# Unit Y214: france 1814-70

Note: Based on 2x 50 minute lessons per week

Terms based on 6 term year.

| **Key Topic** | **Term** | **Week Number** | **Indicative Content** | **Extended Content** | **Resources** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **The reigns of Louis XVIII and Charles X 1814–1830**  | 1 | 1 | The legacy of the French Revolution and Napoleon in 1814  | * Political, economic, military and social situation of France in 1814
* Constitution of 1814
* Fragmented nature of France in 1814
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  | 2-3 | the first and the second restorations  | * Allies’ intervention and Louis’ arrival in France
* Protection from the Quadruple Alliance
* Harsher peace treaty
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  | 4 | the problems facing Louis XVIII  | * Social and economic problems
* Weakness of support for monarchy
* Louis XVIII’s own personal failings
* Divided society
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
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| **Key Topic** | **Term** | **Week Number** | **Indicative Content** | **Extended Content** | **Resources** |
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|  |  | 4-5 | the Charter  | * Nature of the charter
* Reasons for granting the Charter
* Liberal and royalist features of the charter
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 5 | Ultras  | * Reasons for and nature of support for ultras
* Areas of strength
* Actions in 1815: Trestaillons
* Electoral success and ‘une chambre introuvable’
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 5-6 | liberal and reactionary policies, Richelieu, Decazes, Villèle  | * 1816 election and Richelieu’s appointment
* Moderate action against the ultras
* Decazes policies’ and backlash; removal from office
* Villele’s aims and motives as chief minister
* Reasons for and features of Villele’s success
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 6-7 | the domestic and foreign policies of Charles X and his ministers  | * Ultra victory in 1824 election and effect on Charles X
* Compensation of the émigré nobles
* Restrictions of press freedom and attempt to create new peers
* 1827 election
* Reasons for a more active foreign policy
* Attack on Algiers
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 7 | Charles X’s views on monarchy  | * Coronation
* Counter-revolutionary activity and views on Divine Right
* Views on who should rule France, replacement of liberals in government with ultras
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 8 | social and economic problems, religious policy  | * Sacrilege law and return of the Jesuits
* Appointment of a bishop as Minister for Education
* 1827 election and appointment of Martignac; growth of liberal opposition and rioting
* Bad harvests after 1825 and economic depression after 1826
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 8-9 | Polignac  | * Ultra-royalist views
* Reactionary nature of government
* Dissolution of parliament in 1830
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 9 | 1830 election;  | * Reasons for fearing a revolution
* The campaign: contest between revolution and monarchy
* Results; Ultras' reaction to results
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 9 | Ordinances of St Cloud  | * Reasons for issuing the Ordinances
* Key terms
* Reasons for failure: lack of planning by Charles X and Polignac
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  |  | 9-10 | July Revolution  | * Demonstrations and riots in Paris
* Lack of royalist / ultra retaliation
* Liberal passivity
* Abdication and reasons for overthrow; short-term factors e.g. Charles X’s intransigence
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
| **The reign of Louis Philippe and the 1848 Revolution**  |  | 10 | Personality of Louis Philippe and the establishment, nature and problems of the July Monarchy;  | * Options of who to replace Charles X
* Divided nature of opinion: royalists, liberals, Bonapartists
* Louis Phillipe’s heritage and background e.g. Phillipe Egalite
* Embracing the Marquis de Lafayette
* Significance of title ‘King of the French’
* Problems at the outset: growth of political opposition and clubs
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
| 2 | 11 | foreign policy including Belgium, Mehmet Ali Crisis, Tahiti, relations with Britain  | * Pressure for a revolutionary or nationalist foreign policy
* Rejection of idea of invading Belgium and negotiations
* Reasons for increased co-operation with Mehmet Ali
* Failure of intervention with Mehmet Ali
* Relations with Britain especially Palmerston
* Attempted annexation of Tahiti and French-Tahitian War of 1843-47
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  | 12 | domestic problems; Guizot; social and economic developments and problems  | * Economic unrest and military force
* Continued economic depression after 1830
* Rapid urbanisation
* Emigration to USA
* September Laws
* Disastrous agricultural collapse after 1846
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 13 | opposition: liberal, republican, Bonapartist and socialist criticism  | * Growth of republican movements e.g. Society for the Rights of Man
