

**Friday 13 January 2012 – Afternoon**

**AS GCE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS**

**F851/01/I** Contemporary Politics of the UK

**INSERT**

**Duration:** 1 hour 30 minutes



**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- You must use your own knowledge and the sources in this Insert to answer Question 1.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- This document consists of **2** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

**INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR**

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## Sources for Question 1

Read the sources below and use them when answering Question 1.

### SOURCE A: *Liberty*

*Liberty* was founded in 1934 as the *National Council for Civil Liberties* and describes itself as, “a cross party, non-party membership organisation at the heart of the movement for fundamental rights and freedoms in England and Wales”.

According to its website, *Liberty's* mission is “to protect civil liberties and promote human rights for everyone” and does so by campaigning “through the courts, in Parliament and in the wider community” using a combination of “public campaigning, test case litigation, parliamentary lobbying, policy analysis and the provision of free advice and information”.

### SOURCE B: Membership of voluntary organisations

According to *The Electoral Commission* website, in 2010 there were 396 registered political parties in Great Britain and a further 43 in Northern Ireland. They included *A Country Once Proud*, *A Vote Against MP Expense Abuse* and *Action to Save St John's Hospital*.

In the same year, the *Directory of British Associations* listed more than 7,000 voluntary associations including some 1,500 trade associations, 1,350 professional bodies and 3,170 other organisations, many of which could be classed as pressure groups.

Further, while the *Royal Society for the Protection of Birds* has an income in excess of £110m a year, and the trade union *Unison's* annual membership subscriptions amount to £160m, the typical yearly income of the Labour and Conservative parties nationally is between £30m and £40m each.



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