

# Thursday 8 January 2015 - Morning

# LEVEL 2 AWARD THINKING AND REASONING SKILLS

**B901/01** Unit 1 Thinking and Reasoning Skills

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

**Duration:** 1 hour



Candidate forename					Candidate surname				
Centre numb	oer					Candidate nu	ımber		

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- Quality of written communication will be assessed in questions 9 and 10.
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



#### **SECTION A**

# You are advised to spend no more than 30 minutes on this Section.

#### It is worth 30 marks.

### Answer all the questions in this Section.

1 Consider the argument in the box below:

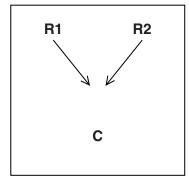
Schools should provide pens, paper and folders for all students. This would allow equality between students and it would prevent time being wasted at the beginning of lessons.

(a) Underline the conclusion.

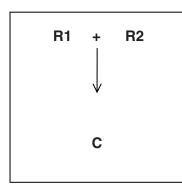
[1]

**(b)** When asked to provide an argument map for the above argument, three students provided the following maps:

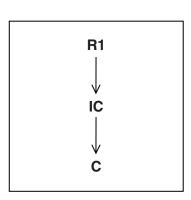
Map A



Map B



Map C



(i) Circle the correct map.

[1]

(ii) Explain why this is the right answer.

[1]

**(c)** Identify **two** assumptions in the argument above.

2

[2]

<u> </u>	Read the following argument and answer the questions below:

Albert Einstein was a Nobel Prize-winning physicist. When he arrived at Princeton	University
in the USA in the 1930s, the first thing he did was to go to an ice cream parlour	and buy a
vanilla ice cream with chocolate sprinkles. Therefore, ice cream must be good to	eat.

(a)	Exp	plain the irrelevant appeal in the argument above.			
/I- \					[1]
(b)	An	ice cream parlour in Princeton now displays the follow	ving notice.		_
		re the best ice cream in the universe. Albert Einstein ate sprinkles.	loved our vanilla	ice cream with	
Eac	ch so	coop costs \$1.			
	(i)	Place a tick in the correct box for each of the following	ng statements.		
		Statement	Fact	Opinion	
		We have the best ice cream in the universe.			
		Each scoop costs \$1.			
					[2
	(ii)	'Albert Einstein loved our vanilla ice cream with cho	colate sprinkles.	,	
		Explain how the credibility of the ice cream parlour	weakens this cla	im.	
					[2

**3** A psychologist believes that young people nowadays are better at learning skills associated with the internet than other skills.

She assesses the skills of six young people. She recorded her findings in the table below.

Name	Age	Male or female	Can download an app on a mobile phone	Can tie shoe laces	Can tell the time
George	11	Male	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hannah	5	Female	Yes	No	No
Isa	7	Male	Yes	Yes	No
Julia	13	Female	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kwesi	3	Male	Yes	No	No
Leeza	9	Female	No	Yes	Yes

Ju	lia	13	Female	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Kv	vesi	3	Male	Yes	No	No	
Le	eza	9	Female	No	Yes	Yes	
(a)	A num	nber of patte	rns can be identifi	ed in the psycholog	gist's findings.		
	Identif	y any <b>two</b> pa	atterns in the data	l.			
	Patter	n 1					
	Patter	n 2					[2]
(b)	Georg	e claims tha	t the reason Leez	a cannot download	d an app onto a m	nobile phone mu	
( - )	_		not own a mobile				
		choose the s ne correct an		hich best explains	the weakness in	George's claim	ı. Tick
		Owning a mo	•	h necessary and s	ufficient for being	able to	
		Owning a mo	•	ther necessary nor	sufficient for bein	g able	
		Owning a mo	•	ficient for being abl	e to download an	арр,	
						'	[1]
		ive <b>three</b> al nto a mobile	-	tions why Leeza n	night not be able	to download ar	n app
	А	lternative ex	planation 1				
	А	lternative ex	planation 2				
	А	lternative ex	planation 3				
							[3]

	(c)	The psychologist believes that the internet is getting in the way of young people developing other skills. She wants to design a questionnaire to test this hypothesis which will be aimed at young people.
		Write <b>two</b> relevant questions she could include in the questionnaire.
		Explain why the answer to each question is relevant to testing this hypothesis.
		Question 1
		Explanation:
		Question 2
		Explanation:
		[4]
4		dents should be allowed to use their phones in lessons because teachers use their phones in sons.'
	lder	ntify and explain the flaw in this argument.
		[2]

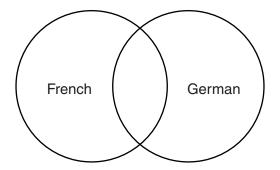
- 5 Four of the students in a Year 11 class were born in different months. Use the information provided to answer the questions below. You can use the matrix to help you.
  - Karl was born before Michael.
  - Michael was born four months after Nora.
  - Nora was born after Layla but before Karl.

