



GCSE (9–1) Biology B (Twenty First Century Science)



J257/01 Breadth in biology (Foundation Tier)

Sample Question Paper

Date – Morning/Afternoon

Version 2.1

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

You may use: • a scientific or graphical calculator	



First name	
Last name	
Centre number	Candidate number

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Complete the boxes above with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Additional paper may be used if required but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document consists of 28 pages.



Answer **all** the questions.

1	(a)	ln hu	ımans, sex is det	ermined by ch	romosomes.		
			e down the combales and males.	oination of sex	chromosomes ir	the body ce	lls of
		Fem	nales		M	ales	[1]
	(b)		lligators, sex is d lised eggs are in		the temperature a	at which the	
			The data below in alligators.	shows the effe	ect of temperature	e on sex dete	ermination
			Temperature (°C)	Number of females	Percentage of females (%)	Number of males	Percentage of males (%)
			30	0	0	15	100
			31	7	46.7	8	53.3
			32	9		6	
			33	15	100	0	0
			when the eggs a	are incubated		ned as males	s and females
			Females		% Male	s	% [2]
		(ii)	What can be condetermination in		the effect of temp	perature on s	sex

		3	
(c)	(i)	Alligators eat fish, birds, turtles and snakes.	
		These foods are high in protein.	
		Put a tick (✓) in the box that describes what proteins are made of.	
		Amino acids	
		Fatty acids	
		Glycerol	
		Sugars	[1]
	(ii)	Describe a test that could be used to show if these foods contain protein.	
			[3]
(d)	(i)	Alligators are unable to control their own internal temperature. They rely on external sources of heat to regulate their body temperature.	
		Alligators are most active at 33 °C.	
		Put a tick (✓) in the box that best explains why.	
		There will be more collisions between enzymes and substrates so reactions will happen faster.	
		The enzymes will be denatured so reactions will slow down.	
		There will be fewer collisions between enzymes and substrates so the reactions will happen slower.	
		There will be no collisions between enzymes and substrates so no reactions will happen.	[1]

(11)	Humans are able to control their internal temperature.	
	Describe the appearance of human skin when the temperature drops.	
(iii)	Humans need to be able to maintain a constant environment within their bodies, within very narrow limits.	
	What is this called?	
		[1]

5

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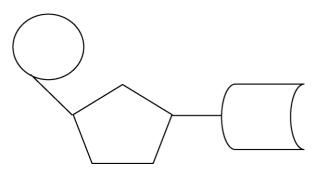
TURN OVER FOR THE NEXT QUESTION

2 (a) (i) DNA is a polymer made of nucleotides.

Each nucleotide is made of three parts:

- A phosphate group
- A base
- A sugar

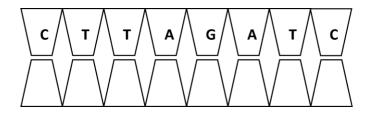
Label the phosphate group on the nucleotide below.



[1]

(ii) DNA has four different bases: A, T, C and G.

Use these four bases to complete the base sequence of the complementary strand of DNA.



Complementary strand

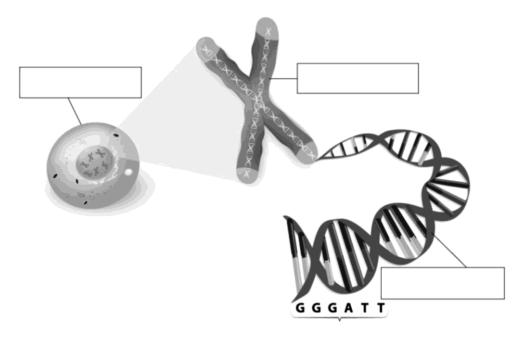
[1]

(b) The diagram below shows how genetic material is organised.

Choose a word from the list to label each structure.

base pair cell chromosome DNA nucleus gene

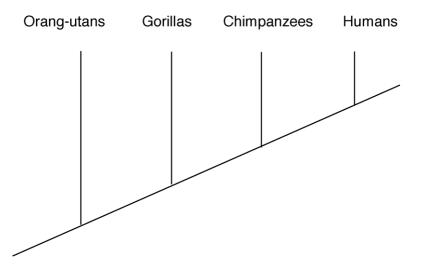
Add the correct word in the boxes.



