



## Biology

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit F211: Cells, Exchange and Transport

## Mark Scheme for June 2011

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0	Questi	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	production of vesicles / packaging proteins ;		Mark the first answer. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks ACCEPT lipids IGNORE ref to transport / secretion / exocytosis / substances / materials DO NOT CREDIT stores proteins
			modification of / processing of / adding carbohydrate to , proteins ;		ACCEPT makes glycoproteins
			production of lysosomes ;	max 1	
1	(a)	(ii)	allow movement (of substances) in or out of nucleus ;		IGNORE messages / information / communication IGNORE name of substance for MP 1 IGNORE ref to mechanism of movement
			correctly named substance (entering or leaving nucleus) ;		<ul> <li>e.g. RNA / (m)RNA / (r)RNA (t)RNA / polymerase / nucleotides / ribosomes / helicase / proteins / (steroid) hormones</li> <li>IGNORE ref nutrients</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT if incorrect direction of movement described (e.g. RNA into nucleus or RNA in and out of nucleus)</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT DNA as named substance</li> <li><i>Note</i> 'allows mRNA out of nucleus' = two marks</li> </ul>
			ref to correct destination of substance ;	max 2	e.g. RNA to ribosomes or RER helicase to DNA polymerase to , DNA / gene nucleotides to DNA (steroid) hormones to , DNA / gene / chromosome

C	Questi	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(iii)	contain / release, lysins / lytic enzymes / hydrolytic enzymes / digestive enzymes;		DO NOT CREDIT 'engulf' DO NOT CREDIT 'lysosomes are digestive enzymes'
			digest / break down , organelles / foreign objects / toxins / cells / pathogens ;		ACCEPT destroy ACCEPT ref to digestion of contents of phagocytic vesicle IGNORE ref to (unwanted) substances / materials / food IGNORE ref to acrosomes
			apoptosis / autolysis / described ;	max 1	
1	(b)		idea of more than one (type of) tissue ;		ACCEPT named examples of tissues
			working together / performing a function(s);	2	ACCEPT job or task

Question	Expected Answer		Additional Guidance		
1 (c)			allow F marks even if C mark not quite accurate		
	<ul> <li>C1 thin / squamous, <u>epithelium</u>;</li> <li>C2 thin <u>endothelium</u> (of capillary);</li> </ul>		C1/C2 IGNORE ref to alveolus / alveolar wall / capillary wall , without ref to epithelium / endothelium		
	F1 (provides) short diffusion distance / described ;		F1 ACCEPT diffusion barrier , thin / one cell thick IGNORE refs to speed or rate of diffusion IGNORE ref to reduces diffusion distance alone – must be in context of short distance DO NOT CREDIT ref to thin , cell walls / membranes		
	F2 ref to surfactant (from epithelial cells) , reducing surface tension / preventing alveoli collapsing ;		F2 IGNORE ref to moisture		
	C3 blood / red blood cells / erythrocytes ;		C3 IGNORE (named) blood vessel ACCEPT blood supply / supply of blood		
	<b>F3</b> transports (named) gas(es) , to / from , exchange surface / alveoli ;		F3 IGNORE ref to lungs IGNORE description of gas exchange		
	C4 diaphragm / intercostals , muscles ;				
	F4 (maintains / creates) diffusion / concentration , gradient ;		F4 This can be awarded in context of F3 or C4		
	C5 ciliated epithelium / goblet cells / ciliated cells ; F5 <i>idea of:</i> protection from / removal of , dust / bacteria / pollen / spores ;		F5 ACCEPT trap , dust / bacteria / pollen / spores IGNORE dirt / germs		
	C6 cartilage ; F6 hold airway open ;				
	C7 smooth muscle ;		continued		

