

Tuesday 19 May 2015 – Morning

GCSE LATIN

A401/01 Latin Language 1 (Mythology and domestic life) (Foundation Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour



Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
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Centre number						Candidate number				
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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- This document consists of **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Answer **all** the questions.

There are three passages, which form a complete story.

Read Passage A and answer the questions.

Passage A

Juno's suspicions about her husband prove to be true.

olim Iuno iratissima erat. nam audiverat famam de infidelitate Iovis. itaque Iuno ad terram descendere constituit. volebat scire quid Iuppiter faceret.

Iuppiter tamen nympham pulchram, Ionem nomine, in terra amabat. ubi Iunonem advenientem vidit, nymphae dixit, 'si Iuno te mecum videbit, te puniet. necesse est tibi formam vaccae statim capere.' ecce! subito vacca prope Iovem stabat.

sed Iuno, semper suspiciosa, Iovi dixit, 'tu debes vaccam mihi dare'. tum Iuno Argum iussit vaccam multas horas spectare. nam sciebat Iovem vaccam abducturum esse.

Names

Iuno, Iunonis (f)

Juno (a goddess and the wife of Jupiter)

Iuppiter, Iovis (m)

Jupiter (king of the gods)

Io, Ionis (f)

Io (a river nymph and the daughter of a river god)

Argus, Argi (m)

Argus (a monster with many eyes)

Vocabulary

fama, fama (f)

rumour

infidelitas, infidelitatis (f)

unfaithfulness

terra, terrae (f)

(here) earth

nympha, nymphae (f)

nymph

punio, punire, punivi, punitus

I punish

necesse est (+ dative)

it is necessary (for)

forma, formae (f)

form, appearance

vacca, vaccae (f)

cow

suspiciosus, suspiciosa, suspiciosum

suspicious

debeo, debere, debui, debitus

I must, should

- 1 *olim Iuno iratissima erat* (line 1): when Juno heard about Jupiter's unfaithfulness, how did she feel?

.....
 [2]

2 *itaque Iuno ad terram descendere constituit* (lines 1–2): what did Juno decide to do?

.....
 [2]

3 *volebat scire quid Iuppiter faceret* (line 2): what did Juno want to know?

.....
 [2]

4 *Iuppiter tamen nympham pulchram, Ionem nomine, in terra amabat* (line 3).

One of the following statements is correct.

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

A Jupiter did not like any nymphs.

B Jupiter loved the beautiful earth.

C Jupiter was in love with a nymph.

D Jupiter was terrified about his love affair.

[1]

5 *nympham pulchram, Ionem nomine* (line 3): what **two** things are we told about the nymph?

-
- [2]

6 *ubi Iunonem advenientem vidit, nymphae dixit* (lines 3–4): what did Jupiter do when he saw Juno arriving?

.....
 [2]

- 7 *'si Iuno te mecum videbit, te puniet'* (line 4): what does Jupiter say Juno will do if she sees the nymph with him?

.....
 [2]

- 8 *'necesse est tibi formam vaccae statim capere'* (lines 4–5): what does Jupiter tell Io she must do at once?

.....
 [2]

- 9 *sed Iuno, semper suspiciosa, Iovi dixit, 'tu debes vaccam mihi dare.'* (line 6): what did Juno tell Jupiter to do?

.....
 [3]

- 10 *tum Iuno Argum iussit vaccam multas horas spectare. nam sciebat Iovem vaccam abducturum esse* (lines 6–7).

Two of the following statements are correct.

Put a tick (✓) in the **two** correct boxes.

- A** Argus ordered the cow to look at him.
- B** Juno gave an order to Argus.
- C** Juno was ordered to watch many gardens.
- D** Juno knew that Jupiter would lead the cow away.
- E** Juno knew that the cow had been led away by Jupiter.
- F** Jupiter knew that the cow would lead him away.

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[2]

5
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Turn over for the next question
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Passage B

Argus obeys Juno's order, but Io, now a cow, goes to find her father.

