



H

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

APPLICATIONS OF MATHEMATICS

A381/02

Applications of Mathematics 1 (Higher Tier)

Candidates answer on the question paper.

OCR supplied materials:
None

Other materials required:

- Scientific or graphical calculator
- Geometrical instruments
- Tracing paper (optional)

Monday 6 June 2011

Afternoon

Duration: 1 hour 15 minutes



Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
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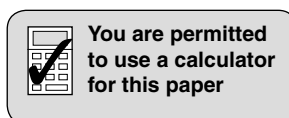
Centre number						Candidate number				
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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

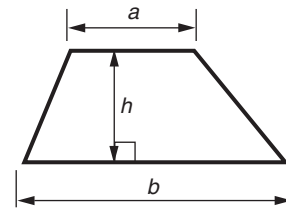
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- Your Quality of Written Communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- This document consists of **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



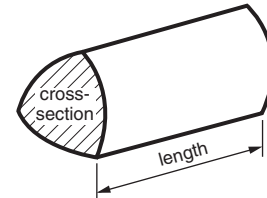
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Formulae Sheet: Higher Tier

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$



Volume of prism = (area of cross-section) \times length

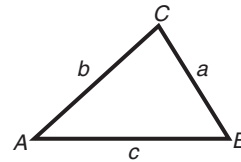


In any triangle ABC

Sine rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

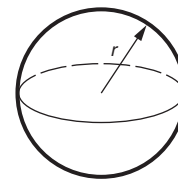
Cosine rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$



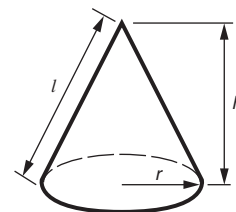
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$



Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$,
where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

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1 Work out.

$$\frac{17.2^2 - 8.3}{1.8 + \sqrt{91.6}}$$

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

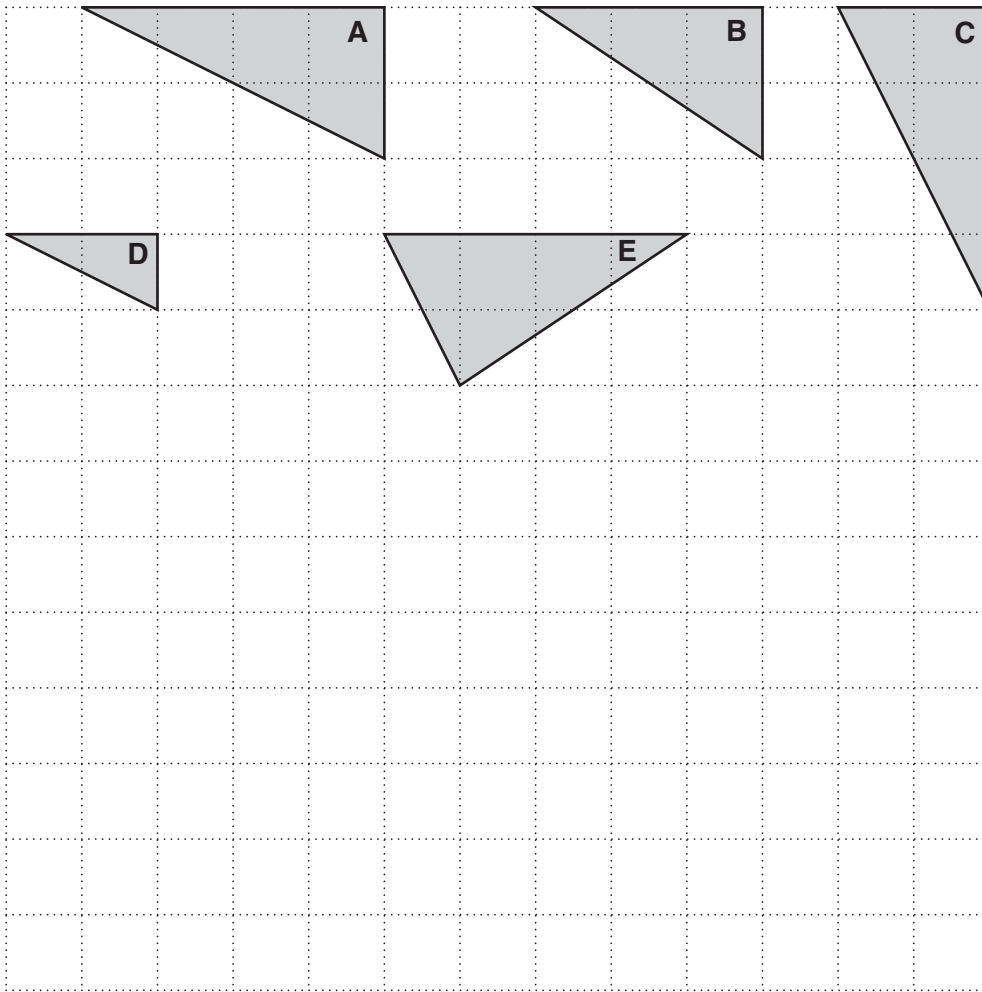
_____ [2]

