

**Friday 17 May 2013 – Afternoon**

**GCSE SOCIOLOGY**

**B671/01** Sociology Basics

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

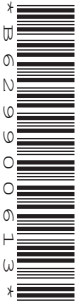
**OCR supplied materials:**

None

**Other materials required:**

None

**Duration:** 1 hour



Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
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Centre number						Candidate number				
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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- You will be awarded marks in questions 5 and 9 for the quality of written communication of your answer.
- This document consists of **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

## SECTION A – Research methods and evidence

Answer **all** questions.

### Source A: Mental Health Today

For my major research project at university, I decided to focus on reasons for the rise in mental health problems in the UK. This was a topic of personal interest to me as several of my family and friends had been prescribed anti-depressants.

I was not interested in finding out about patterns and trends but instead aimed to produce in-depth information about mental health issues.

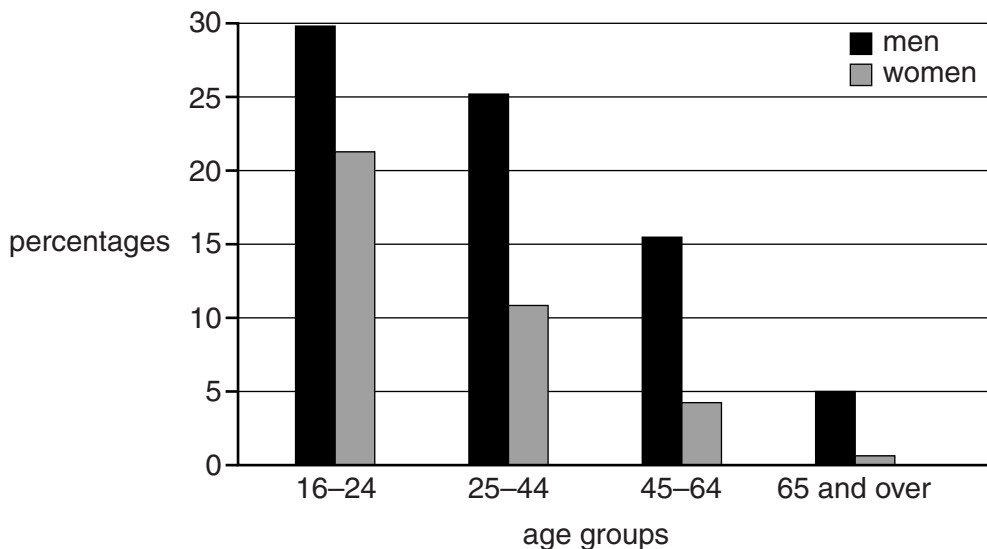
A close friend of mine who had been diagnosed with depression herself agreed to be in my sample and said she would find me other participants using her own and her friends' contacts.

I ended up with a sample of 10 female students from my university that I used for my longitudinal study. Before starting my research I carried out a pilot study.

(University student's research, 2013, Scotland)

### Source B: Alcohol and gender

Men and women who drank heavily on at least one day in the previous week



(Adapted from UK Government statistics, ONS, 2005)

1 Using **Source A** to help you, state whether the following statements (**a–d**) are **true** or **false**.

Circle the correct answer like this:

TRUE      FALSE

Or

TRUE       FALSE

(a) The researcher was a school student.

TRUE      FALSE      [1]

(b) The research took a long time to complete.

TRUE      FALSE      [1]

(c) A snowball sample was used to get the participants for the research.

TRUE      FALSE      [1]

(d) The data gathered from the study was qualitative.

TRUE      FALSE      [1]

2 Identify and explain **two** reasons why the research in **Source A** might **not** be useful for showing the experience of **all** people with mental health issues in the UK.

1 .....

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.....

.....

2 .....

.....

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.....

.....

[4]

3 (a) Describe why a pilot study is used in sociological research.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(b) (i) Describe **one** advantage of using a longitudinal study as a research method.

.....  
..... [1]

(ii) Describe **one** disadvantage of using a longitudinal study as a research method.

.....  
..... [1]

4 (a) (i) Using **Source B**, identify the age group in which women are most likely to drink heavily.

..... [1]

(ii) Using **Source B**, what percentage of men aged 65 and over drank heavily?

..... [1]

(b) Identify and explain **two** reasons why the evidence in **Source B** might **not** be accurate.

1 .....

.....  
.....  
.....

2 .....

.....  
.....  
.....

[4]

5 'In the UK, males are more likely than females to have poor health.'

Explain and justify the **methods** and **evidence** you would use to investigate this hypothesis.

You **must** include the following:

- first primary method and sample;
- second primary method and sample;
- secondary evidence;
- how your research will help you investigate the hypothesis 'In the UK, males are more likely than females to have poor health'.

