

## A Level Physical Education

H555/01 Physiological factors affecting performance

**Monday 11 June 2018 – Morning**

**Time allowed: 2 hours**



**You may use:**

- a scientific or graphical calculator



First name										
Last name										
Centre number						Candidate number				

### INSTRUCTIONS

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the barcodes.

### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **90**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [ ].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in the question marked with an asterisk (\*).
- This document consists of **16** pages.

**Section A**

Answer **all** the questions.

- 1 Define what is meant by 'acclimatisation to high altitude' and state **one** sporting activity in which performers would benefit from it.

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..... [2]

- 2 Explain why ATP plays a major role in the performance of a smash in badminton.

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..... [2]

- 3 Identify **two** types of spin and the effect of each on a table tennis ball in flight.

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..... [2]

- 4 Compare explosive strength and strength endurance.

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..... [2]

- 5 Describe how limb kinematics can be used to enhance performance in sport.

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..... [2]





7 (a) Blood doping is an illegal physiological aid used by some athletes to enhance performance.

Outline how blood doping is carried out, and give **one** physiological benefit and **one** risk involved.

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..... [3]

(b) A dislocated shoulder in rugby is an example of an acute sporting injury.

(i) Compare acute and chronic injuries.

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..... [2]

(ii) Apart from dislocation, give a sporting example of an acute injury **and** a chronic injury.

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..... [1]

(iii) Outline the correct medical treatment a sports coach should apply to a dislocation injury.

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..... [3]

(c) Fig. 2 shows a gymnast performing the splits.

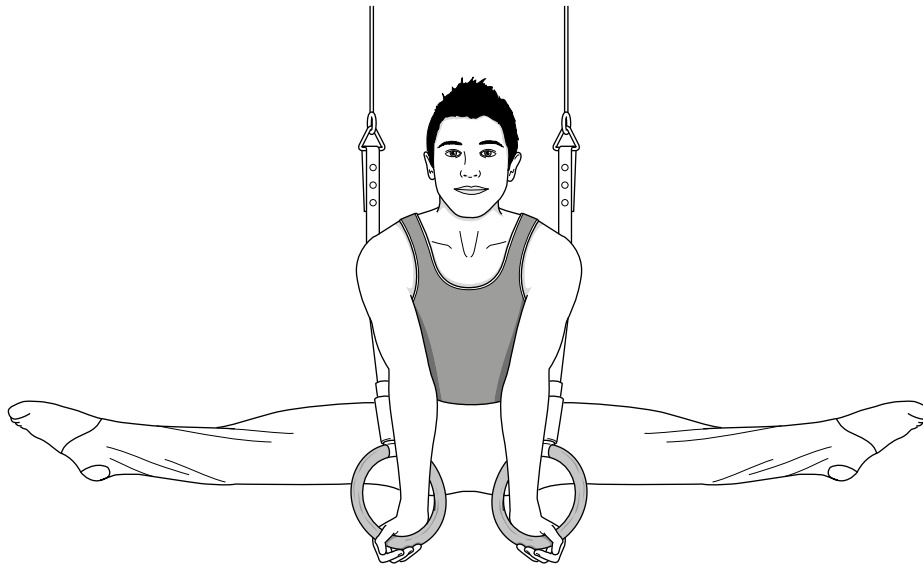


Fig. 2

(i) Describe the factors affecting flexibility that enable the gymnast to perform the splits.

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(ii) Describe **two** adaptations from training that have enhanced this gymnast's flexibility by increasing the range of motion at the hip joint.

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8 (a) Define Newton's third law of motion and apply it to a sporting example of your choice.

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(b) (i) Using practical examples, explain how the elbow joint can act as a fulcrum for two different lever systems.

