

**GCSE (9–1)**

*Transition Guide*

# ***GATEWAY SCIENCE CHEMISTRY A***

J248

For first teaching in 2016

**KS3–KS4 focus**

**Predicting and  
identifying reactions  
and products**

Version 1



**GCSE (9–1)*****GATEWAY SCIENCE CHEMISTRY A***

Key Stage 3 to 4 Transition guides focus on how a particular topic is covered at the different key stages and provide information on:

- Differences in the demand and approach at the different levels;
- Useful ways to think about the content at Key Stage 3 which will help prepare students for progression to Key Stage 4;
- Common student misconceptions in this topic.

Transition guides also contain links to a range of teaching activities that can be used to deliver the content at Key Stage 3 and 4 and are designed to be of use to teachers of both key stages. Central to the transition guide is a Checkpoint task which is specifically designed to help teachers determine whether students have developed deep conceptual understanding of the topic at Key Stage 3 and assess their 'readiness for progression' to Key Stage 4 content on this topic. This checkpoint task can be used as a summative assessment at the end of Key Stage 3 teaching of the topic or by Key Stage 4 teachers to establish their students' conceptual starting point.

Key Stage 3 to 4 Transition Guides are written by experts with experience of teaching at both key stages.

Mapping KS3 to KS4	Page 3
Possible Teaching Activities (KS3 focus)	Page 5
Checkpoint task	Page 6
Possible Teaching Activities (KS4 focus)	Page 7
Possible Extension Activities (KS4 focus)	Page 8
Resources, links and support	Page 9

## Key Stage 3 Content

### Periodic Table

- the varying physical and chemical properties of different elements
- the principles underpinning the Mendeleev Periodic Table
- the Periodic Table: periods and groups; metals and non-metals
- how patterns in reactions can be predicted with reference to the Periodic Table
- the properties of metals and non-metals
- the chemical properties of metal and non-metal oxides with respect to acidity.



## Key Stage 4 Content

### Sub-Topic C4.1 Predicting chemical reactions

- C4.1a recall the simple properties of Groups 1, 7 and 0
- C4.1b explain how observed simple properties of Groups 1, 7 and 0 depend on the outer shell of electrons of the atoms and predict properties from given trends down the groups
- C4.1c recall the general properties of transition metals and their compounds and exemplify these by reference to a small number of transition metals
- C4.1d predict possible reactions and probable reactivity of elements from their positions in the Periodic Table
- C4.1e explain how the reactivity of metals with water or dilute acids is related to the tendency of the metal to form its positive ion
- C4.1f deduce an order of reactivity of metals based on experimental results

### Sub-Topic C4.2 Identifying the products of chemical reactions

- C4.2a describe tests to identify selected gases
- C4.2b describe tests to identify aqueous cations and aqueous anions
- C4.2c describe how to perform a flame test
- C4.2d identify species from test results
- C4.2e interpret flame tests to identify metal ions
- C4.2f describe the advantages of instrumental methods of analysis
- C4.2g interpret an instrumental result given appropriate data in chart or tabular form, when accompanied by a reference set of data in the same form

## Comment

The Key Stage 3 Science Programme of Study gives sufficient coverage of the principles and use of the Periodic table and the patterns that lie within it. The general properties of metals and non-metals and their relative positions in the table help learners develop knowledge of the patterns in reactions that result.

The broader detail in Key Stage 3 is given greater focus and Group 1 and 7 are used to further learners' predictive skills with respect to reactions and forms some of the basis for later ideas such as redox reactions. The study of metals extends to the Transition metals in order to allow for the development of the reactivity series of metals.

### Properties

Learners tend to rely on their own awareness of the world around them. The idea that everything is made of particles (consisting mostly of space!) is contrary to the concrete world around them. Thus unseen participants such as oxygen or gaseous products tend not to be considered when observing a reaction. Thus the addition of the mass of oxygen or the loss of the mass of carbon dioxide tend to be overlooked.

## Activities

### Periodic Table Challenge: BPES

Resources: <http://bpes.bp.com/secondary-resources/science/ages-12-to-14/the-periodic-table/periodic-table-challenge/>

A continuous game of elimination to learn the nature of the elements.

### Periodic Table lesson: TES

Resources: <https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/ks3-atoms-l2-periodic-table-6352230>

Worksheets and ppt for a lesson looking at the development and use of the Periodic table.

### Periodic Table quiz: Education Quizzes

Resources: <http://www.educationquizzes.com/ks3/science/atoms-and-elements-01/>

Short interactive quiz on the periodic table.

### Metal or non-metal: Quizlet

Resources: <https://quizlet.com/82067575/properties-of-metals-and-non-metals-flash-cards/>

Online material and quizzes on the differences in physical properties of metals and non-metals.

Mapping KS4 to KS5

Possible Teaching  
Activities (KS3 focus)

Checkpoint task

Possible Teaching  
Activities (KS4 focus)Possible Extension  
Activities (KS4 focus)Resources, links  
and support

## Checkpoint task

The activities here have been designed for use in determining progress at both Key Stage 3 and 4. Running the activities before teaching Key Stage 4 material allows for measuring progress and for establishing a basis of learners' current knowledge.

Choice of how to present the questions has been left to the teacher. The teaching activities above already have a number of quizzes so using SOLO hexagons is a possibility here with learners building up a pictorial idea of how the properties and tests link.

