

ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY GCE

HISTORY

European and World History Period Studies
Option A: Medieval and Early Modern 1095–1609

F962/01

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet

OCR Supplied Materials:

- 8 page Answer Booklet

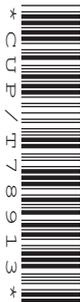
Other Materials Required:

None

Tuesday 13 January 2009

Afternoon

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- Every question is marked out of **50**.
- This paper contains questions on the following six Study Topics:
 - The Crusades and Crusader states 1095–1192
 - The Renaissance from c.1400–c.1550
 - Exploration and Discovery c.1445–c.1545
 - Spain 1469–1556
 - Charles V: International Relations and the Holy Roman Empire 1519–1559
 - Philip II, Spain and the Netherlands, 1556–1609
- There are eighteen questions, three for each Study Topic. Answer any **two** questions from any **one** Study Topic or from any **two** Study Topics.
- You should write in continuous prose and are reminded of the need for clear and accurate writing, including structure of argument, grammar, punctuation and spelling.
- This document consists of **4** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Answer any **two** questions from either **one** or **two** of the Study Topics.

The Crusades and Crusader states 1095–1192

- 1 To what extent do the weaknesses of its enemies explain the success of the First Crusade (1096–99)? [50]
- 2 Assess the view that the ability of its rulers was the **main** reason the Kingdom of Jerusalem was able to survive during the twelfth century. [50]
- 3 Assess the reasons for Saladin's success against the Crusader states in the 1180s. [50]

The Renaissance from c.1400–c.1550

- 4 Assess the reasons why the Renaissance began in fifteenth-century Italy. [50]
- 5 To what extent did the patronage of princes and nobles influence Renaissance art and architecture? [50]
- 6 Assess the influence of classical literature on the ideas of Italian writers such as Ficino, Mirandola and Machiavelli. (You may refer to other Italian writers of this period as further examples.) [50]

Exploration and Discovery c.1445–c.1545

- 7 How important were Spanish monarchs to the success of Spanish overseas exploration during this period? [50]
- 8 How important were individuals such as da Gama and Cabral in the development of the Portuguese Empire? [50]
- 9 To what extent was the quest for gold and silver the **main** reason for the development of the Spanish Empire in America? [50]

Spain 1469–1556

- 10 To what extent was Isabella's marriage to Ferdinand of Aragon the **main** reason for the consolidation of her rule in Castile to 1479? [50]
- 11 How successful were Ferdinand and Isabella in dealing with the problems posed by the nobles during their reigns? [50]
- 12 To what extent were the problems Charles I faced during his reign as King of Spain of his own making? [50]

Charles V: International Relations and the Holy Roman Empire 1519–1559

- 13 How successful was Charles V in dealing with the princes in the Holy Roman Empire? [50]
- 14 Assess the reasons for the spread of Lutheranism in the Holy Roman Empire. [50]
- 15 To what extent was Charles V's policy towards France a failure? [50]

Philip II, Spain and the Netherlands, 1556–1609

- 16 Assess the strengths and weaknesses of Spain at the time of Philip II's accession. [50]
- 17 How successful was Philip II in his policies towards France and England? [50]
- 18 How important was foreign support to the success of the Dutch Revolt? [50]

Paper Total [100]



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