and death this leads to, multinational drug companies do not want to cut prices.

Many children around the world have to work to help provide for their family instead of going to school. The family's need for money is greater than the child's right to childhood. As children get less pay than adults, what they earn is not enough to make a big difference to their family. Some employers benefit by exploiting this cheap labour.

(i) From Document A, state **two** issues most people would agree are human rights abuses.

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..... [2]

(ii) From Document A, state **two** human rights issues which are related to money.

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..... [2]

- (c) 'If governments really want to encourage people to be active citizens they should use referenda to find out what the public thinks before putting their policies into practice.'

Explain the arguments for and against the use of referenda in the UK political system.

In your answer you could refer to:

- the impact on the importance of Parliament
- the impact on voter turnout of more frequent referenda
- the impact on government policy of consulting the electorate between elections
- the impact of allowing voters to give an opinion on major issues

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Section B

Answer **all** the questions.

2 Issues of Economic Wellbeing and Financial Capability

(a) State **three** facts about:

(i) Negotiation

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(ii) Arbitration

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(b) Study Document B and answer the questions that follow.

Document B

Employment in the UK

Since 1900 the number of people working in the primary and secondary sectors of the UK economy has consistently gone down. The number of workers in the tertiary sector has consistently gone up.

Year	% employed in primary and secondary sectors	% employed in tertiary sector
1900	89	11
1950	77	23
2000	24	76
2010	19	81

As the number of people employed in the primary and secondary sectors has gone down the amount they produce has also gone down, but not to the same extent. In agriculture, a primary sector industry, yields have risen with the use of better seeds and new technology. Automation and more flexible work practices have kept secondary output higher than might have been expected.

Since the 1950s, over 6 million jobs have disappeared from the primary and secondary sectors. The growth of the tertiary sector has provided 11 million jobs.

(i) From Document B, state **two** reasons why output in the primary sector has been higher than might have been expected with the fall in the number of workers.

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..... [2]

(ii) From Document B, state **two** reasons why the large fall in the number of workers in the secondary sector after 1950 did not lead to a dramatic fall in production.

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Section C

Answer **all** the questions.

3 Environmental Issues

(a) State **three** facts about:

(i) Recycling

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..... [3]

(ii) Environmental footprint

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(b) Study Document C and answer the questions that follow.

Document C

A Timeline of Climate Change

1753	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) identified
1827	Greenhouse effect identified
1896	The relationship between atmospheric carbon dioxide and temperature identified
1890–1940	Average global temperature rise of 0.25 degrees centigrade
1940–1970	Average global temperature fall of 0.2 degrees centigrade
1957	Start of regular measurement of world carbon dioxide levels showing they are rising year-by-year causes scientific concern
1967	Early computer simulations predicted a global rise of up to 1.2 degrees centigrade over the next 50 years depending on carbon dioxide levels
1979	The first world climate conference sets up the World Climate Programme

(i) From Document C, state **two** rising temperature measurements that support the idea of climate change in the 20th Century.

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(ii) From Document C, state **two** reasons why the World Climate Programme was set up in 1979.

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Section D

Answer **all** the questions.

4 Religious and Moral Issues

(a) State **three** facts about:

(i) Natural evil

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..... [3]

(ii) Moral evil

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(b) Study Document D and answer the questions that follow.

Document D

Religious attitudes to divorce

Most religions either do not like divorce or do not allow it. However, marriage is a legal agreement as well as a religious ceremony. Even if a religion forbids divorce, the law can still allow a couple to divorce.

Most Christian churches do not approve of divorce but most will allow divorce under certain conditions.

The Hindu, Buddhist and Sikh religions do not have the concept of divorce. A person following these religions cannot divorce.

Muslims believe that Allah will allow divorce but it is the most hated of all lawful things in Islam.

Judaism has always accepted divorce as a fact of life believing it is better for a couple to divorce than to remain together in a failed marriage.

(i) From Document D, state **two** organisations which may play a part in divorce proceedings.

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(ii) From Document D, state **two** religions which do not allow divorce.

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Section E

Answer all the questions.

5 Issues of Health and Welfare

(a) Study Documents E and F and answer the questions that follow.

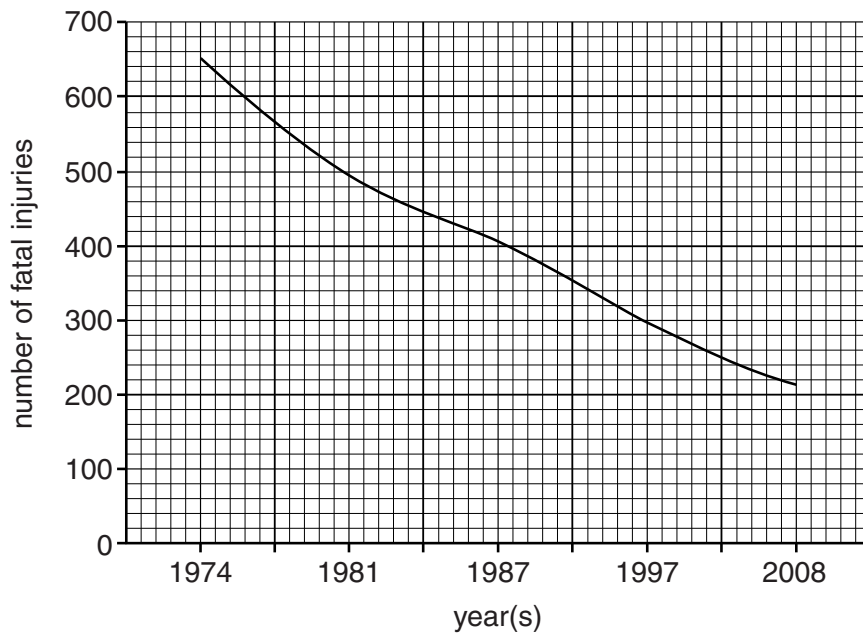
Document E

The causes of fatal injuries at work in Great Britain

There has been a change in the number of workers killed at work since the 1970s. There could be a number of reasons for this:

- increased awareness of risk by employers and employees
- increased training in safe working
- safer machinery
- chance

Fatal injuries to workers in Great Britain



(i) Using Document E, state the trend in the number of fatal injuries at work from 1974 to 2008.

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(ii) Using Document E, state **two** possible reasons for the change in the number of deaths at work.

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..... [2]

Document F

Health and Safety at Work Statistics 2008/9

Ill health

1.2 million people who worked during the last year were suffering from an illness they believed was caused or made worse by work.

Fatal and major injuries

180 workers were killed at work, 131 895 other injuries were reported.

Working days lost

29.3 million days were lost in total (1.24 days per worker).

Health and Safety targets

The Health and Safety targets are to reduce:

- the rate of work-related ill health by 20% between 2000 and 2010
- the rate of fatal and major injury by 10% between 2000 and 2010
- the number of working days lost per worker due to work-related injury and ill health by 30% between 2000 and 2010

Health and Safety targets: progress to 2008/9

Ill health:	probably not on target
Fatal and major injuries:	on target
Days lost per worker:	probably on target.

(iii) Using Document F, state the number of days lost by each worker on health and safety issues.

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(iv) Using Document F, state the **two** health and safety targets that may be reached by 2010.

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..... [2]

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional answer space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.

A large area of lined paper for writing. It consists of horizontal dotted lines spaced evenly down the page. A vertical solid line runs down the left side of the page, creating a margin. The lines extend across the width of the page, leaving a small gap between the vertical line and the right edge.

A large rectangular area with a solid vertical line on the left side and horizontal dotted lines extending across the page, providing a space for writing answers.



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