	November 1998	January 1999	March 1999	May 1999
Karl				
Layla				
Michael				
Nora				

	,. u					
(a)	Use	the inform	nation above to com	plete the following	sentences:	
	(i)	The stude	ent who was born ir	January 1999 is	•••	[1]
	(ii)	The stude	ent who was born ir	March 1999 is		[1]
	(iii)	The youn	gest student is		•••	[1]
(b)			ws that on average SE than those born		•	achieve higher exam
	199	8 will be t		•	· ·	ne born in November be reliably concluded
						[2]

**6** There is a year group of 50 students: 18 study French, 26 study German, and 2 of these students study both French and German.

Complete the Venn Diagram in order to answer the questions below.



(a) How many students study only French?		[1	[[
--	--	----	----

- (b) How many students study only German? .....[1]
- (c) How many students study neither French nor German? ......[1]

#### **SECTION B**

You are advised to spend no more than 30 minutes on this Section.

#### It is worth 30 marks.

### Answer all the questions in this Section.

Read the following documents carefully before attempting to answer the questions:

## **Document A: The 'Elgin Marbles'**

The 'Elgin Marbles' is a collection of sculptures, inscriptions and architectural features on display in the British Museum. They were originally part of the Parthenon, an ancient temple in Athens, Greece.

The Marbles were removed, with permission, between 1801 and 1805 by Lord Elgin, who was the British ambassador at the time. The British Parliament bought these objects from Lord Elgin in 1816. They were given to the British Museum in London, where they have been ever since.



Other material from the Parthenon was taken both before and after Elgin's time. The remainder of the surviving sculptures that are not in Athens are in museums in various locations across Europe.

In 1963, Parliament made it law that the British Museum keeps the 'Elgin Marbles' forever. However, some people believe that the 'Elgin Marbles' should be returned to Greece.

#### Document B: Statement from a writer

The 'Elgin Marbles' should not be returned. If everything went back to where it came from, there would be nothing left in the world's museums. The environmental conditions in Athens mean that they can never go back on the Parthenon itself anyway. The British Museum has looked after them really well.

#### **Document C: Extract from the British Museum Website**

The British Museum contains a collection of art and antiquities that are held in trust for the nation and the world. The Parthenon sculptures have been a part of this collection for the best part of 200 years. They are displayed in purpose-built galleries seen every year by millions of visitors, free of charge.

#### **Document D: View from a TV presenter**

Treasures and artefacts from ancient cultures belong in the places they came from. Museums in the USA, the Vatican and Sweden have already returned to Greece some of the items taken from the Parthenon. If museums in other countries can, so should the British Museum. It would be classy for the museum to do this and would let Greece earn a profit from tourist visitors.

# **Document E: Survey of Museum Directors**

The directors of 20 museums in London were asked what they would do if their artefacts had to be returned to the countries of origin. Their answers from a list of five choices were:

Choice	Number of directors who would do this
Introduce or raise entrance charges/fees	12
Make an appeal for donations	8
Reduce the number of staff	4
Cut wages	3
Close altogether	1

7	חססא	Document	
,	8690	1 100000000	_

(a)	(i)	Identify <b>one</b> weakness in the survey and suggest how the survey could be improved overcome this weakness.	to
		Weakness 1	
		Improvement 1	[2]
	(ii)	Identify a <b>second</b> weakness in the survey and suggest how the survey could be improve to overcome this weakness.	ed
		Weakness 2	
		Improvement 2	
		l l	[2]

(b) A student reviewed the results of the survey and made the following conclusions:

	Conclusion A:		'If the artefacts had to be returned, only one museum wo	ould have to
	Con	clusion B:	'If the artefacts had to be returned, museum entrance fee increased.'	es would be
	(i)	Explain why o	conclusion A cannot reliably be drawn.	
				[2]
	(ii)	Explain why o	conclusion B cannot reliably be drawn.	
				[2]
(c)		gest <b>one</b> choi wn in Documei	pice that could be considered by the museum directors <b>other</b> ent E.	than those
				[1]
(d)		gest <b>two</b> relev ce for their mu	vant criteria that could be used by museum directors to decide useums.	on the best
	Crite	erion 1		
	Crite	erion 2		
				[2]

# 8 Read Documents B, C and D.

Which of the three documents agrees most strongly with the following claims? Tick the correct boxes in the table below.

Claim	Document B	Document C	Document D
If the 'Elgin Marbles' were returned to Athens, further damage may occur to them.			
Other countries have returned their artefacts to the country of origin, we should as well.			
The 'Elgin Marbles' give pleasure to huge numbers of museum visitors every year.			

[3]

9 Write an argument to support or challenge the claim that:

'The 'Elgin Marbles' should be returned to Greece'.

Your argument should include:
a precise conclusion

- which is clearly supported by reasons with relevant evidence and/or examples.

In developing your argument you may use ideas and materials from the documents.

10	Write an argument to support the claim that:
	'Museums should not charge entrance fees'.
	<ul> <li>This should include:</li> <li>a precise conclusion</li> <li>which is clearly supported by two developed reasons.</li> </ul>

# **END OF QUESTION PAPER**

# ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.			
			•••••


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