

Switching to OCR from Edexcel

The content within the [OCR Physics B \(Advancing physics\) specification](#) is a context based course continuing the tradition of the course originally developed with the Institute of Physics and Institution of Engineering and Technology. We've laid it out in a logical progression to support co-teaching the AS level and teaching the A level in a linear way.

Items which are in one specification but not the other are indicated by square brackets.

OCR Physics B	Edexcel Salters Horners Physics
<p>Module 1: Practical skills</p> <p>Planning, implementing, analysis and evaluation, plus all the skills to be covered in the Practical Endorsement, with flexibility to select activities to fulfil the skills, apparatus and techniques.</p>	<p>The same practical skills, apparatus and techniques as mandated by the DfE, are listed in appendices 5b and 5c of the Edexcel specification.</p> <p>The Edexcel model of the Practical Endorsement contains 16 core practical activities.</p>
<p>Module 2: Fundamental data analysis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Physical quantities S.I. units Measurements and uncertainties Graphical representation of data 	<p>1. know and understand the distinction between base and derived quantities and their SI units</p> <p>3. be able to estimate values for physical quantities and use their estimate to solve problems</p>
<p>Module 3: Physics in action</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [Communication] Images Lenses [Diagrams of wave-fronts and rays] [Digital signals] [Sampling techniques] [Data transmission] Polarisation of e-m waves Sensors Resistance [and conductance] Potential dividers Ohmic and non-ohmic devices Resistivity [and conductivity] Conservation of charge and energy Electrical circuits Mechanical properties of materials Particle size and spacing 	<p>31. current as flow of charged particles</p> <p>32. $V = W/Q$</p> <p>33. $R = V/I$ and Ohm's law</p> <p>34. conservation of charge</p> <p>35. conservation of energy</p> <p>36. resistors in series and parallel</p> <p>37. electrical power calculations</p> <p>38. current – p.d. graphs</p> <p>39 & 41. Resistivity</p> <p>42, 43 & 44. potential divider</p> <p>45. e.m.f. and internal resistance</p> <p>47. resistance and temperature</p> <p>48. LDR</p> <p>49. [density]</p> <p>50. [upthrust]</p> <p>51. [Stokes' law, viscosity and flow]</p> <p>53. Hooke's law</p> <p>54. Young modulus</p> <p>55. force-extension graphs</p> <p>56. stress-strain graphs</p> <p>58. elastic strain energy</p> <p>75. focal length</p>



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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Behaviour of materials • Young modulus • Force and extension • Hooke's law 	76. ray diagrams 77. power of a lens 78. lenses in combination 79, 80 & 81. Lens terminology and formulae 82. polarisation 88. [waves can be transmitted or reflected at an interface]
<p>Module 4: Understanding processes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Waves and quantum behaviour</i> • Standing waves • Interference, refraction and diffraction • Photons and quantum behaviour • Electron diffraction • <i>Space, time and motion</i> • Vectors • Trajectories • Independent effect of perpendicular forces • Work done • Displacement, velocity and acceleration • Momentum • Gravitational potential energy • Force, energy and power • Modelling changes 	9. be able to use the equations for uniformly accelerated motion in one dimension 10. be able to draw and interpret displacement-time, velocity-time and acceleration-time graphs and 11. Physical quantities derived from these. 12. understand scalar and vector quantities, 13. be able to resolve a vector 14. be able to find the resultant of two coplanar vectors 15. projectiles 16. [free body diagrams] 17 & 20. Newton's laws of motion 18. gravitational field strength and weight 21 & 22. Momentum 23. [moment] 24. [centre of gravity] 25. work 26. kinetic energy 28. conservation of energy 29. power 30. [efficiency] 59. wave terminology 60. wave equation 61. [longitudinal wave] 62. transverse wave 63 & 67 stationary wave 65. wavefront, coherence, superposition, interference, phase 66. phase difference/path difference 68. [speed of wave on a string] 70. [intensity of radiation] 71 & 74. refractive index 72. [critical angle] 73. [total internal reflection] 83. diffraction 84. diffraction grating 86 & 87 de Broglie and the wave nature of the electron 90. e/m radiation in terms of wave and photon model 91. $E = hf$ 92. photo-electric effect 93. threshold frequency and work function 95. photoelectric effect as evidence of quantisation