2 Solve.

$$5(3x - 1) = 3(3x + 4) - 2$$

_____ [3]

- 3 These five triangles are drawn on a centimetre square grid. Together they make up the parts of a puzzle.



- (a) Which of the triangles is congruent to triangle **A**?

(a) _____ [1]

- (b) Which of the triangles is similar to triangle **A** but **not** congruent to it?

(b) _____ [1]

- (c) To solve the puzzle the triangles have to be fitted together to make a square.

What is the length of the side of the square?

(c) _____ cm [3]

- 4 By rounding each number to one significant figure, estimate the answer to this calculation.

$$\frac{289.4 \times \sqrt[3]{60}}{5.86}$$

_____ [2]

- 5 (a) In February 2011 a motor company made 13 200 cars.
In March the number of cars made was 15% more than in February.

How many cars were made in March?

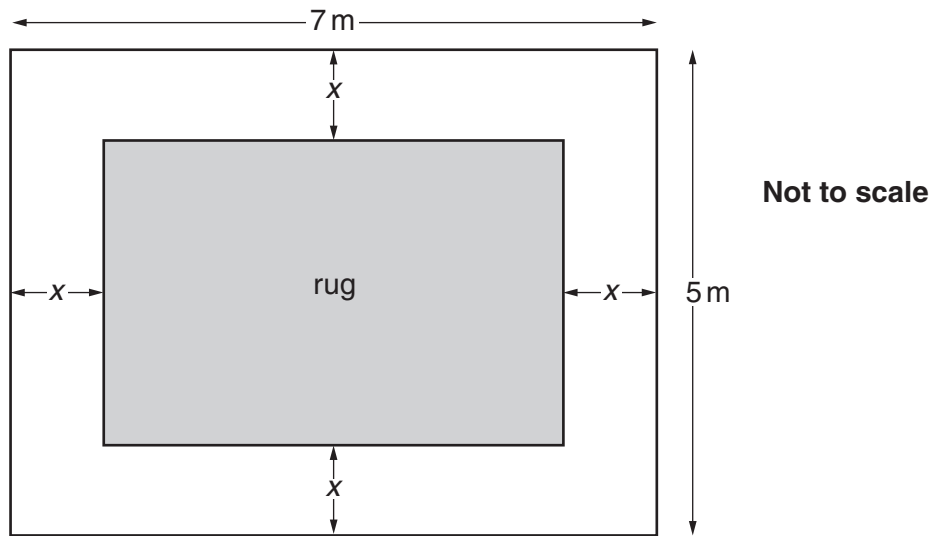
(a) _____ [2]

- (b) In April the company made 2875 vans.
This was 8% less than the previous month.

How many vans were made in March?

(b) _____ [2]

- 6 The sketch shows the floor plan of a room partially covered by a rug. The room measures 7 m by 5 m. The border around the rug is x metres wide.



- (a) (i) Find, in terms of x , an expression for the length of the rug.

(a)(i) _____ [1]

- (ii) Find, and simplify, an expression for the perimeter of the rug.