[3]

DNA has been used to help classify organisms. The more DNA that we (c) (i) have in common with another species, the more closely related we are to them.

This relationship can be shown in a diagram.



Which species are humans most closely related to?

.....[1]

(ii) Scientists think chimpanz	ees are intelligent animals.						
Which part of the brain is associated with intelligence?							
Put a tick (✓) in the corr	Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.						
Brain stem							
Cerebral cortex							
Cerebellum							
Hypothalamus		[1]					

(d) (i) The nervous system consists of billions of neurons.

An electrical impulse can travel down a neuron at different speeds.

Neuron	Length (m)	Time taken for impulse to travel (s)	Speed (m/s)
Α	1.3	0.027	48.15
В	1.3	0.014	
С	0.8	0.022	

Calculate the speed of the electrical impulse travelling down neuron ${\bf B}$ and neuron ${\bf C}.$

Neuron B speed = m/s	
Neuron C speed = m/s	[2]

	9			
(ii) One	of these neurons has a fatty substance wrapped around its axon.			
Whi	Which neuron, A, B or C, has a fatty substance wrapped around its axon?			
Use	data from the table in (d)(i) to justify your choice.			
Neu	ıron			
Just	tification			
		[2]		
	ex arc, the components of the nervous system work together. er of these components is important.			
The seq	The sequence is described below but the events are in the wrong order.			
1.	1. A sensory neuron sends an impulse to a relay neuron.			
2.	An effector produces a response.			
3.	A receptor detects a stimulus.			
4.	A motor neuron sends an impulse to an effector.			
Place th	e events in the correct order using the numbers.			
The first	event has been done for you.			
	3	[2]		

Jack grows tomatoes in his greenhouse.

3

(a) (i)	Jack needs to water his tomato plants regularly.		
	The water will be moved through the tomato plant by the xylem	۱.	
	Which sentence best explains how the xylem is adapted to its f	function?	
	Put one tick (✓) in the correct box.		
	Companion cells contain mitochondria to release energy.		
	Perforated plates allow movement between cells.		
	Cells are joined end to end with no connecting cell walls.		
	Cells are joined end to end and contain cytoplasm		[1]

(ii) It is a lovely summer's day in Jack's greenhouse.

Various factors affect the rate of photosynthesis including:

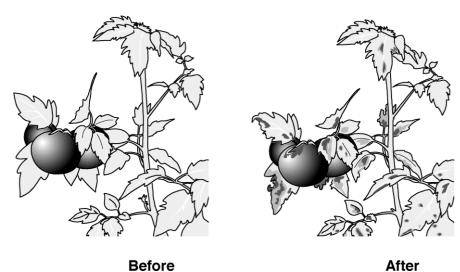
- light intensity
- temperature
- carbon dioxide concentration.

Which **one** of the factors above is likely to limit the rate of photosynthesis of Jack's tomato plants?

Explain your	answer.		
		 	[3]

(b) (i) One morning Jack notices that the leaves of his plant look different.

The tomato plant has a disease called blight.



Suggest how blight may affect the plant.

		(ii) Pesticides can be used to try to kill plant diseases such as blight on tomato plants.					
		State one way th	at a plant o	can natural	ly defend	itself against pathogens.	
							[1]
	(c)	Fill in the gaps in the	paragraph	below with	the best	term from the list.	
		chromosomes	gene	es im	mune	natural selection	
		offspring	j re:	sistant	select	tive breeding	
		Awheat breeder notic attacked by a fungus.		me of his w	heat plan	ts do not die when	
		These plants are		to the	fungus. H	e uses these plants to	
		breed from and selec	ts from the	ir		. to breed the next	
		generation. This is an	example	of			[3]
(d)	(i)	Some human disease	es are not	caused by i	microorga	nisms but are inherited.	
		Cystic fibrosis is an e by a recessive allele.	xample of	a disease t	hat is inhe	erited. It is caused	
		Cystic fibrosis all	eles: F	= dominar	nt f = r	ecessive	
		Which of the following by cystic fibrosis?	g genotype	s would re	sult in the	person being affected	
		Put a tick (✓) in the c	correct box				
		FF					
		Ff					
		fF					
		ff					[1]

(ii) Two parents have a genotype Ff.

Work out the probability of them having a child with cystic fibrosis.

