

Tuesday 14 May 2019 – Morning

AS Level Classical Greek

H044/01 Language

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

You must have:

• the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet (OCR12 sent with general stationery)

Do not use:

· a dictionary

INSTRUCTIONS

- · Use black ink.
- Answer Section A and one question in Section B.
- Additional paper may be used if required but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **80**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document consists of 8 pages.





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Section A

1 Translate the following passage into English.

Please write your translation on alternate lines.

[55]

10

After the Peloponnesian War, a Spartan-imposed oligarchy, known as the Thirty Tyrants, ruled Athens. Their bloody policies alienated many Athenians and led to a division within their own ranks. The extreme oligarchs were led by Critias, the moderates by Theramenes.

ποῶτον μὲν οὖν ὁ Κοιτίας τῷ Θηραμένει ὁμογνώμων τε καὶ φίλος ἦν· ἐπεὶ δὲ αὐτὸς ἐβούλετο πολλοὺς ἀποκτείνειν, ἄτε φυγὼν ὑπὸ τοῦ δήμου, ὁ Θηραμένης ἀντέκοπτε, λέγων ὅτι οὐκ εἰκὸς εἴη ἀποκτείνειν τινὰ ὑπὸ τοῦ δήμου τιμώμενον, τοὺς δὲ καλοὺς κἀγαθοὺς μηδὲν κακὸν ἐργαζόμενον. ὁ δὲ Κοιτίας ἀπεκρίνατο ὅτι οὐ δυνατὸν ἐστὶν τοῖς πλεονεκτεῖν βουλομένοις μὴ οὐκ ἐκποδὼν ποιεῖσθαι τοὺς δυνατωτάτους κωλύειν.

ἀποθνησκόντων δὲ πολλῶν καὶ ἀδίκως, πάλιν ἔλεγεν ὁ Θηραμένης ὅτι εἰ μή λήψοιντο ἱκανοὺς ὡς κοινωνοὺς τῶν πραγμάτων, ἀδύνατον ἔσοιτο τὴν ὀλιγαρχίαν μένειν. ἔπειτα μέντοι Κριτίας καὶ οἱ ἄλλοι τριάκοντα, ἤδη φοβούμενοι τὸν Θηραμένην, καταλέγουσι τρισχιλίους τοὺς μεθέξοντας τῶν πραγμάτων.

ό δ' αὖ Θηραμένης καὶ πρὸς ταῦτα ἔλεγεν ὅτι <u>ἄτοπον</u> εἴη τοὺς βελτίστους τρισχιλίους τῶν πολιτῶν <u>κοινωνοὺς</u> ποιήσασθαι, ὥσπερ τὸν ἀριθμὸν τοῦτον ἔχοντα πάντας καλοὺς καὶ ἀγαθοὺς, καὶ ὥσπερ οὕτ' ἔξω τούτων <u>σπουδαίους</u> οὕτ' <u>ἐντὸς</u> τούτων κακοὺς οἷόν τε εἴη γενέσθαι.

Based on Xenophon Hellenica 2.3.15-19

Names

ό Θηραμένης, -ους Theramenes ό Κριτίας,- ου Critias

Words

όμογνώμων, -ον + dative of the same opinion (as) **ἀντικόπτω** I resist, oppose here: reasonable εἰκός I gain power πλεονεκτέω ἐκποδών ποιοῦμαι I get rid of participant ό κοινωνός, -οῦ the affairs of the city τὰ πράγματα ή ὀλιγαρχία, -ας oligarchy I enlist καταλέγω I share in, participate μετέχω + gen strange, paradoxical ἄτοπος, -ον excellent σπουδαῖος, -α, -ον ἐντός + gen within

Section B

Answer either Question 2 or Question 3.

2 Read the following passage and answer the questions.

The overconfidence of a Persian commander leads to his unexpected defeat at the hands of a Greek force.

Expecting Mithridates to attack them again, the Greeks organised a company of slingers and fitted out a small cavalry troop.