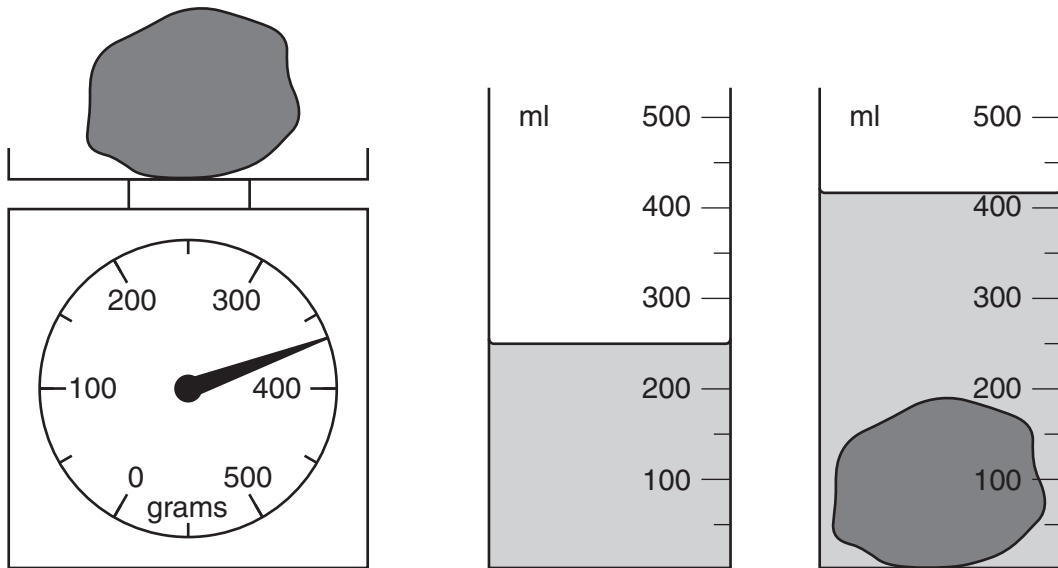
(ii) _____ [2]

- (b) The perimeter of the rug is 20 m.

Find the length and width of the rug.

(b) _____ m by _____ m [3]

- 7 David conducted an experiment to find an estimate for the density of sandstone. He used weighing scales and a measuring cylinder. He weighed the sandstone and then placed it in a measuring cylinder containing water. The diagrams show the stages.

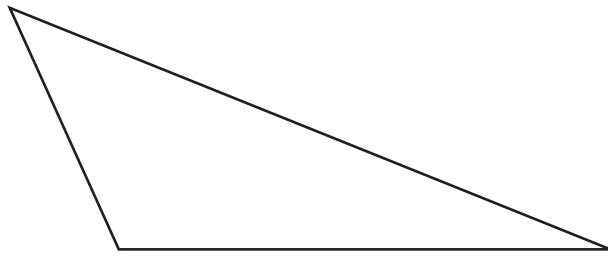


Use the information shown to estimate the density of sandstone.
Give the units of your answer.

[5]

8

8 Trevor drew this triangle.



Work out the area of Trevor's triangle.

_____ cm² [3]

- 9 Ms Smith ran a competition for parents and pupils. When she counted up the entries she noticed that the total number of entries was a square number greater than 100.

$\frac{5}{8}$ of the entries were from parents.

$\frac{1}{4}$ of the entries were from girls.

The rest of the entries were from boys.

Calculate the minimum possible number of entries from boys.

[4]

10 Teresa's car has a trip computer.

It records the petrol consumption in litres per 100 km and also in miles per gallon.

The number of litres per 100 km, L , is inversely proportional to the number of miles per gallon, M .

For a journey the computer records L as 11.3 and M as 40.

(a) Find a formula for L in terms of M .