$\begin{tabular}{c|c} \hline & Mother \\ \hline & F & f \\ \hline & F & \\ \hline & Father & \\ \hline & f & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

Probability =.....[2]

4 A group of students want to investigate the effect of temperature on living things.

They do an experiment on Daphnia (water fleas).



Daphnia

Daphnia are very small organisms. The students view the Daphnia using a light microscope.

It is possible to observe the heart of the *Daphnia* beating using the microscope.

- The group place *Daphnia* in water at different temperatures.
- They look at the effect of different temperatures on the heart rate of the *Daphnia*.

Their results are shown below.

Temperature	Heart rate of <i>Daphnia</i> (beats per minute)				:e)
(°C)	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	Mean
17	25	22	25	24	24
20	27	27	25	25	26
23	30	30	30	34	31
25	33	57	36	39	36

	What conclusion can the students draw about their experiment?	(a)
[1]		

(b)	The students used a Bunsen burner to maintain the temperature of the water that the <i>Daphnia</i> were kept in.	
	Explain why this is not a good method and suggest an improvement.	
	[2]
(c)	Daphnia are living organisms.	
	What might be an ethical concern with this experiment?	
	[1]
(d)	The students could see the <i>Daphnia</i> 's heart beating.	
	In humans the heart forms part of the circulatory system.	
	What role does the heart play in a circulatory system?	
	[1]
(e)	Which organ is responsible for maintaining the water balance of the blood?	
	Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.	
	Heart	
	Kidneys	
	Lungs	
	Skin	[1]
(f)	The skin contains stem cells. Stem cells are unspecialised cells.	
	How does this make them useful to scientists?	
	[2]

(g) Cells contain mitochond	ırıa.
-----------------------------	-------

What is the	function	of the	mitocho	ndria in	the cell?

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the correct box.

Control entry and exit of substances into the cell	
Responsible for photosynthesis	
Make ATP	
Store genetic information	[1]

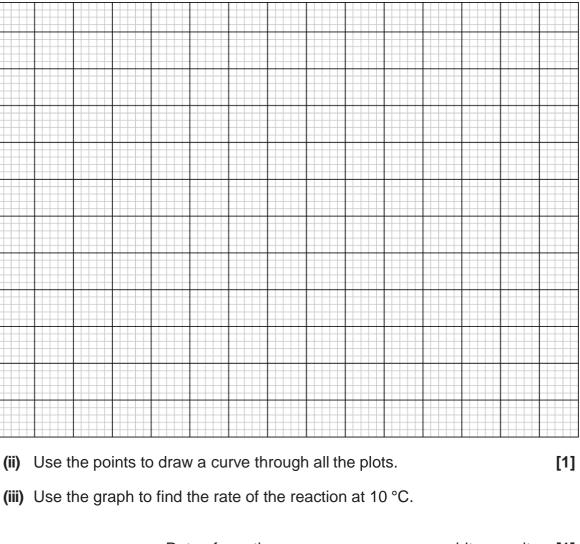
(h) Mitochondria contain enzymes.

A student investigates the effect of temperature on the rate of a reaction involving an enzyme in the mitochondria.

His results are shown below.

Temperature (°C)	Rate of reaction (arbitrary units)
0	0
20	10
30	20
40	40
50	10
60	0

(i) Plot the results in the table on the grid below.



Rate of reaction = arbitrary units [1]

[3]

(iv) The student does not think that the results give an accurate measurement for the optimum temperature.

Suggest a further investigation that the student could do to increase the accuracy of the results.

.....[1]

5	(a)	(i)	HIV is an infe	ection which causes a	weakened immune system.
			State two wa	ys of passing HIV fro	m one person to another.
			1		
			2		[2]
		(ii)	People with H	HIV are at risk from o	pportunistic infections.
			These inf	fections take advanta	ge of a weakened immune system.
				t threatening infections than 200.	ns occur when the person has a CD4
			Four individua	als with HIV had their	CD4 count measured.
			Individual	CD4 count	
			1	500	
			2	210	
			3	160	
			4	175	
				ividuals in order of the opportunistic infection	ose with the greatest risk of on.
			most ri	 sk	least risk [1]
	(b)	Tub	erculosis is ar	n example of an oppo	rtunistic infection.
		14 (until 2005.	tion was given to all	JK children between the ages of 10 and stopped.
		Wh	,	overnment stop vacci	nating a population?
					[1]

(c)	When bacteria enter the body, they multiply.	
	The body launches an immune response.	