Mark Scheme

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
continued	<ul> <li>F7 constrict / control diameter of , airway / blood vessel ;</li> <li>C8 elastic , fibres / tissue ;</li> <li>F9 for receil / cidio recerciletion .</li> </ul>		F7 ACCEPT narrows lumen C8 IGNORE elastin / elasticated
	<ul> <li>F8 for recoil / aiding ventilation ;</li> <li>C9 macrophage / neutrophil ;</li> <li>F9 engulf / destroy pathogens or protect from infection ;</li> </ul>	max 4	<ul><li>F8 ACCEPT prevent alveoli bursting</li><li>C9 IGNORE ref to white blood cell unqualified</li></ul>
	QWC ;	1	Any three with correct spelling and a suitable contextfrom:epithelium / epithelial,endothelium,cartilage,diffuse / diffusion,gradient,goblet,ciliated,concentration,squamous,macrophage,neutrophil,surfactant,muscle,erythrocyte
	Total	[11]	

(	Quest	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(a)		phospholipids ; proteins ; glycoproteins ; cholesterol ; glycolipids ;	max 3	Mark the first <u>three</u> components in continuous prose or first suggestion in bullet point / (numbered) list. IGNORE lipids, bilayer, hydrophilic head, hydrophobic tail, ref to intrinsic / extrinsic Count all refs to different types of protein as one e.g. intrinsic protein ✓ extrinsic protein Ignore pore protein Ignore glycoprotein ✓ phospholipids ✓ = 3 marks
2	(b)	(i)	(movement of substances) against / up , concentration gradient or from low to high concentration ; using , ATP / (metabolic) energy ; using a , transport / carrier , protein ;	2	CREDIT diffusion gradient for concentration gradient DO NOT CREDIT along / across , concentration gradient DO NOT CREDIT 'diffusion against concentration gradient' DO NOT CREDIT pore / channel protein

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	A	dditional Guidan	ce
2 (b) (ii)	(mineral) ions / salts / named e.g, (into) root hair (cell) ;		Mark the first two Ensure candidate phosphates, calc ACCEPT correct s DO NOT CREDIT	e refers to ions e ium ions, magne symbols with charg	sium ions etc.
	hydrogen ions (out of) companion cells ;		ACCEPT ref to loa	ading of sucrose ir	ito , companion cell
	(mineral) ions / salts / named e.g, (across) endodermis ; sucrose out of sieve tube at sink ;		ACCEPT ref to up	take of glucose by (small) intestines to endocytosis	/ cells lining , e / nephron / PCT / exocytosis /
	AVP;;		<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> e.g.		cytosis / secretion of movement if stated
	,,,		substance	cell	(direction)
			sodium/potassium ion(s)	neurone	K <sup>+</sup> in Na <sup>+</sup> out
			sodium/potassium ion(s)	named cell	lon pump to drive cotransport
			potassium ion(s)	guard cell (to open stomata)	in
			sodium ion(s)	cell of loop of Henle	out
			calcium <u>ion</u> (s)	muscle cell	(into sarcoplasmic reticulum)
			calcium ions hydrogen ions	presynaptic knob in cell, respiring (aerobically) /	out for chemiosmosis
		max 2	named ion(s)	cells lining distal convoluted tubule	in / out
2 (c)	osmosis ; <u>facilitated</u> <u>diffusion</u> ; diffusion ;		Mark the first ans answer is correct that is incorrect or	and an additional a	answer is given
	Total	3 [10]	= 0 marks		

C	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance	
3	(a)	(i)			Mark the first answer for each letter. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks	
			X = <u>right</u> atrium ; Y = aorta ;		ACCEPT <u>right</u> atria IGNORE RA	
			Z = (left) pulmonary artery ;	3	IGNORE PA	
3	(a)	(ii)	left ventricle		Assume answer refers to left ventricle unless otherwise stated. ACCEPT ORA for left atrium throughout	
			1 (more muscle to create) more force ;		1 IGNORE more powerful contraction ACCEPT stronger contraction	
			2 (needs to create) high <u>er</u> pressure ;		2 <b>IGNORE</b> withstanding or maintaining pressure	
			<b>3</b> push blood against greater , resistance / friction ;			
			<ul> <li>4 (left ventricle) pumps blood further / pumps blood to all parts of body / supplies systemic circulation ;</li> </ul>	3 max	4 ACCEPT pumps blood , all round body / greater distance IGNORE pumps blood to the body DO NOT CREDIT references to , right ventricle / lungs	

