

GCE

Biology

Advanced GCE

Unit F214: Communication, Homeostasis & Energy

Mark Scheme for June 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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1. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
V	Correct answer
×	Incorrect response
100	Benefit of doubt
	No benefit of doubt
1492	Error carried forward
	Given mark
~~	Underline (for ambiguous/contradictory wording)
^	Omission mark
I	Ignore
	Correct response (for a QWC question)
2003	QWC* mark awarded

2. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

ALLOW alternative wording throughout, as long as the essence of the mark point remains.

In some questions (especially Q1(b), Q3(a), Q3(c) and Q5(c)(i)) candidates have been given information or data that they have to explain or discuss. In such questions they cannot score marks by simply lifting text or figures from the information given in the question.

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)	(i)		3	Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			A cytoplasm;		A ACCEPT cytosol IGNORE myelin
			B cell surface (plasma) membrane / neurone / neurilemma / axon / dendron ;		B IGNORE nerve DO NOT CREDIT cell body
			C nucleus (of Schwann cell);		
1	(a)	(ii)		1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the
			node(s) of Ranvier;		correct answer then = 0 marks
1	(b)		in myelinated neurones	4	
			1 conduction fast <u>er</u> in myelinated neurone; ora		1 must be a comparative statement and not from figs alone
			depolarisation / action potential , can only occur where (voltage-gated / Na ⁽⁺⁾) channels present;		2 IGNORE ref to nodes of Ranvier (as they should be using information in Q)
			3 idea that myelinated neurones have long(er) sections with no, (voltage-gated / Na ⁽⁺⁾) channels present;		e.g. (only) 0.2% of the myelinated neurone has voltage-gated Na channels ACCEPT channels are further apart in myelinated
			ion , movement / transfer , can only take place at the gaps / nodes ; ora		This is a general mark for Na+ or K ⁺ movement, regardless of direction
			5 longer local circuits / fewer local circuits;		5 ACCEPT 'currents' for 'circuits'
			6 saltatory conduction / action potential jumps from node to node; ora		6 ACCEPT 'gap' for 'node' ACCEPT jumping between nodes

F214 Mark Scheme June 2013

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(c)	(i)		1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			exocytosis;		IGNORE secretion
1	(c)	(ii)	synaptic knob / synaptic bulb / presynaptic membrane;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT bouton ACCEPT presynaptic knob IGNORE vesicle DO NOT CREDIT synapse
1	(c)	(iii)	vesicle cannot fuse with cell membrane <u>and</u> acetylcholine not secreted;	2 max	1 ACCEPT bind / attach , for fuse (see diagram)
			<pre>protease / enzyme / toxin / it ,</pre>		2 ACCEPT acts on / digests / breaks down , for 'hydrolyses'
			3 (because of hydrolysis) VAMP (protein) cannot bind to SNARE (complex);		3 ACCEPT attach / join / lock , for 'bind' IGNORE fuse DO NOT CREDIT in context of , inhibition / denaturation
			4 microtubules broken down so vesicle cannot move towards membrane ;		
			Total	12	

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)		1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			(thermoregulatory centre in) hypothalamus;		ACCEPT hyperthalamus
2	(a)	(ii)		1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			thermoreceptor / peripheral temperature receptor;		IGNORE 'heat' / 'sensory cell'
2	(a)	(iii)		1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			negative feedback / thermoregulation;		IGNORE homeostasis
2	(b)	(i)		1	If the answer is correct and an additional letter is given that is incorrect then = 0 marks
			M and N and P;		All 3 correct letters required for one mark IGNORE J
2	(b)	(ii)		1	If the answer is correct and an additional letter is given then = 0 marks
			K <u>and</u> O;		Both correct letters required for one mark
2	(b)	(iii)		1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional letter is given that is incorrect then = 0 marks
			L;		ACCEPT J

F214 Mark Scheme June 2013

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(b)	(iv)	N;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional letter is given then = 0 marks
2	(c)	(i)	Look for ref to , heat loss / cooling , at any point in the answer before awarding any marks large surface area (to lose heat); (thin) so , blood flows / (named) blood vessel are ,	2 max	DO NOT CREDIT evaporation of heat IGNORE ref to sweating ACCEPT SA:Vol
2	(c)	(ii)	Needs to be in the context of reducing heat loss from the blood blood loses less heat because ,	1	DO NOT CREDIT prevents / stops , blood flowing to feet ACCEPT 'extremities' for 'feet' IGNORE ref to vasoconstriction of peripheral arterioles DO NOT CREDIT vasoconstriction of shunt vessels IGNORE ref to countercurrent (as not answering Q)
			Total	10	