Name the type of proteins that the body produces to attack the multiplying bacteria?

Put a tick (✓)	in the o	correct box	
----------------	----------	-------------	--

Antibodies			
Antigens			
Antibiotics			
Enzymes			[1]

(d) Some diseases are multifactorial diseases. This means that many factors contribute to their cause. Cardiovascular disease is an example.

Age and gender are known risk factors for coronary heart disease.

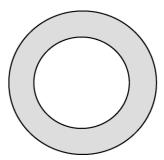
The data in the table below shows the number of deaths from this disease in 2007 in the UK.

Age (years)	Number of deaths in males	Number of deaths in females
Under 35	129	27
35 – 44	783	183
45 – 54	2 679	578
55 – 64	6 687	1 779
65 – 74	11 335	4 987

on the risk of death from cardiovascular	

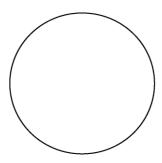
(e) (i) Many factors increase the risk of developing cardiovascular disease.

When Ali was a young boy, a section through a coronary artery (that supplies blood to the heart muscle) looked like this:



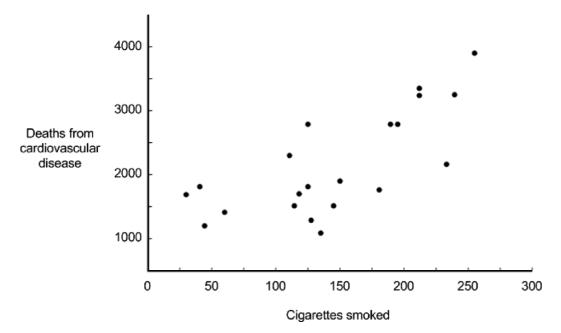
Ali has eaten a high fat diet for many years.

Complete the diagram below to show what Ali's coronary artery is likely to look like now.



[2]

(ii) Cigarette smoking can increase the risk of developing cardiovascular disease but does **not** necessarily lead to it.



Identify the type of correlation shown in the graph.

гa 1
 ַנין

(iii) Ali smoked 40 cigarettes a day and died of old age when he was 95 years old.

Explain why this **cannot** be used as convincing evidence of a correlation between the risk of smoking cigarettes and developing cardiovascular

disease.	
	101

				22			
6			s feeling unwell ar nronic Fatigue Syr	nd feels very tired. H ndrome (CFS).	ler doctor thinks t	hat she may	
	(a)	CF	S is difficult to dia	gnose.			
			ore diagnosis, doo a blood test.	ctors rule out a cond	dition called anaer	mia by carrying	ļ
		A b	lood test checks t	he number of blood	cells in Sarah's b	lood.	
		(i)	What is the role	of red blood cells?			
							[′
		(ii)	Extreme tirednes	ss is one symptom o	of CFS.		
			The table shows	the results of Sarah	n's blood test.		
				Red blood cell (per mm ³)	White blood cell (per mm ³)	Platelets (per mm ³)	
			Normal level	3 800 000	8 500	250 000	
			Sarah	2 700 000	9 000	245 000	
			tiredness.	results in the table s			
							• • • • • • •

.....

.....[3]

Calculate the surface area: volume ratio of a red blood cell.

Give your answer to **two** significant figures.

Show your working.

(iii) The table below shows some information about red blood cells and cheek cells taken from a human.

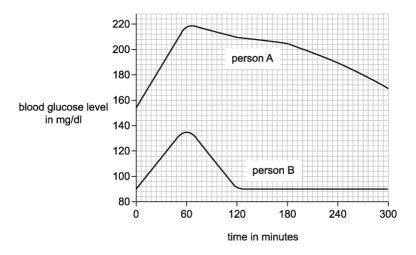
	Red blood cell	Cheek cell
Surface area (µm²)	136	7854
Volume (μm³)	90	65 450
Surface area : volume ratio		0.12 : 1

	Surface area : volume ratio =	.[1]
(iv)	Red blood cells have a greater surface area : volume ratio than cheek cells.	
	Explain how this allows red blood cells to carry out their function.	
		ניו
(v)	The doctor will check to see if Sarah has an underactive thyroid gland as this could also make her feel tired.	
	The thyroid gland produces a hormone.	
	What is the role of a hormone?	
		[1]

(b) (i) Insulin is a hormone produced by the pancreas.