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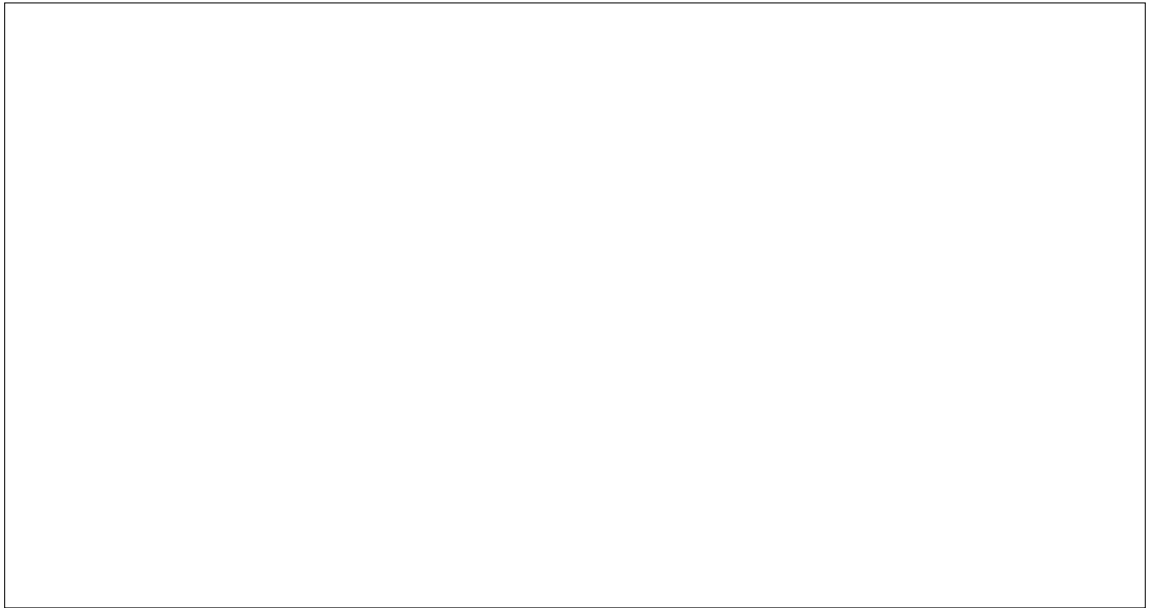
(ii) Calculate the moment of inertia during a biceps curl, given a total mass of 10kg at a perpendicular distance ( $r$ ) of 0.5 metres from the weight to the fulcrum. Show your workings.

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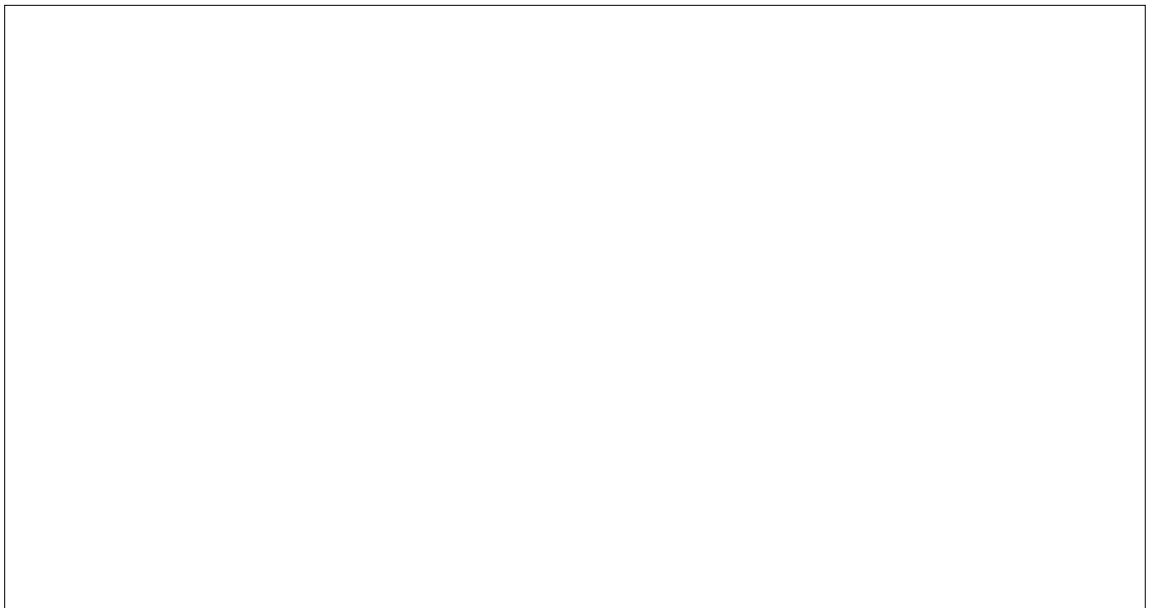


- (d) (i) Sketch a free body diagram in the box below, showing the horizontal and vertical forces acting on a football in flight.



[2]

- (ii) Sketch a diagram in the box below to show how you would represent the resultant force acting on the football in flight.



[3]





**ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE**

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).

A large area of lined paper for writing. It features a vertical solid line on the left side, creating a margin. The rest of the page is filled with horizontal dotted lines, providing space for writing answers.