C	uesti	on		Answer	Marks		Guidance
3	(a)		1	large molecules / proteins / blood cells ,	4 max	1	Needs more than a figs ref DO NOT CREDIT through , cells / membranes DO NOT CREDIT ref to erythrocytes being large molecules or proteins ACCEPT capillary / glomerulus , for 'blood'
			2	endothelium / fenestrations / basement membrane , prevents , large molecules / erythrocytes , reaching , renal / Bowmans capsule ;		2	Needs ref to entering Bowmans capsule to explain data in table DO NOT CREDIT basal membrane
			3	<u>all</u> glucose / glucose completely , reabsor bed at the , proximal convoluted tubule / PCT ;		3	Needs to be a clear statement, not from figs DO NOT CREDIT distal convoluted tubule / DCT
			4	all amino acids / amino acids completely , reabsorbed at the , proximal convoluted tubule / PCT;		4	Needs to be a clear statement, not from figs DO NOT CREDIT distal convoluted tubule / DCT
			5	(some / not all) ions , reabsorbed / move into blood (at any part of , nephron / tubule);		5	ACCEPT ref to named ions IGNORE salts DO NOT CREDIT if stated that all ions are reabsorbed
		6	6	urea / ion , <u>concentration</u> increases (between filtrate and urine) because , movement (of urea / ion) into tubule / water removed ;		6	Must be a clear specific statement and not part of a list Reason must refer only to water removal
			QV	VC – technical terms used appropriately and spelled correctly;	1	er ba re Ple fol	ndothelium / endothelial fenestration(s) asement membrane Bowmans capsule eabsorb (or derived term) proximal convoluted tubule ease insert a QWC symbol next to the pencil icon, lowed by a tick (✓) if QWC has been awarded or a cross (×) if QWC has not been awarded ou should use the green dot to identify the QWC terms at you are crediting.

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(b)	(i)	idea that (high creatinine concentration indicates) reduced function because, less filtration / low GFR;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks Answer must include statement about lack of 'working' or 'functioning' of kidney as well as some reference to reduced filtration IGNORE ref to creatinine or creatine ACCEPT ref to no filtration DO NOT CREDIT ref to creatinine causing kidney damage
3	(b)	(ii)	55;;	2	Correct answer = 2 marks If the answer is incorrect, award 1 mark for working: 82 x 1.73
3	(b)	(iii)	stage 3 <u>and</u> moderate reduction (in kidney function);	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks Needs to quote the effect on the kidney stated in the table. If the answer is incorrect, then look at the candidate's answer to Q3(b)(ii) (scroll down – it's situated below this answer) and CREDIT a stage that correctly follows on from candidate's answer to (ii) as ecf.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3 (c)	general 1 idea that people should have a right to choose (freely) what to do with their kidney; perceived donor advantages 2 idea that donors / donors' families,	3 max	
	Total	12	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)			4	Mark the first answer on each prompt line. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			endocrine;		
			islets of Langerhans;		ACCEPT 'isles' / 'eyelets' (as phonetic) DO NOT CREDIT 'islands'
			glycogen;		spelling must be correct
			glycogenolysis;		spelling must be unambiguous IGNORE hydrolysis
	(b)	(i)		1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			adrenaline / epinephrine / noradrenaline / norepinephrine ;		ACCEPT thyroxine / (named) corticosteroid
		(ii)	impulses along parasympathetic nerve / impulses along vagus nerve / nerve endings releasing acetycholine;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks Ref to structure alone is not good enough CREDIT 'stimulation' / 'action potentials' , for 'impulses along' ACCEPT 'activates' / 'uses' , parasympathetic / vagus , nerve DO NOT CREDIT 'messages' / 'signals' / 'information'
			Total	6	

