

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
AS GCE**

4771

MATHEMATICS (MEI)

Decision Mathematics 1

QUESTION PAPER

MONDAY 23 JANUARY 2012: Morning

DURATION: 1 hour 30 minutes

SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES

Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book or any suitable paper provided by the centre. The Printed Answer Book may be enlarged by the centre.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

Printed Answer Book 4771

MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

Scientific or graphical calculator

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

These instructions are the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- **The Question Paper will be found in the centre of the Printed Answer Book.**
- **Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Printed Answer Book. Please write clearly and in capital letters.**
- **Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book or any suitable paper provided by the centre. The Printed Answer Book may be enlarged by the centre.**
- **Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).**
- **Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.**
- **Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.**
- **Answer ALL the questions.**
- **You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.**
- **Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.**

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

This information is the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- **The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question on the Question Paper.**
- **You are advised that an answer may receive NO MARKS unless you show sufficient detail of the working to indicate that a correct method is being used.**
- **The total number of marks for this paper is 72.**

INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR

- **Do not send this Question Paper for marking; it should be retained in the centre or recycled. Please contact OCR Copyright should you wish to re-use this document.**

SECTION A (24 marks)

- 1 Fig. 1a shows two squares joined together to make a shape. Each line of the squares is an ‘edge’ and the edges meet at a ‘corner’.

Fig. 1b shows a graph which has been obtained from the shape in Fig. 1a by producing a vertex for each edge. Vertices in the graph are connected with a straight line if their corresponding edges meet at a corner.

The shape on Fig. 1a has 7 edges which correspond to the 7 vertices in the graph on Fig. 1b.

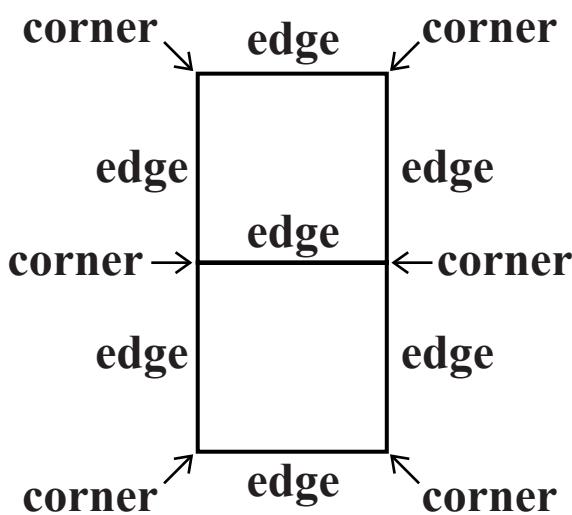


Fig. 1a

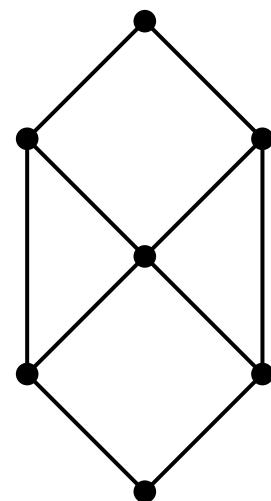


Fig. 1b

- (i) Draw the graph for a square. [4]

- (ii) Obtain the number of vertices and the number of connecting lines for the graph of the shape formed by 3 squares which is shown on Fig. 1c. [4]

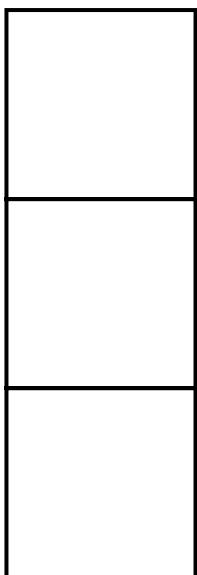


Fig. 1c

- 2** The following is called the ‘1089’ algorithm. In steps 1 to 4 numbers are to be written with exactly three digits; for example 42 is written as 042.

- Step 1** Choose a 3-digit number, with no digit being repeated.
- Step 2** Form a new number by reversing the order of the three digits.
- Step 3** Subtract the smaller number from the larger and call the difference D. If the two numbers are the same then D = 000.
- Step 4** Form a new number by reversing the order of the three digits of D, and call it R.
- Step 5** Find the sum of D and R.
- (i) Apply the algorithm, choosing 427 for your 3-digit number, and showing all of the steps. [4]
- (ii) Apply the algorithm to a 3-digit number of your choice, showing all of the steps. [2]
- (iii) Investigate what happens if digits may be repeated in the 3-digit number in step 1. [2]

- 3 Solve the following LP problem graphically. A grid is provided.**

Maximise $2x + 3y$
subject to $x + y \leq 11$
 $3x + 5y \leq 39$
 $x + 6y \leq 39.$

[8]

SECTION B (48 marks)

- 4** The table below defines a network in which the numbers represent lengths.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
A	–	5	2	3	–	–	–
B	5	–	–	–	1	1	–
C	2	–	–	–	4	1	–
D	3	–	–	–	4	2	–
E	–	1	4	4	–	–	1
F	–	1	1	2	–	–	5
G	–	–	–	–	1	5	–

- (i) On the diagram provided draw the network. [3]
- (ii) Use Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest paths from A to each of the other vertices. Give the paths and their lengths. [6]
- (iii) On the diagram provided draw a new network containing all of the edges in your shortest paths, and find the total length of the edges in this network. [2]
- (iv) Find a minimum connector for the original network, draw it on the diagram provided, and give the total length of its edges. [4]
- (v) Explain why the method defined by parts (i), (ii) and (iii) does not always give a minimum connector. [1]

- 5** Five gifts are to be distributed among five people, A, B, C, D and E. The gifts are labelled from 1 to 5. Each gift is allocated randomly to one of the five people. A person can receive more than one gift.
- (i) Use one-digit random numbers to simulate this process. One-digit random numbers are provided in your answer book.
- Explain how your simulation works.
- Produce a table, showing how many gifts each person receives. [6]
- (ii) Carry out four more simulations showing, in each case, how many gifts each person receives. [2]
- (iii) Use your simulation to estimate the probabilities of a person receiving 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 gifts. [5]
- (iv) Describe what you would have to do differently if there were six people and six gifts. [3]

- 6** The table below shows the tasks involved in making a salad, their durations and their precedences.

	Task	Duration (seconds)	Immediate predecessors
B	get out bowl and implements	10	—
I	get out ingredients	10	—
L	chop lettuce	15	B, I
W	wash tomatoes and celery	25	B, I
T	chop tomatoes	15	W
C	chop celery	10	W
P	peel apple	20	B, I
A	chop apple	10	P
D	dress salad	10	L, T, C, A

- (i) Draw an activity on arc network for these activities. [5]
- (ii) Mark on your diagram the early and late times for each event. Give the minimum completion time and the critical activities. [6]
- (iii) Given that each task can only be done by one person, how many people are needed to prepare the salad in the minimum time?

What is the minimum time required to prepare the salad if only one person is available? [2]

- (iv) Show how two people can prepare the salad as quickly as possible. [3]

BLANK PAGE



Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.