0	Questi	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance		
3	(a)	(iii)			<b>DO NOT CREDIT</b> statements that refer to right atrium or right ventricle		
			<ol> <li>ventricular systole or ventricle, wall / muscle, contracts;</li> <li>(ventricular contraction) raises ventricular pressure;</li> <li>(ventricular pressure) higher than atrial pressure;</li> <li><i>idea of</i> (pressure / movement of blood, generated by ventricular contraction) pushes valve shut;</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>IGNORE ref to atrial contraction</li> <li>DO NOT CREDIT 'valve shuts' alone DO NOT CREDIT in context of blood flowing from atrium to ventricle resulting in pressure increase to close valve</li> </ol>		
			5 chordae tendinae prevent inversion ;	max 2	5 ACCEPT valve tendons / tendinous cords		
	(b)		aorta / (named) artery / arteries / arteriole(s) ;		Mark the first answer for each role. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks         ACCEPT smooth muscle / elastic tissue / collagen / narrow lumen         DO NOT CREDIT valves		
			blood / plasma ;				
			capillary / capillaries / capillary wall / (capillary) endothelium ;	3			
			Total	[11]			

C	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(a)		(just behind) tip / apex , of root ;		Mark the first <u>two</u> suggestions. ACCEPT behind root cap IGNORE root unqualified
			(just behind) tip / apex , of shoot ; cambium / pericycle / vascular bundle;		IGNORE stem / root unqualified / shoot unqualified ACCEPT between xylem and phloem
			bud ;	max 2	
4	(b)	(i)	1 chromosomes / chromatin / nucleus , can be seen / are visible ;		<ul> <li>IGNORE ref to organelles throughout</li> <li>ACCEPT DNA for chromosomes / chromatin ACCEPT chromosomes / chromatin / DNA / nucleus , not normally visible</li> </ul>
			2 determine / distinguish between , different stages (of mitosis / division / cell cycle) ;		
			3 (staining) provide contrast (between cell structures) / AW;		3 <b>IGNORE</b> different structures can be seen (this is visibility not contrast)
			4 (because) different, structures / chemicals, take up different amounts of stain;	max 2	4 IGNORE different tissues or cells , take up different amounts of stain
4	(b)	(ii)	mitosis / mitotic;	1	spelling must be correct

C	Question		Expected Answer	Mark	Additional Guidance
4	(c)		<b>Two</b> marks for correct answer, even if no working shown		
			18.00 ; ;		<b>CREDIT</b> 18 / 18.0
					If answer is incorrect or missing allow one mark for working
					100 – 82
					or
					4.34.+ 3.23 + 3.23 + 7.20 or
				2	18 somewhere in working
4	(4)				Mark the first answer. If the first answer is correct
4	(d)				and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = <b>0 marks</b>
					<b>IGNORE</b> ref to cells produced by mitosis (as qu asks about meiosis)
			in meiosis		
			(cells produced are) not <u>genetically</u> identical ;		ACCEPT not clones Award in context of genetically different from parent or from each other
			one set of chromosomes / haploid ;		ACCEPT half number of chromosomes / half genetic material
			(they are) gametes ;		
			four cells produced ;	max 1	
			Total	[8]	

G	Question		Expected Answer		Mark	Additional Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	1	idea of not breathing through nose;		1 e.g. subject wears nose clip / plug or holds nose
			2	subject breathes, evenly / normally / regularly;		2 IGNORE at rest
			3	<i>idea of</i> (measure) height / amplitude , of waves (from trace) ;		3 ACCEPT (measure) difference between peak and trough
						ACCEPT annotated diagram / annotations on graph
			4	measure at least three waves and calculate mean;		
			5	detail of how spirometer works ;		<ul> <li>5 e.g. as breathe <u>in</u> lid goes <u>down</u> / as breathe <u>out</u> lid goes <u>up</u> e.g. movement of lid recorded , on trace / by data logger e.g. pen attached to lid moves up/down as breathe DO NOT CREDIT description of water level changing IGNORE ref to using mouthpiece, soda lime,</li> </ul>
					max 3	oxygen
5	(a)	(ii)	10	) further waves drawn with similar heights ;		Look for 10 extra peaks and 10 extra troughs <b>Note</b> 'similar' means no wave drawn for vital capacity – all waves should be approximately same height
			tra	ace falls ;	2	