### Checkpoint Task:

[www.ocr.org.uk/Images/312943-predicting-and-identifying-reactions-and-products-checkpoint-task.doc](http://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/312943-predicting-and-identifying-reactions-and-products-checkpoint-task.doc)

## Activities

### The Periodic Table Challenge: BPES

<http://bpes.bp.com/secondary-resources/science/ages-14-to-16/chemical-and-material-behaviour/periodic-table-challenge>

Teacher's notes and an online quiz at three levels help learn the properties of the elements in three levels. By level 3 the questions need detailed knowledge of the reactions of the elements. This is excellent for developing skills in reading questions without error.

### Tests for anions: Quizlet

<https://quizlet.com/117939913/tests-for-anions-flash-cards/>

An online activity covering all the necessary tests in a number of formats.

### Tests for cations: Quizlet

<https://quizlet.com/117939217/tests-for-cations-flash-cards/>

An online activity covering all the necessary tests in a number of formats.

### Reactivity Series: Quizlet

<https://quizlet.com/112757733/chemistry-reactivity-series-flash-cards/>

An online quiz with a variety of tasks covering the detail of creating the reactivity series.

### Tests for gases

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LiAvDpl5aJA>

A short video covering the tests for oxygen, carbon dioxide and hydrogen.

## Activities

### Inspirational chemistry - analysis: Learn Chemistry

<http://www.rsc.org/learn-chemistry/resource/res00001936/analysis>

The first two experiments on this page give learners the opportunity to see the tests and their results in action. Please note considerable care has to be taken with the reaction of hydroxide with aluminium as the precipitate is very quick to redissolve and may not be seen. All sheets and instructions are given.

### Effects of acid rain: Learn Chemistry

<http://www.rsc.org/learn-chemistry/resource/res00000068/afl-what-are-the-effects-of-acid-rain>

This is a piece of project work linking chemistry to real life. The tests that could be made give a chance to reinforce tests for gases and the reactivity series. Again all sheets and instructions are given.

## Resources, links and support

Learners need to be aware of instrumental methods both in terms of their speed and precision. Few schools have the facilities to do this with the instruments concerned. The Learn Chemistry website has a number of very good videos that show the machines in action and discuss their use. Spectra/ chromatograms are also available for class discussion. If at all possible link to the local university for access to their equipment.

Science Spotlight – Our termly update Science Spotlight provides useful information and helps to support our Science teaching community. Science Spotlight is designed to keep you up-to-date with Science here at OCR, as well as to share information, news and resources. Each issue is packed full with a series of exciting articles across the whole range of our Science qualifications: [www.ocr.org.uk/qualifications/by-subject/science/science-spotlight/](http://www.ocr.org.uk/qualifications/by-subject/science/science-spotlight/)

Find resources and qualification information through our science page: <http://www.ocr.org.uk/qualifications/by-subject/science/>

Contact the team: [science@ocr.org.uk](mailto:science@ocr.org.uk)

Continue the discussion on the science community forum: <http://social.ocr.org.uk/>

and follow us on Twitter, [@ocr\\_science](https://twitter.com/ocr_science)

To find out more about GCSE and A Level reform please visit: <http://www.ocr.org.uk/qualifications/gcse-and-a-level-reform>



We'd like to know your view on the resources we produce. By clicking on the 'Like' or 'Dislike' button you can help us to ensure that our resources work for you. When the email template pops up please add additional comments if you wish and then just click 'Send'. Thank you.

If you do not currently offer this OCR qualification but would like to do so, please complete the Expression of Interest Form which can be found here: [www.ocr.org.uk/expression-of-interest](http://www.ocr.org.uk/expression-of-interest)

#### **OCR Resources:** *the small print*

OCR's resources are provided to support the teaching of OCR specifications, but in no way constitute an endorsed teaching method that is required by the Board and the decision to use them lies with the individual teacher. Whilst every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of the content, OCR cannot be held responsible for any errors or omissions within these resources. We update our resources on a regular basis, so please check the OCR website to ensure you have the most up to date version.

© OCR 2016 – This resource may be freely copied and distributed, as long as the OCR logo and this message remain intact and OCR is acknowledged as the originator of this work.

OCR acknowledges the use of the following content:  
Square down and Square up: alexwhite/Shutterstock.com

Please get in touch if you want to discuss the accessibility of resources we offer to support delivery of our qualifications:  
[resources.feedback@ocr.org.uk](mailto:resources.feedback@ocr.org.uk)

We will inform centres about any changes to the specification. We will also publish changes on our website. The latest version of our specification will always be the one on our website ([www.ocr.org.uk](http://www.ocr.org.uk)) and this may differ from printed versions.

Copyright © OCR 2016. All rights reserved.

#### **Copyright**

OCR retains the copyright on all its publications, including the specifications. However, registered centres for OCR are permitted to copy material from this specification booklet for their own internal use.

## **ocr.org.uk/alevelreform** OCR customer contact centre

#### **General qualifications**

Telephone 01223 553998

Facsimile 01223 552627

Email [general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk](mailto:general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk)

OCR is part of Cambridge Assessment, a department of the University of Cambridge. For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored. © OCR 2016 Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee. Registered in England. Registered office 1 Hills Road, Cambridge CB1 2EU. Registered company number 3484466. OCR is an exempt charity.