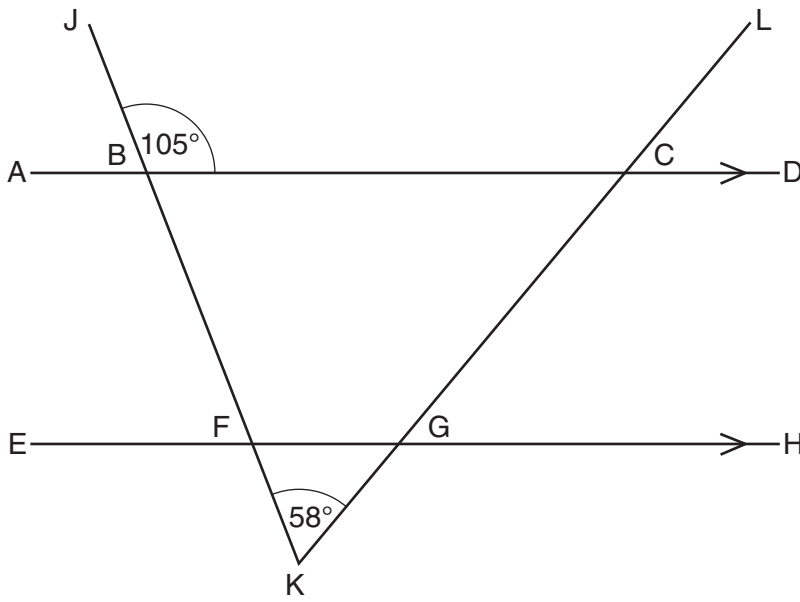
(a) _____ [2]

(b) For a different journey the computer records 50 miles per gallon.

How many litres per 100 km is this?

(b) _____ [1]

11*



Not to scale

AD and EH are parallel straight lines.
 Angle $JBC = 105^\circ$ and angle $FKG = 58^\circ$.
 JBFK and LCGK are straight lines.

Calculate angle FGC.
 Give clear mathematical reasons for each step of your working.

[4]

12 Pino is going on holiday to St Anton in Austria.

- (a) He changes £500 into euros (€).
The exchange rate is £1 = €1.16.

What is £500 in euros?

(a) € _____ [1]

- (b) Pino will drive from Calais to St Anton.
This table gives some information about his route.

Total distance = 896 km (548 km of which is on motorways)
Average speed on motorways = 120 km/h
Average speed on other roads = 80 km/h
Petrol consumption on motorways = 11.3 litres per 100 km
Petrol consumption on other roads = 10.0 litres per 100 km
Average cost of petrol = €1.30 per litre

- (i) Calculate the total driving time for this route.
Give your answer in hours and minutes.

(b)(i) _____ hours _____ minutes [4]

- (ii) Calculate the total cost of the petrol for this route.

(ii) € _____ [4]

13 (a) Write these as a power of 5.

(i) 1

(a)(i) _____ [1]

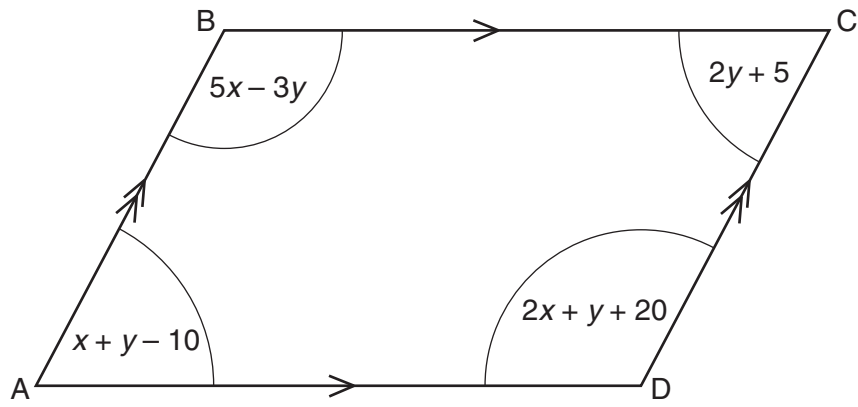
(ii) $\frac{1}{25}$

(ii) _____ [1]

(b) Find the value of $16^{\frac{3}{2}}$.

(b) _____ [2]

14



Work out the size of each angle in the parallelogram.

[6]

15
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