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	96. [atomic line spectra] 97. Impulse 99. conservation of linear momentum 101. elastic and inelastic collisions 102. [kinetic energy of non-relativistic particle]
Module 5: Rise and fall of the clockwork universe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Creating models</i> • Capacitance • orbit • Newton's law of gravitation • <i>Our place in the universe</i> • Radar type measurements • The relativistic principle • Evidence for the hot big bang • Logarithmic scales • Distances, ages and relative velocities of astronomical objects • <i>Matter very simple</i> • Specific thermal capacity • Ideal gases • Impulse • Kinetic theory of gases • Relationships between p, V, N and T • <i>Matter: hot or cold</i> • Ratios of numbers of particles in quantum states • Qualitative effects of temperature in processes with activation energy • [Boltzmann factor] • Time constant • Exponential decay • Radioactive decay • Activity and half-life • Simple harmonic motion • Free and forced oscillations • Damping • Out into space • Gravitational and kinetic energy • Motion in a uniform gravitational field • Gravitational field and potential of a point mass • Angular velocity 	89. pulse-echo techniques 103. angular displacement and the radian 104. angular velocity 105. centripetal acceleration 106 & 107. centripetal force 116. capacitance 117. energy stored on a capacitor 118 & 120. charging and discharging 144. specific heat capacity and latent heat 147. internal energy 148. absolute zero 149 & 150. kinetic theory model 152 $\frac{1}{2}mc^2 = \frac{3}{2}kT$ 153. [black body radiation] 154. [Stefan-Boltzmann law] 155 [Wien's law] 156. [luminosity equation] 157 & 158. astronomical distances 159 & 160. [Hertzsprung-Russell diagrams] 161. Doppler effect 162. redshift 163. Hubble constant and dark matter 173. half-life and activity of radioactive materials 175. gravitational field strength 176. Newton's law of universal gravitation 177. [gravitational field for a point mass] 178. comparison of field types 180. orbital motion 181. conditions for simple harmonic motion 182. equations for S.H.M. 183. [equations for simple harmonic oscillator] 184 & 185 graphs of S.H.M. 186. resonance 188. conservation of energy in S.H.M 189. free and forced oscillations 190. resonance 191. damping



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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Circular motion, horizontal and in an 	
<p>Module 6: Field and particle physics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electromagnetism • Transformer action • Action of a dynamo • Electromagnetic forces • Magnetic circuits • Magnetic field strength • Flux • Charge and field • Uniform electric field • Inverse square law • Electric potential energy • Motion of charged particles in a magnetic field • Comparison of field types • The electronvolt • Coulomb's law • Fundamental particles • Particle accelerators • Evidence from scattering • Energy levels within the atom • A simple atomic model • Quark structures • Conservation of mass/energy, charge and lepton number • Balanced nuclear equations • [Relativistic calculations] • [Ionising radiation and risk] • Effects of ionising radiations on tissue • Penetrating power • Stability and decay in terms of binding energy • Nuclear fission and power generation • Absorbed and effective doses • Energy changes from nuclear transformations 	<p>94 the electronvolt</p> <p>108. field theory</p> <p>109 $E=F/Q$</p> <p>110. distinguish between field and potential</p> <p>110. Coulomb's law</p> <p>111. electric field</p> <p>113. $E=V/d$</p> <p>114. electric potential</p> <p>115. field diagrams</p> <p>121. magnetic flux density and linkage</p> <p>122. $F=Bqv$</p> <p>123. $F = BIl\sin\theta$</p> <p>124 & 125. induced e.m.f.</p> <p>126. Lenz's law</p> <p>127. Faraday's law</p> <p>128 & 129. [a.c. terminology and values]</p> <p>130. nucleon and proton number</p> <p>131. large angle scattering</p> <p>132. [thermionic emission]</p> <p>133. particle accelerators [linac and cyclotron]</p> <p>134 charged particles in a magnetic field</p> <p>135. conservation of charge, energy and momentum</p> <p>136. understand why high energies are required to investigate the structure of nucleons</p> <p>137. $\Delta E = c^2 \Delta m$</p> <p>138. eV, MeV, GeV, MeV/c², GeV/c²</p> <p>139. situations where relativistic increase is significant</p> <p>140. quark-lepton model</p> <p>141. anti-particles</p> <p>142. laws of conservation of charge, baryon number and lepton number</p> <p>143. particle equations</p> <p>164. nuclear binding energy and mass deficit</p> <p>165. [atomic mass unit]</p> <p>166 & 167. nuclear fission and fusion</p> <p>168. background radiation</p> <p>169. penetrating and ionising by nuclear radiations</p> <p>170. nuclear equations</p> <p>172. random nature of radioactive decay</p>