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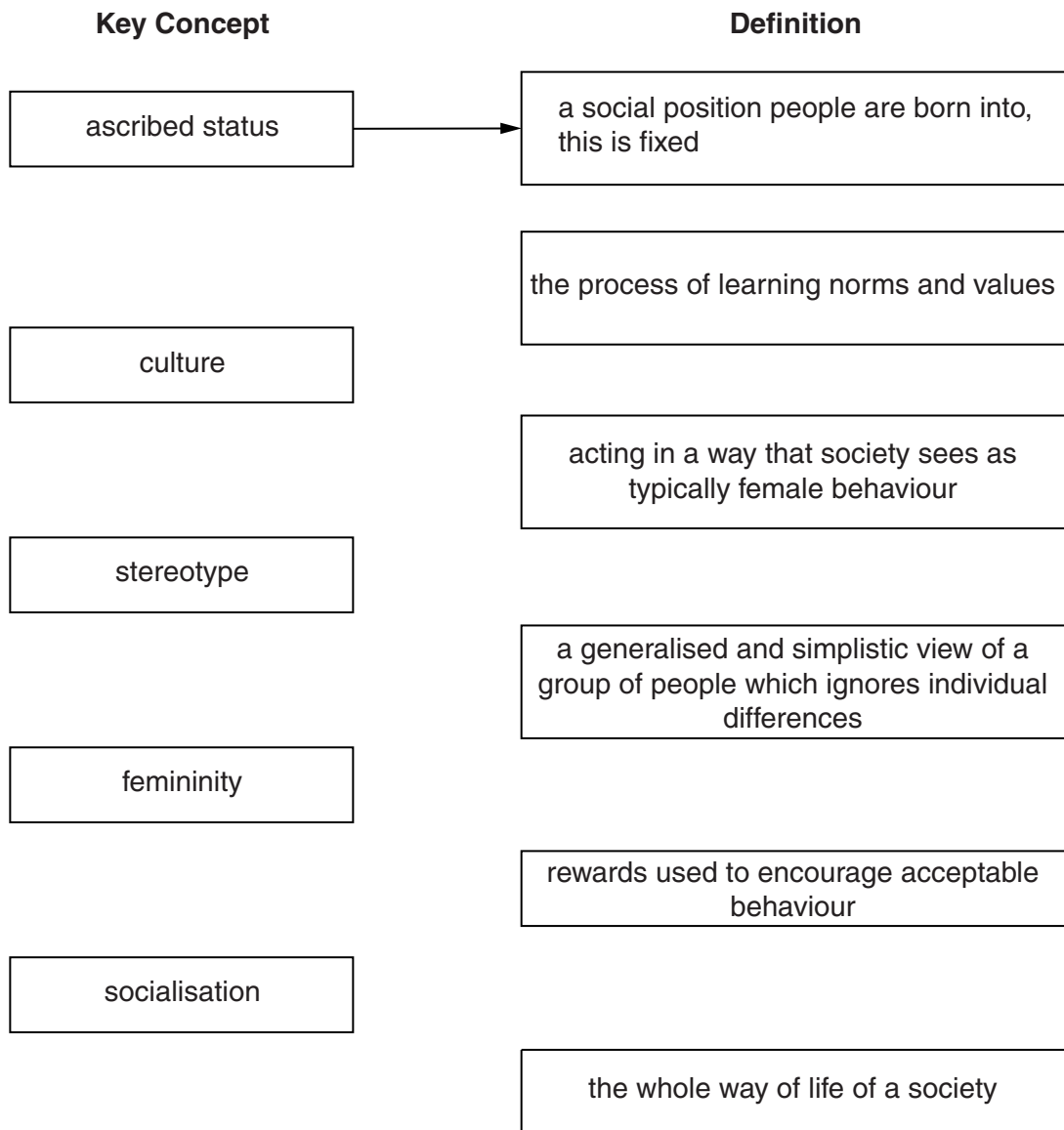
..... [12]

## SECTION B – Key Concepts in Sociology

Answer **all** questions.

6 Look at the diagram below.

Match the key sociological concept with an arrow to the correct definition. The first one is done for you. There are more definitions than concepts.



[4]

Source C: Images of traditional masculinity



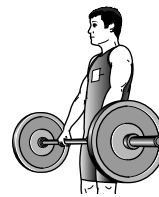
businessman



in the pub



builder



physical strength

7 (a) Source C shows examples of traditional masculine behaviour.

Identify one agent of socialisation which might encourage traditional masculine behaviour.

..... [1]

(b) Identify one way that men's behaviour is becoming less traditionally masculine.

.....  
..... [1]

(c) Identify and explain **two** sanctions that could be used to prevent unacceptable behaviour in society.

1 .....  
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2 .....  
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.....

[4]



(d) Identify and explain **one** role played in a school.

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.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(e) Identify and explain **one** example of role conflict.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

8 (a) Identify and describe **one** example of a subculture.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(b) Identify and describe **one** example of gender differences in the workplace.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]



**ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE**

If additional answer space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.

A large area of lined paper for writing answers. It features a vertical solid line on the left side, creating a margin. The rest of the page is filled with horizontal dotted lines, providing space for writing. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page.

A large area of the page is reserved for writing, featuring a vertical solid line on the left side and horizontal dotted lines extending across the page.



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