The graph below shows data from two people who were given a sugary drink.

Their blood sugar level was recorded every 60 minutes from when they had the drink.



There are two types of diabetes – type 1 and type 2.

- Person A has type 2 diabetes.
- Person B does not have diabetes.

Describe how the graph shows this and explain why there is a difference in the blood sugar level.

(ii) The statements below apply to type 1 and type 2 diabetes.

Draw two lines to link the sentences to type 1 diabetes.

Type 1 diabetes

body no longer responds to the insulin produced

should eat a diet high in complex carbohydrates and exercise

will need to inject insulin

pancreas stops producing insulin

7 Limpets are molluscs that are found on rocky shores.



Limpet

A student wants to sample a rocky shore to work out if the population of limpets differs on different parts of the shore.

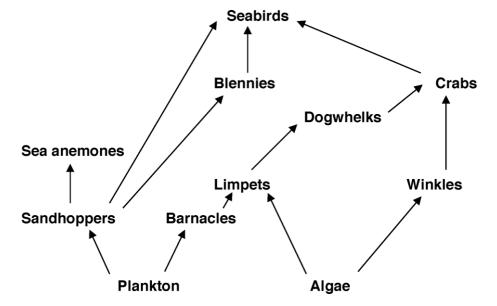
	Part of shore	Number of limpets	
	The results are shown in the	e table.	
` '	The student counted the nu shore.	mber of limpets on three parts of the rocky	
			[3
• •	Describe a method that the the rocky shore have more	student could use to find out which parts of limpets.	
	·		

Part of shore	Number of limpets			
	Test A	Test B	Test C	Mean
Low shore (closest to sea)	15	16	17	
Mid shore	45	47	49	
High shore (furthest away from sea)	2	1	8	

(i)	The student thinks that one of the results is an outlier.	
	Circle the outlier in the table above.	[1]
(ii)	Calculate the mean number of limpets found on the mid shore.	
	Show your working.	

Number	=	[2]	Į.

(c) This is a food web for the species that can live on a rocky shore.



Explain the impact of an increase in the number of dogwhelks on one species in this food web.
[2]
In some areas of the UK, dogwhelk numbers are decreasing. This reduces biodiversity.
Give two benefits of maintaining biodiversity.
1
2

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(d)

(e)	Se	a anemones can reproduce asexually.		
	Gi۱	re one advantage and one disadvantage of reprod	ducing asexually.	
	Ad	vantage		
	Dis	advantage		
				[4]
(f)	(i)	Sea anemones are mainly found in rock pools.		
		During the summer, the water temperature in a recan be dangerous for a sea anemone.	ock pool can increase. T	his
		Put a tick (\checkmark) in the box that best explains why this a problem.	his temperature increase	Э
		Enzyme catalysed reactions will speed up.		
		Enzyme catalysed reactions will slow down.		
		Enzymes will be killed.		
		Enzymes will become denatured.		[1]
	(ii)	When it rains, the concentration of the sea water in decreases.	in a rock pool	
		What effect will this change in concentration have cells?	e on a sea anemone's	
		Put a tick (✓) in the box next to the correct answ	er.	
		Some cells may burst.		
		Some cells may shrink.		
		There will be no change to the cells.		
		Some cells will burst. Other cells will shrink.		[1]

Summary of updates

Date	Version	Details
October 2021	2.1	Updated copyright acknowledgements.

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...day June 20XX - Morning/Afternoon

GCSE (9–1) Biology B (Twenty First Century Science) J257/01 Breadth in biology (Foundation Tier)

90

SAMPLE MARK SCHEME

Duration: 1 hour 45 minutes

MAXIMUM MARK

This document consists of 20 pages

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING

SCORIS

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: scoris assessor Online Training; OCR Essential Guide to Marking.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal http://www.rm.com/support/ca
- 3. Log-in to scoris and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 10 PRACTICE AND 10 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the scoris 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the scoris messaging system.

- Work crossed out:
 - a. where a candidate crosses out an answer and provides an alternative response, the crossed out response is not marked and gains no marks
 - b. if a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question and makes no second attempt, and if the inclusion of the answer does not cause a rubric infringement, the assessor should attempt to mark the crossed out answer and award marks appropriately.
- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
 - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
 - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
 - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question.