C	Question		Expected Answer		Mark	Additional Guidance	
5	(a)	(iii)	1	measure , volume of oxygen used / decrease in volume in chamber ;		1	ACCEPT annotations on graph ACCEPT 'measure how much the trace has gone down' or 'measure decrease in trace'
			2	one detail of how to measure volume change;		2	e.g. draw line along tips of , peaks / troughs e.g. find difference in height from one , peak / trough , to another
			3	measure time taken (to use this oxygen);		3	<b>ACCEPT</b> (measure volume of oxygen used) in a given time
			4	divide (volume) by time taken ;		4	ACCEPT unit stated to indicate rate has been calculated e.g. dm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> / dm <sup>3</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>
					3		OTE 'draw line along tips of, peaks / troughs and culate gradient of line' = 3 marks (mark points 1, 3 & 4)
5	(b)					Ma	rk the first <i>two</i> factors.
5			1	check health of volunteer;		1	e.g. check medical history of volunteer ask about asthma / TB / pneumonia / flu / bronchitis / emphysema
			2 3	oxygen used ; new / sterilised / disinfected , mouthpiece (for each volunteer);		3	IGNORE clean mouthpiece
			4	idea of: soda lime working ;		4	CREDIT need to remove CO <sub>2</sub> / CO <sub>2</sub> accumulates
			5	sufficient oxygen in chamber ;		5	IGNORE enough air in chamber
			6 7	water level not too high / water must not enter tubes ; ensure valves working correctly ;	max 2	6	IGNORE general ref to leaks
			To		[10]		

6 (a) (ii) sink	Expected Answer		Additional Guidance	
6 (b) 3	sucrose ;	1	<b>Mark the first answer.</b> If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = <b>0 marks</b>	
6 (b) 1 2 3	sink ; neither ; sink ;	3	Mark the first answer for each tissue. If the first answer is correct and an additional answer is given that is incorrect or contradicts the correct answer then = 0 marks	
1 2 3		•		
2			Mark the first <u>two</u> adaptations.	
3	1 elongated elements ;		1 ACCEPT cells	
	2 elements, joined end to end / form column;		2 ACCEPT cells	
4	3 sieve plates / pores in end walls / perforated end plates / sieve pores ;		3 response must refer to pores at ends of sieve elements	
	4 little cytoplasm / cytoplasm pushed to cell edges / thin (layer of) cytoplasm ;		4 IGNORE hollow	
5	5 no nucleus / few organelles ;	max 2	5 <b>IGNORE</b> no organelles / few cell contents	

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Question	Expected Answer		Additional Guidance	
6 (c)	1 active transport of, hydrogen ions / protons / H <sup>+</sup> , out of companion cells;		1 ACCEPT description of active transport DO NOT CREDIT hydrogen, H, H <sub>2</sub> , hydrogen molecules	
	2 creates , hydrogen ion / concentration / diffusion , gradient ;		2 ACCEPT description of gradient created	
	3 (facilitated) diffusion (of H <sup>+</sup> ) back into companion cells;			
	4 sucrose / assimilates , move in with hydrogen ions ;			
	5 by cotransport / through cotransport protein ;		5 IGNORE carrier protein	
	6 sucrose / assimilates , (diffuse) through plasmodesmata (from companion cell to sieve element) ;			
	7 into sieve, tube / element ;	max 3	For mark points 4 and 6 IGNORE sugar If wrong assimilate is named e.g. glucose penalise once and then apply ECF	
	QWC ;	max 5	Any <b>three</b> with correct spelling and a suitable context from:	
		4	companion,diffuse / diffusion,gradient,concentration,facilitated,cotransport,plasmodesmata,sieve tube,sieve alementbydrogen ione / protone	
	Total	[10]	sieve element, hydrogen ions / protons	

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