

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
GCSE**

B603/01

**RELIGIOUS STUDIES B (PHILOSOPHY
AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)**

**Ethics 1 (Relationships, Medical Ethics,
Poverty and Wealth)**

MONDAY 12 MAY 2014: Morning

**DURATION: 1 hour
plus your additional time allowance**

MODIFIED ENLARGED

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

**12 page Answer Booklet
(sent with general stationery)**

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

None

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.

Use black ink.

Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the answer booklet.

Answer TWO questions.

You must answer your two questions from DIFFERENT sections.

Section A – Religion and Human Relationships

Section B – Religion and Medical Ethics

Section C – Religion, Poverty and Wealth

You must answer ALL parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.

Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 51.


You will be assessed on the quality of written communication in your answer to the following: parts d and e of all questions. Questions marked with a pencil (✎) will carry 3 additional marks for spelling, punctuation and grammar. Where there is more than 1 question assessing spelling, punctuation and grammar the highest mark will count.

Any blank pages are indicated.

SECTION A – RELIGION AND HUMAN RELATIONSHIPS

If you choose ONE question from this section you must answer ALL parts (a–e) of the question.

1 BUDDHISM


- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons which a Buddhist might give for getting married. [2]**
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Buddhists towards the role of women in the family. [3]**
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Buddhists. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘A marriage will NOT fail if the couple share a religious faith.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

2 CHRISTIANITY


- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons which a Christian might give for getting married. [2]**
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Christians towards the role of women in the family. [3]**
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Christians. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘A marriage will NOT fail if the couple share a religious faith.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

3 HINDUISM


- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons which a Hindu might give for getting married. [2]**
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Hindus towards the role of women in the family. [3]**
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Hindus. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘A marriage will NOT fail if the couple share a religious faith.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

4 ISLAM


- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons which a Muslim might give for getting married. [2]**
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Muslims towards the role of women in the family. [3]**
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Muslims. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘A marriage will NOT fail if the couple share a religious faith.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

5 JUDAISM


- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons which a Jew might give for getting married. [2]**
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Jews towards the role of women in the family. [3]**
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Jews. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘A marriage will NOT fail if the couple share a religious faith.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

6 SIKHISM

- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons which a Sikh might give for getting married. [2]**
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Sikhs towards the role of women in the family. [3]**
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Sikhs. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘A marriage will NOT fail if the couple share a religious faith.’**

Discuss this statement.


You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

SECTION B – RELIGION AND MEDICAL ETHICS

If you choose ONE question from this section you must answer ALL parts (a–e) of the question.

7 BUDDHISM

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO beliefs Buddhists might have about cloning. [2]**
- (c) Describe ONE attitude some Buddhists have towards abortion. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Buddhists have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

8 CHRISTIANITY

(a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]

(b) State TWO beliefs Christians might have about cloning. [2]

(c) Describe ONE attitude some Christians have towards abortion. [3]

(d) Explain why Christians have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]



(e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’


Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]



Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

9 HINDUISM

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO beliefs Hindus might have about cloning. [2]**
- (c) Describe ONE attitude some Hindus have towards abortion. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Hindus have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

10 ISLAM

(a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]

(b) State TWO beliefs Muslims might have about cloning. [2]

(c) Describe ONE attitude some Muslims have towards abortion. [3]

(d) Explain why Muslims have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]


 **(e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

11 JUDAISM


- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO beliefs Jews might have about cloning. [2]**
- (c) Describe ONE attitude some Jews have towards abortion. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Jews have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

12 SIKHISM

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]**
- (b) State TWO beliefs Sikhs might have about cloning. [2]**
- (c) Describe ONE attitude some Sikhs have towards abortion. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Sikhs have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’**

Discuss this statement.


You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

SECTION C – RELIGION, POVERTY AND WEALTH

If you choose ONE question from this section you must answer ALL parts (a–e) of the question.

13 BUDDHISM

- (a) Give ONE way in which a Buddhist might support a charity. [1]**
- (b) State TWO Buddhist teachings about being wealthy. [2]**
- (c) Describe ONE Buddhist belief about immoral occupations. [3]**
- (d) Explain why, according to Buddhist teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

14 CHRISTIANITY

- (a) Give ONE way in which a Christian might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State TWO Christian teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe ONE Christian belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Christian teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]

 (e) 'Religion can't help the poor.'

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

15 HINDUISM

- (a) Give ONE way in which a Hindu might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State TWO Hindu teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe ONE Hindu belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Hindu teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]



- (e) 'Religion can't help the poor.'

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]



Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

16 ISLAM

- (a) Give ONE way in which a Muslim might support a charity. [1]**
- (b) State TWO Muslim teachings about being wealthy. [2]**
- (c) Describe ONE Muslim belief about immoral occupations. [3]**
- (d) Explain why, according to Muslim teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]**



- (e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]



Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

17 JUDAISM

- (a) Give ONE way in which a Jew might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State TWO Jewish teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe ONE Jewish belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Jewish teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]



- (e) 'Religion can't help the poor.'


Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]



Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

18 SIKHISM

- (a) Give ONE way in which a Sikh might support a charity. [1]**
- (b) State TWO Sikh teachings about being wealthy. [2]**
- (c) Describe ONE Sikh belief about immoral occupations. [3]**
- (d) Explain why, according to Sikh teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]**
-  **(e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’**

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 **Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]**

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