Note: Award 0 marks – for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).

- 8. The scoris **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the scoris messaging system, or email.
- Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the
 marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive
 criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

10. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

11. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Biology B:

	Assessment Objective			
AO1	AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.			
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.			
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.			
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.			
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.			
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.			
AO3	O3 Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.			
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.			
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.			
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.			
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.			
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.			
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.			
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.			
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.			
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.			

Question		ion	Answer Female XX, male XY ✓		AO element	Guidance Both answers need to be correct for one mark
1	1 (a)					
	(b)	(i)	Females 9 /15 x 100 = 60% ✓ Males 6 /15 x 100 = 40% ✓	2	2.2	
		(ii)	Any two from Temperatures 30°C and below all males ✓ Temperatures 33°C and above all females ✓ Temperatures in between 30°C and 33°C a mix of male and females ✓	2	3.2b	
	(c)	(i)	Amino acids ✓	1	1.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked
		(ii)	Add biuret solution ✓ Should turn from blue ✓ To purple if protein present ✓	3	1.2	ALLOW sodium / potassium hydroxide AND copper sulphate solutions

J257/01 Mark Scheme June 20XX

Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
(d)	(i)	There will be more collisions between enzymes and substrates so reactions will happen faster ✓	1	2.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked
	(ii)	 Goes pale ✓ Hairs stand up ✓ 	2	1.1	MP1 ALLOW description of vasoconstriction
	(iii)	Homeostasis ✓	1	1.1	

(Questi	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	Phosphate group ✓	1	1.1	
		(ii)	GAATCTAG ✓	1	1.1	Label is given next to any structure
	(b)		chromosome ✓	3	1.1	If more than one label is given next to any structure, do not award the mark even if the correct label is also given
	(c)	(i)	Chimpanzees ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	Cerebral cortex ✓	1	1.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked

Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
(d)	(i)	B : 36.36 ✓	2	2.2	DO NOT ALLOW answers not given to 2d.p.	
	(ii)	Neuron B ✓ Speeds up the time taken for the impulse to travel ✓	2	3.2a 1.1	IGNORE any reference to insulation	
(e)		(3) 1 4 2 🗸 🗸	2	1.1	1 mark for 4 after 1 1 mark for 2 after 4	

•	Questi	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	Cells are joined end to end with no connecting cell walls ✓	1	1.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked.
		(ii)	Any three from Carbon dioxide concentration ✓ As carbon dioxide concentration in air is very low ✓ Temperature will be high ✓ Light intensity will be high ✓	3	3.2a 1.1 ×2	1 mark for identification and 2 marks for explanation ALLOW quoted figures e.g. 0.03%
	(b)	(i)	Less photosynthesis ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW less light absorbed / plant stops growing
		(ii)	Any one from Physical e.g. cuticle / cell wall ✓ Antimicrobial chemicals ✓	1	1.1	
	(c)		Resistant ✓ Offspring ✓ Selective breeding ✓	3	1.1	
	(d)	(i)	ff ✓	1	2.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked

(Question		Answer			Marks	AO element	Guidance
	(ii)		square cor	rect ✓		2	2.2	ALLOW fF if given instead of Ff
				F	f			
			F	FF	Ff			
			f	Ff	ff			
		1/4 / 0.25	/ 25% ✓					

	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
4	(a)		As the temperature increases the heart rate increases ✓	1	3.2b	
	(b)		 Will be difficult to maintain at the correct temperature ✓ Use a thermostatically controlled water bath instead ✓ 	2	3.3b	MP2 IGNORE 'electronic' or 'electric' water bath
	(c)		They are living organisms, increasing the temperature too high could harm / kill them ✓	1	3.2a	
	(d)		Acts as a pump ✓	1	1.1	
	(e)		Kidneys ✓	1	1.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked
	(f)		They can specialise into other cells ✓ Could be used to treat disease ✓	2	1.1 2.1	
	(g)		Makes ATP ✓	1	1.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked
	(h)	(i)	 Plots correct +/- half a square ✓ Appropriate scale ✓ Axes correct and labelled ✓ 	3	1.2	MP3 DO NOT ALLOW axis labels without units
		(ii)	Line should be smooth and through all plots ✓	1	2.2	IGNORE extensions to the line beyond the plots
		(iii)	6 ✓	1	3.2a	ALLOW + / - 1 ALLOW an answer + / -1 correctly read from an incorrect plot
		(iv)	Do more intermediate temperatures ✓	1	3.3a	DO NOT ALLOW do more temperatures

	Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	Any two from Unprotected sex ✓ Sharing used needles ✓ Contaminated blood transfusions ✓	2	1.1	
		(ii)	3, 4, 2, 1 ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW 160, 175, 210, 500
	(b)		Any one from The incidence of the disease has dropped significantly ✓ If the vaccine is shown not to be effective ✓ Reference to cost outweighing benefit ✓	1	2.1	
	(c)		Antibodies ✓	1	1.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked
	(d)	(i)	Risk of death increases with age ✓ Risk is always greater in males ✓	2	3.2b	
	(e)	(i)	Content added to inside of blood vessel ✓ Artery wall of same thickness ✓	2	2.1	ALLOW 1 mark for a narrowed lumen with no indication of artery wall thickness
		(ii)	Positive ✓	1	2.2	
		(iii)	Is an individual case ✓ Would need a lot of results to see a pattern or trend ✓	2	2.1	

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
6	(a)	(i)) Transports oxygen ✓		1.1	ALLOW carries oxygen / carries carbon dioxide / transports carbon dioxide	
		(ii)	 Sarah has fewer red blood cells than normal so less oxygen is transported ✓ So less ATP is produced as there is less respiration ✓ Less ATP would result in Sarah feeling tired ✓ 	3	2.1	MP2 DO NOT ALLOW "less energy produced"	
		(iii)	136 / 90 = 1.5 : 1 ✓	1	2.2		
		(iv)	Increases rate of diffusion of oxygen into cell ✓	1	1.1		
		(v)	A (chemical) messenger ✓	1	1.1		
	(b)	(i)	Any one from Descriptions 1. Person B sugar level falls faster / person A sugar level falls more slowly ✓ 2. Person B sugar level falls back to starting level after just over 2 hours / Person A sugar level remains high ✓ Any one from Reasons why 3. Person A does not respond to the hormone / insulin produced to convert sugar to glycogen ✓ 4. Person B produces a hormone / insulin in response to the rise in blood sugar and this pages a sellent a sequent the sugar to	2	3.1a 2.1	Max 1 for description and max 1 for the reason why MPs 3 and 4 DO NOT ALLOW a reference to hormone response or lack of response without reference to the role of insuling	
					2.1		

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(ii)	Type 1 should eat a diet high in complex carbohydrates and exercise will need to inject insulin pancreas stops producing insulin	2	1.1	Award one mark for each correct line. However, if more than 2 lines are drawn, delete one mark for each incorrect line

Q	Question 7 (a)		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
7			Any three from Use a line transect AND quadrat ✓ Running from the sea up the shore ✓ To take many samples ✓ Repeat at different parts of the shore ✓		2.2	
	(b)	(i)	8 🗸	1	3.1a	
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE IF answer = 47 award 2 marks (45 + 47 + 49) / 3 ✓ 47 ✓	2	2.2	
	(c)		Limpets will decrease in numbers ✓ As more are eaten ✓ OR Crabs will increase in numbers ✓ As more food ✓	2	3.1a 2.1	ALLOW any correct species with correct explanation
	(d)		 Any two from 1. Idea of interdependence ✓ 2. Example of interdependence e.g. food / shelter / reproduction ✓ 3. Maintaining genetic diversity ✓ 4. May be required in the future for medicines ✓ 5. Maintains the stability of the food web ✓ 	2	1.1	MP3 IGNORE 'genetic variation'

C	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
	(e)		 Advantage: (can be) fast / no need to find a mate ✓ Disadvantage: lack of genetic diversity / are all genetically identical ✓ 	2	1.1	MP2 ALLOW 'are clones' DO NOT ALLOW 'are all identical'
	(f)	(i)	Enzymes will become denatured ✓	1	2.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked
		(ii)	Some cells may burst ✓	1	2.1	If more than one box is ticked, do not award the mark even if the correct box is also ticked

Summary of updates

Date	Version	Change
May 2018	2	We've reviewed the look and feel of our papers through text, tone, language, images and formatting. For more information please see our assessment principles in our "Exploring our question papers" brochures on our website

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