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Appendix 5f: Mathematical requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arithmetic and numerical computation • Handling data • Algebra • Graphs • Geometry and trigonometry 	Appendix 6: Mathematical skills and exemplifications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C.0 Arithmetic and numerical computation • C.1 Handling data • C.2 Algebra • C.3 Graphs • C.4 Geometry and trigonometry

Assessment

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AS Paper 1: Foundations of Physics, Modules 1-4 50% of AS Written paper 1hr 30 minutes 70 marks Section A multiple choice questions, 20 marks. Section B Structured questions, covering problem solving, calculations, practical and theory, 50 marks.	AS Paper 1: Core Physics I 50% of qualification Written paper 1hr 30 minutes 80 marks <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The paper may include multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculation and extended writing questions. • Content defined as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working as a Physicist • Higher, Faster, Stronger • Technology in Space (except items 70 and 92–95) • Digging up the Past (except items 83–87)
AS Paper 2: Physics in Depth, Modules 1-4 50% of AS Written paper 1hr 30 minutes 70 marks Short structured questions and extended response questions covering problem solving, calculations, practical and theory.	AS Paper 2: Core Physics II 50% of qualification Written paper 1 hr 30 minutes 80 marks <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The paper may include multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculation and extended writing questions. • Content defined as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working as a Physicist • The Sound of Music • Good Enough to Eat • Technology in Space (only items 70 and 92–95) • Digging up the Past (only items 83–87) • Spare-part Surgery (SUR)
A Level Paper 1: Fundamentals of physics 41% of A level Written paper 2 hours 15 minutes 110 marks Section A multiple choice questions, 30 marks. Section B Structured questions	A Level Paper 1: Advanced Physics I 30% of qualification Written paper 1 hours 45 minutes 90 marks <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Questions are broken down into a number of parts. • The paper may include multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculations and extended writing questions.



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<p>covering theory and practical skills.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Content defined as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working as a Physicist • Higher, Faster, Stronger • Technology in Space(except items 70 and 92–95) • Digging up the Past (except items 83–87) • Transport on Track • The Medium is the Message • Probing the Heart of Matter (PRO)
<p>A Level Paper 2: Scientific literacy in physics</p> <p>37% of A level</p> <p>Written paper 2 hours 15 minutes</p> <p>100 marks</p> <p>Structured questions and extended response questions covering theory and practical skills. The paper includes questions on an Advance Notice article for candidates to apply their knowledge to new and exciting contexts in Physics</p>	<p>A Level Paper 2: Advanced Physics II</p> <p>30% of qualification</p> <p>Written paper 1 hour 45 minutes</p> <p>90 marks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Questions are broken down into a number of parts. • The paper may include multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculations and extended writing questions. • Content defined as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working as a Physicist • The Sound of Music • Good Enough to Eat • Technology in Space (only items 70 and 92–95) • Digging up the Past (only items 83–87) • Spare-Part Surgery • Build or Bust? • Reach for the Stars
<p>A Level Paper 3: Practical skills in physics</p> <p>22% of A level</p> <p>Written paper 1 hour 30 minutes</p> <p>60 marks</p> <p>Structured questions, problem solving, calculations, and extended response questions with a focus on the assessment of theory and practical skills within practical contexts</p>	<p>A Level Paper 3: General and practical principles in physics</p> <p>40% of qualification</p> <p>Written paper 2 hours 30 minutes</p> <p>120 marks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Questions in this paper may draw on any of the topics in this specification. • The paper will include synoptic questions that may draw on two or more different topics. • The paper will include questions that assess conceptual and theoretical understanding of experimental methods (indirect practical skills) that will draw on students' experiences of the core practicals.