Argus vaccam semper spectabat, sed Io nolebat prope eum manere. 'tu me terres,' inquit. 'patrem meum invenire volo.' itaque abire constituit.

tandem Io ad flumen patris advenit. ibi mugiens in harena scripsit, 'ego sum Io.' tum deus fluminis tristissime dixit, 'cur vacca es, filia?'

Names

Argus, Argi (m)

Argus (a monster with many eyes)

Io, Ionis (f)

Io (a river nymph and the daughter of a river god)

Vocabulary

vacca, vaccae (f)

cow

invenio, invenire, inveni, inventus

I find

flumen, fluminis (n)

river

mugio, mugire, mugivi

I moo, bellow

harena, harenae (f)

sand

11 Translate Passage B into good English.

[20]

.....

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Read Passage C and answer the questions.

Passage C

Jupiter comes to Io's rescue.

ubi Iuppiter vidit patrem Ionis tristissimum esse, constituit Ionem servare. itaque Mercurium rogavit ut Argum caperet. Mercurius ad terram advenit et ad Argum celeriter adiit. tum Mercurius fabulam tam longam narravit ut Argus mox obdormiret. subito Mercurius laetus eum detruncavit.

Iuno tamen, quae Ionem non amabat, volebat eam necare. sed, quamquam dea multos annos nympham agitabat, tandem Io effugit. tum Io dea facta est et in Aegypto habitabat.

Names

Iuppiter, Iovis (m)

Jupiter (king of the gods)

Io, Ionis (f)

Io (a river nymph and the daughter of a river god)

Mercurius, Mercurii (m)

Mercury (messenger of the gods)

Argus, Argi (m)

Argus (a monster with many eyes)

Iuno, Iunonis (f)

Juno (a goddess and the wife of Jupiter)

Aegyptus, Aegypti (f)

Egypt

Vocabulary

terra, terrae (f)

(here) earth

fabula, fabulae (f)

story

obdormio, obdormire, obdormivi

I fall asleep

detrunco, detruncare, detruncavi, detruncatus

I behead, cut the head off

nympha, nymphae (f)

nymph

agito, agitare, agitavi, agitatus

I chase

effugio, effugere, effugi

I escape

- 12 *ubi Iuppiter vidit patrem Ionis tristissimum esse, constituit Ionem servare* (line1): what did Jupiter do when he saw that Io's father was very sad?

.....
 [2]

13 *itaque Mercurium rogavit ut Argum caperet* (lines 1–2): what did Jupiter ask Mercury to do?
 [2]

14 *tum Mercurius fabulam tam longam narravit ut Argus mox obdormiret* (line 3).
 (a) What did Mercury do?

 [2]

(b) What happened to Argus as a result?
 [1]

15 *subito Mercurius laetus eum detruncavit* (line 4): pick out and translate the Latin word which tells you how Mercury felt.

Latin word	English translation

[2]

16 *Iuno tamen, quae Ionem non amabat, volebat eam necare* (line 5): complete the following sentence:

However, Juno, who did not like Io,
 [3]

17 *tum Io dea facta est et in Aegypto habitabat* (lines 6–7): what **two** things are we told about Io?

-
- [4]

18 For each of the Latin words in the table below, give **one** English word which has been derived from the Latin word and give the meaning of the **English** word.

Write your answers in the boxes. One has been done for you.

Latin word	English word derived from the Latin word	Meaning of the English word
<i>audiverat</i>	audible	able to be heard
<i>spectare</i>		
<i>annos</i>		

[4]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional answer space is required, you should use the following lined pages. The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.

This section of the page is a large, empty area of lined paper. It consists of approximately 25 horizontal dotted lines spaced evenly down the page. A solid vertical line runs down the left side of this area, creating a margin. The rest of the page is blank white space.

A large rectangular area with a solid vertical line on the left side and horizontal dotted lines extending across the page, providing a space for writing answers.



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