μείναντες δὲ ταύτην τὴν ἡμέραν, τῆ ὑστεραία ἐπορεύοντο ποφαίτερον ἀναστάντες· χαράδραν γὰρ ἔδει αὐτοὺς διαβῆναι, ἐφ᾽ ἦ ἐφοβοῦντο μὴ ἐπιθοῖντο αὐτοῖς διαβαίνουσιν οἱ πολέμιοι. διαβεβηκόσι δὲ αὐτοῖς πάλιν φαίνεται Μιθραδάτης, ἔχων ἱππέας χιλίους, τοξότας δὲ τετρακισχιλίους· τοσούτους γὰρ ἤτησε Τισσαφέρνην, τῶν Ἑλλήνων καταφρονήσας, ὅτι ἐν τῆ πρόσθεν προσβολῆ ὀλίγους ἔχων ἔπαθε μὲν οὐδέν, πολλὰ δὲ κακὰ ἐνόμιζε ποιῆσαι. ἐπεὶ δὲ οἱ ελληνες διαβεβηκότες ἀπεῖχον τῆς χαράδρας ὀκτὰ σταδίους, διέβαινε καὶ ὁ Μιθραδάτης. ἤγγελτο δὲ τῶν τε πελταστῶν καὶ τῶν ὁπλιτῶν οῦς ἔδει διώκειν, καὶ τοῖς ἱππεῦσιν εἴρητο θαρροῦσιν διώκειν, ὡς ἑψομένης μείζονος δυνάμεως. οἱ δὲ πολέμιοι οὐκ ἔμειναν τοὺς διώκοντας, ἄλλ᾽ ἔφευγον ἐπὶ τὴν χαράδραν. ἐν ταύτη τῆ διώξει τοῖς βαρβάροις τῶν τε πεζῶν ἀπέθανον πολλοὶ καὶ τῶν ἱππέων ἐν τῆ χαράδρα ζωοὶ ἐλήφθησαν εἰς ὀκτωκαίδεκα.

Xenophon *Anabasis* 3.4.1–5 (adapted)

5

Names

 \acute{o} Μιθ $\varrho \alpha \delta \acute{\alpha}$ της, -ους Mithridates (a Persian enemy of the Greeks) \acute{o} Τισσ $\alpha \varphi \acute{e} \varrho v \eta \varsigma$, -ους Tissaphernes (the Persian governor of Lydia)

Words

πρωαίτερον comparative of $\pi_0 \omega$ gorge ή χαράδρα, -ας I run at. attack ἐπιθέω καταφοονέω + gen I look down on attack ή προσβολή, -ῆς θαρρέω I am bold ή δίωξις, -εως chase, pursuit ζωός, -ή, -όν alive

(a) μείναντες ... ἀναστάντες (lines 1–2): what was unusual about the Greeks' routine on the next day? (b) χαράδραν ... οί πολέμιοι (lines 2-3): (i) what did they need to do? [1] (ii) why was this potentially dangerous? [3] (c) $i\pi\pi$ έας χιλίους, τοξότας δὲ τετρακισχιλίους (lines 4–5): what forces did Mithridates employ against the Greeks? [2] (d) τῶν Ἑλλήνων ... ἐνόμιζε ποιῆσ α ι (lines 5–7): why did Mithridates despise the Greeks? [4] cross? [2] **(f)** ἤγγελτο ... δυνάμεως (lines 9–11): (i) what instructions had been given to the Greek forces? [4] (ii) what particular information was intended to encourage them? [3]

(g) οἱ δὲ πολέμιοι ... ὀκτωκαίδεκα (lines 11–14): what was the outcome of the battle for the

[5]

different sections of the Persian army?

Do **not** answer this question if you have already answered Question 2.

3 Translate the following five sentences into Classical Greek.

Please write on alternate lines.

(a)	After the enemy crossed the river, the Athenians decided to attack the camp.	[5]
(b)	The general ordered him to say what he had suffered.	[5]
(c)	The old man denied that he taught young men for money.	[5]
(d)	Having accepted a treaty, we no longer fear that we shall be destroyed.	[5]
(e)	If you kill me, you will only harm yourselves.	[5]

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