

Applied Science

Advanced GCE **G623**

Cells and Molecules

Mark Scheme for June 2010

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Planning Exercise

Investigate the effects of incubation temperature on the yield of juice after enzyme treatment from one variety of English apple.

Marking of the plan:

- 1 Read the material presented.
- 2 Then award 1 mark if scientific terminology has been used appropriately. Record using the letter Y.
- 3 Then re-read, this time point marking up to 24, by placing letters A to X in the margin where you see evidence of the marking criteria.
- 4 The same piece of evidence can be used to award one criterion only.

Marking Point	Marking Criteria	Mark	Additional notes
A	easily recognised safety procedures highlighted; <i>At least 3 from: glassware; enzyme allergy; sharps (knives); electrical (water baths/blenders); burns (boiling water)</i>	1	Evidence of something that is going to make doing the investigation safer – an active document, a working document related to the plan: ref to allergic reactions & enzymes
B	prediction made; R = ref to 'body temperature' R = ref to tinned apples	1	A statement related to effect of temperature on juice yield.
C	with justification; <i>Accept ref to enzyme activity & temp if linked to research or insert;</i> <i>R ref to 55°C as optimum.</i>	1	Statement related to enzyme activity: inactivity/denaturation of enzyme; possible link to molecular structure of protein; molecular movement; lock & key model; kinetic energy;
D	description of preliminary work;	1	e.g. how to prepare tissue (<i>do not credit twice</i>) / mass of tissue to be used / dilution of enzyme(s)/ volume of enzyme/ type of enzyme/ source of enzyme/ range of temperatures to use / incubation time/ source of tissue /age of tissue;
E	clear and in detail;	1	Explain how to do it.
F	reason (for doing it) explained;	1	Explain why it's necessary for completion of the whole investigation.
G	clear and in detail;	1	Extra information.
H	at least two secondary sources of information identified;		State at least 2 references (allow OCR it as one source). website address needed. description of named text
I	relevance explained;		Explanation as to how references helped in the planning.
J	basic practical skills and accuracy;		possible method / list of instructions. c. 'Is it a feasible approach?'
K	sound practical skills and accuracy;	1	Could someone follow the instructions unaided? Are quantities shown? Is it repeatable to appropriate degree of accuracy?

Marking Point	Marking Criteria	Mark	Additional notes
L	range of appropriate equipment listed; R = tinned apples;	1	List of names of main items of equipment and materials needed for the investigation. Generic terms: beakers, flasks etc are OK here.
M	full range of appropriate equipment listed; List <u>must</u> include apples	1	Qualifications noted. Indication of number of each, specific sizes, e.g. 250 cm ³ beaker, 1dm ³ flask. If any major item missing do not award (i.e. apples; pectinase; method of temperature control)
N	appropriate number of measurements stated;	1	Mentions <u>at least 2</u> replicates / repeats
O	need for range of measurements stated;	1	Statement: e.g. 'To enable comparison to be made (to identify optimum temperature which gives maximum yield of juice)
P	appropriate range stated;	1	Related to prediction made – accept at least 4 different temperatures (5 ideal)
Q	relevant variables are identified (stated); Need to identify controlled variables;	1	At least 2 from: Control variables age of tissue / mass of tissue / source of fruit / variety of fruit / source of extract / volume of extract / dilution of extract / cold stored or not / time in cold storage/ incubation time/ type of enzyme/ concentration of enzyme/; Independent/dependent: incubation temperature/ volume of juice;
R	how variables to be controlled explained;	1	How for at least 2 of the variables.
S	one suitable method to display data;	1	One display of results e.g. Table. (Clear headings & units in headers)
T	additional method to display data;	1	Any <u>different</u> display e.g. graph (with appropriate units).
U	simple data handling;	1	mean / colour comparison / use of graph data
V	possible conclusions; Accept use of graph & reading off (i.e. 'optimum temperature of max yield')	1	Statements of expectations or observations to confirm or reject prediction made in B. 'What would your results need to show to confirm or reject your prediction?'
W	recognises sources of error	1	At least two examples: equipment / materials / specific human error (limit to 1 human error)
X	suggests methods for improving accuracy and or validity;	1	accuracy: relate to 'W' or use of alternative technique(s). D / OR R = ref to body temp for improvement validity: state aspect of collected data to be compared with secondary sources. (specific terminology)
Marks	Maximum for plan = 25		

Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	a	advantages: magnifies objects (over 500 000 times) / higher magnification / can see cell ultra-structure ✓ has a higher, resolving power/resolution / possible to investigate greater depth of field ✓ disadvantages - any two from: cost ✓ special accommodation ✓ needs skilled operative / difficult to operate ✓ preparation of specimens lengthy/complex /tissue sample thin/ ref to dehydration process/ complex staining ✓ material may be distorted / produces artefacts or distorts image ✓ high vacuum required ✓ living material cannot be viewed / ORA ✓	2 2	accept 'shows up more organelles than a light microscope' ignore ref to B & W images or does not show true colour image;
	b	i 65mm (accept range 64 to 66) ✓	1	allow correct measurement of maximum diameter in mm
		ii correct conversion to μm ✓ division by magnification value ✓	2	accept answer range 9.4 – 9.7 (μm) award two marks for correct answer allow ecf from b(i); Limit to 1 mark if calculation method correct but answer incorrect; $64 = 9.4$; $65 = 9.6$; $67 = 9.7$ (μm)
	c	i X = Golgi (body/apparatus) ✓ Y = mitochondrion / matrix ✓	2	ignore crista
		ii X = makes secretory vesicles / lysosome formation / produces, glycoproteins/mucin, / transports lipids / stores lipids / modifies glycolipids ✓ Y = aerobic respiration / production of ATP/ Krebs Cycle / TCA cycle / oxidative phosphorylation / link reaction ✓	2	accept 'receives proteins and modifies them'. for Y accept reference to electron transport chain
		Total	11	

Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	a	starch: iodine/iodine KI, solution ✓ protein: Biuret (reagent) / sodium hydroxide (solution) and dilute copper sulfate (solution) ✓ purple/lilac ✓ lipid/fat: ethanol and water ✓ non reducing sugar: dilute HCl and sodium bicarbonate and Benedict's (reagent) ✓ Green / yellow / Orange / red (precipitate) ✓	a	1 mark for each correct box, test reagent (s) must be complete for the mark. Accept ref to 'iodine in potassium iodine' owtte reject ethanol test/ emulsion test / ethanol; accept sodium hydrogen carbonate instead of bicarbonate; accept ref to any alkali accept any appropriate colour change i.e brown / brick red)
	b	i NH ₂ group ✓ -COOH group ✓	2	accept diagram without bonds shown within NH ₂ and COOH groups
		ii peptide (bond) ✓	1	
		iii hydrolysis ✓	1	

Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	b	iv	<p>primary structure: <u>sequence / order</u>, of amino acids (in a polypeptide) ✓</p> <p>secondary structure: Coiling/folding, of the, polypeptide/chain of amino acids/peptide chain/primary structure, / (a) <u>helix</u> / (β) pleated <u>sheet</u> / hydrogen bonds / between amino acids in (same) chain / (between) –NH and –CO / AVP e.g. random coiling ✓</p>	2	reject ref to protein chains/structures joining together
			Total	12	

Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	a	i	correct plots ✓ ✓	2	5 correct plots = 2 marks 3 - 4 correct plots = 1 mark (Accept accurate dots; tolerance +/- ½ square)
		ii	appropriate line of best fit ✓	1	smooth curve, no hairy/tram lines (tolerance +/- ½ square) accept graph lines which follow IoB guidelines: <i>Points may be joined with a curve of best fit if values are likely to fall on such a curve.</i> <i>Alternatively points may be joined with straight lines if the position of intermediate points can not be predicted reliably.</i>
	b	i	correct data quote from graph = 5.6 (cm ³) ✓	1	accept 5.7 (cm ³)
		ii	5.6 ÷ 0.5 ✓ 11.2 (cm ³ min ⁻¹) ✓ If 5.7 used from b(i): 5.7 ÷ 0.5; 11.4 (cm ³ min ⁻¹)	2	allow ecf from b(i); 1 mark for conversion of time to minutes in rate formula 1 mark for correct answer <i>Alternative:</i> 1 mark for volume per sec (volume ÷ 30) = 0.187 (cm ³ sec ⁻¹) 1 mark for conversion to rate per min i.e. 0.187 × 60 = 11.2 (cm ³ min ⁻¹) accept tangents drawn on graph for calculation of rate

Question	Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance
3 d	<p>[Level 1] Candidate shows a high level of understanding & includes a detailed <u>description & explanation</u> of two effects of temperature on enzyme activity, including at least four valid points, expressed clearly and logically.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4 - 5 marks)</p> <p>[Level 2] Candidate shows some understanding & includes a <u>description & limited explanation</u> of <u>two</u> effects of temperature on enzyme activity, expressed clearly and logically.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2 - 3 marks)</p> <p>[Level 3] Candidate shows some understanding & includes a description & limited explanation written in a sentence.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1 mark)</p>	5		<i>valid points may include:</i> ref to enzyme binding to active site/lock & key/active site specificity ✓ reference to 'optimum temperature' ✓ slow activity/reaction at low temperatures ✓ suitable ref movement/energy, of, molecules/enzyme/substrate, related to low temperature ✓ few collisions (between enzyme & substrate) / enzyme-substrate complex formed at low temperature ✓ more frequent collisions (between enzyme & substrate) / enzyme-substrate complex formed as temp increases ✓ (in warm temp) collisions (occur with more energy) to break bonds ✓ at high temperatures enzymes are denatured ✓ ref to enzyme/substrate complex can not form ✓ molecule vibrates breaking bonds (within enzyme molecule) / tertiary structure changed ✓ AVP e.g. suitable sketched graph ✓
	Total	11		

Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	a	i	P = (eye piece) graticule ✓ Q = (stage) micrometer ✓	2	
		ii	any three from: line up scales of P with Q ✓ use Q to calibrate P before use / ref to calibration ✓ Scale Q is in mm/ cm / detail on scale (at specific magnification) ✓ convert divisions on P to actual measurements ✓ stage micrometers are usually calibrated for set magnification ✓	3	accept reference to calculations from Fig 4.1 any three from: 100 epg units = $25 \times 0.1 \text{ mm} / 2.5 \text{ mm}$ ✓ 1 epg unit = 0.025 mm or $25 \mu\text{m}$ ✓ diameter of cell = number of epg units ✓ actual diameter of cell = diameter in epg units $\times 2.5\mu\text{m}$ ✓ ignore ref to 'measure cell' since this uses epg.
	b	i	diagnosis: anaemia ✓ explanation: fewer red blood cells observed / very few / paler red blood cells / less haemoglobin / irregular shaped red blood cells ✓	2	award diagnosis & explanation independently; explanation must link to photographs. reject 'few'
		ii	diagnosis: (lymphocytic) leukaemia ✓ explanation: large(r) numbers of lymphocytes/white blood cells / irregular shaped white blood cells / enlarged nuclei of, lymphocytes/white blood cells ✓	2	

Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	c		<p><i>any two from:</i></p> <p>reliability of test / possibility of error arising during testing ✓</p> <p>human rights issues including, employment/insurance/mortgage facilities ✓</p> <p>whether or not to pursue abortion ✓</p> <p>how serious a defect has to be before abortion might be considered ✓</p> <p>cost effectiveness of screening ✓</p> <p>whether or not to risk starting a family ✓</p> <p>AVP ✓ ✓</p>	2	<p>AVP e.g. religious issues / cultural issues</p> <p>AVP 'right to life of unborn foetus'</p>
			Total	11	

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