C	uesti	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	cytoplasm (of cell);	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT cytosol
	ļ.,	(11)			•
5	(a)	(ii)		3 max	Marks can be awarded from a diagram
			1 phosphorylation of glucose;		1 DO NOT CREDIT substrate level phosphorylation
			2 so forming hexose (1,6) bisphosphate;		2 IGNORE glucose-6-phosphate / fructose-6-phosphate CREDIT fructose(-1,6-)bisphosphate ACCEPT hexose biphosphate DO NOT CREDIT hexose diphosphate
			3 (then) splitting into / formation of , two / 2 , triose phosphate(s) / TP;		3 IGNORE hydrolysis DO NOT CREDIT if ATP or NAD or red NAD involved in conversion of hexose bisphosphate to TP
			4 (for formation of pyruvate) dehydrogenation / oxidation / formation of reduced NAD;		4 ACCEPT formation of , NADH ₂ / NADH (+H ⁺) / red NAD DO NOT CREDIT NADPH ₂ / NADPH (+H ⁺) DO NOT CREDIT hydrogen ion without electron / H ₂
			5 pyruvate produced (from , TP / (3C) intermediate);		, to go to the same of the sam
			6 total production 4 ATP / net production of 2 ATP;		6 Needs to be a clear statement
			QWC – technical terms used appropriately and spelled correctly;	1	Use of three terms (including from a flow chart) from: phosphorylation (or derived term) glucose hexose (1,6) bisphosphate triose phosphate dehydrogenation OR oxidation (or derived terms) pyruvate Please insert a QWC symbol next to the pencil icon, followed by a tick () if QWC has been awarded or a cross (×) if QWC has not been awarded You should use the green dot to identify the QWC terms that you are crediting.</td

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(b)			4	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			W ethanal;		W Correct spelling only DO NOT CREDIT ethanol
			X carbon dioxide / CO ₂ ;		X DO NOT CREDIT CO ² / CO
			Y reduced NAD;		Y ACCEPT NADH ₂ / NADH ⁽⁺⁾ (+H ⁺) / red NAD DO NOT CREDIT NADPH ₂ / NADPH ⁽⁺⁾ (+H ⁺) / red NADP
			Z NAD ⁽⁺⁾ ;		Z DO NOT CREDIT NADP
5	(c)	(i)		2	CREDIT ora for all mark points
			1 A / alkaline , produced less alcohol (than the control) at all times ;		ora e.g. control always produced more alcohol than A
			2 V / Vateria, produced less alcohol (than the control), at 30 <u>and</u> 45 <u>and</u> 60 hours / from 30 hours / after 15 hours		
			or V / Vateria had the same alcohol as the control at 15 hours;		
			3 C / Careya, produced less alcohol (than the control) at 30 and 45 hours		
			or C / Careya, produced more alcohol (than the control) at 15 <u>and</u> 60 hours;		

F214 Mark Scheme June 2013

C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	(c)	(ii)	at 60 hours V has fewer yeast cells (which would ferment the sugar) or	1	IGNORE ref to a compound inhibiting production of alcohol in V Must be clear statements, not implied by the use of figs
			only a small number of bacteria in V are, fermenting the sugar / producing alcohol or the , type / species , of bacteria in V are not, fermenting the sugar / producing alcohol or		IGNORE 'V has fewer bacteria' without ref to fermentation
			most / all / type of , bacteria in C are , fermenting the sugar / producing alcohol;		IGNORE 'C has more bacteria' without ref to fermentation
5	(c)	(iii)	A / (weak) alkaline (solution); (A has the least contamination as) it has very few bacteria and little alcohol;	2	ONLY CREDIT in context of treatment A
			Total	14	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	(a)		rubisco;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
6	(b)			1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			ATP / reduced NADP;		DO NOT CREDIT oxygen (as it is not used in the light independent reaction)
6	(c)			1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			glycerate-3-phosphate / GP / triose phosphate / TP;		
6	(d)		amino acid;	1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
	, ,		,		
6	(e)			1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			ribulose bisphosphate / RuBP ;		ACCEPT ribulose biphosphate
6	(f)			1	Mark the first answer. If the answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks
			oxygen;		DO NOT CREDIT ATP / reduced NADP (as they are used in the light independent reaction)
			Total	6	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) 1 Hills Road Cambridge **CB1 2EU**

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Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

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