* Growth of Bonapartists feelings
* Opposition to conservative Guizot
* Reform banquets
* Press opposition e.g. pear cartoon
* Louis Blanc
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 13 | corruption  | * Growth of corruption in government and scandals under Louis Phillipe
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
 |
|  | **14-15** | long and short-term political, social and economic causes of the 1848 Revolution  | * Short-term causes e.g. reform banquets, refusal of the National Guards to act, growth of demonstrations and rioting, economic hardship, failings of Louis Phillipe to respond to crisis
* Long-term causes e.g. shaky foundations of the July Monarchy
* Expectations of revolutionary nationalist foreign policy after 1830
* Growth of literacy and political awareness
* Ready political alternatives e.g. Bonapartism
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  |  | **15** | the establishment of the Second Republic.  | * February Revolution
* Establishment of the liberal Second Republic provisional government
* Rise of conservatism
* June Days, appointment of Cavaignac
 | * *Revolution and Reaction: Europe 1789-1849*, Matthews
* *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
| **Domestic policy under Louis Napoleon (Napoleon III)**  |  | **16** | Election of Louis Napoleon;  | * Election to National Assembly
* 1848 presidential election and reasons for Louis Napoleon’s victory e.g. wide appeal for election manifesto
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
| 3 | 16 | personality; aims and policies as president  | * Early life and career; travels and coup attempts, prison, exile
* First actions: the ‘Prince President’, intervention in Italy, conflict with National Assembly
* Failure of coup of 11 June 1849
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 17 | Coup of 1851  | * Preparation; military backing; events of 1-2 December
* Securing the coup: arrest and imprisonment of opponents, restrictions on press freedom
* National plebiscite
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 17-18 | domestic policy as emperor  | * Balance of conservative and liberal aims and policies
* Success in the 1850s: election victories, diffusion of tensions between different political factions, support for Napoleon from peasantry
* Growth of state bureaucracy
* Liberal concessions in the 1860s
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 17-18 | economic and social policies; including railways, banking, free trade, Haussman  | * Modernisation of the economy
* Stimulation of stock market and investment banks
* Opening up of French markets to competition
* New shipping lines and ports
* Rebuilding of central Paris
* Rights to strike and organise
* Education reforms
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  |  | 19 | army reforms; constitution, Ollivier and ‘the liberal empire’.  | * Reorganisation of the National Guard
* New constitution: formation and key terms
* Ollivier’s beliefs, and appointment as Prime Minister
* Failure of Ollivier
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
| **Foreign and imperial policy 1848–1870**  |  | 20 | Napoleon’s aims and ideas  | * Support for popular sovereignty and nationalism
* ‘Principle of nationalities’
* Pre-existing ideas and relations with Italy and Britain
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 20 | attitudes to the Roman Republic  | * Reasons for decision to intervene: domestic pressures
* Attempts to influence Pope Pius IX’s new government
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
| 4 | 21 | overseas colonisation  | * Growth of empire after 1852: South East Asia
* Growing sphere of influence in China
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 21 | the Crimean War  | * Franco-British co-operation
* Reasons for French victories
* Peace and reconciliation with Russia
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 22 | Italy and relations with Cavour  | * Orsini affair
* Secret visits and support for Cavour
* Alliance with Piedmont-Sardinia and war; victory
* Italian unification and relations with the Pope
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 23 | Mexico  | * Attempts of increase French influence in Americas
* Second Mexican Empire
* Reasons for failure of intervention
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 23-24 | relations with Britain  | * Early support for and working with Britain
* Relations with Palmerston, Derby, Russell
* Alienation of Britain in the 1860s
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 24-25 | Napoleon III’s reactions to the Austro-Prussian War, Prussia and Germany 1867–1870  | * Attempt and failure to secure anti-Bismarck alliance with Austria
* Diplomatic blunders e.g. attempt to gain territorial concessions
* Alienation of Russia and Austria
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
 |
|  | 25 | the Franco-Prussian War and the fall of the Empire | * Reasons for heightened tension with Prussia
* Bad Ems telegram and reaction
* Napoleon’s mistakes
* Reasons for fall of empire
 | * *France 1814-70 (Access to History),* Randell
* *France 1815-1914: The Bourgeois Century*, Magraw
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