

# **GCE**

# **Persian**

Unit F886: Persian: Listening, Reading and Writing 2

Advanced GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions)

Annotation	Meaning
	Tick
<b>V</b> +	Development of point
×	incorrect
IR	Irrelevant (material which doesn't answer the question)
λ	Caret sign to show omission
0	Opinion
J	Just/Justification
L	Good language
PE	Poorly expressed
Р	Past tense correctly used
F	Future tense correctly used
Pre	Present tense correctly used
AL	Accurate language
IL	Inaccurate language

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<b>Abbreviations</b>	Meaning
/	Alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
( )	Words which are not essential to gain the mark
_	Underlined words must be included to gain the mark

## **Subject-specific Marking Instructions**

You should print out a copy of the paper and work through it yourself (using the transcript for the Listening activities which you can find at the end of the Mark Scheme, if the audio version is not available on the portal.) You will need a copy of the written texts to refer to during the marking process in order to spot excessive lifting in tasks 6 and 7. The texts will not appear automatically on your marking screen.

## **Section A: Listening and Writing**

#### Task/Exercise 1:

## Task specific guidance:

- Each question will be scanned in individually (questions with more than one element will appear twice/three times as appropriate)
- For single mark questions no annotation is necessary just enter 1, 0 or NR.
- There is no need to use a cross (x) for an answer that is clearly incorrect. Use it when you have had to think and decided not to award the mark or when a word in the response invalidates an otherwise acceptable answer.
- You may also use the highlighter tool to show harmless additions.
- Answers in Target language get no marks.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
а	Any indication to have a good job with good salary.	1	'Have a good job' is not acceptable.
b	Because they say political and social problems in a funny way./ They were entertaining the king.	1	'Theatre was a way to show different opinions and ways of thinking' is not acceptable.
С	To avoid of king's anger/ to escape from punishment/ to hide their identity.	1	'Find their true identity' is not acceptable.
d	Stand up comedy was for people/ Siahbazi was for kings.	1	'In Siahbazi actor could change the script according the audience' is not acceptable.
е	She could say her thoughts and idea/ The fact that she can be herself and express her thought for every interest.	1	'she could perform it at the end of the her study or her project for her proposal' is not acceptable.
f	I showed my show/ script in some foreign festivals./she wrote play or poems for her play.	1	
		6	

## Task specific guidance:

- Each question will be scanned in individually (questions with more than one element will appear twice/three times as appropriate)
- For single mark questions no annotation is necessary just enter 1, 0 or NR.
- There is no need to use a cross (x) for an answer that is clearly incorrect. Use it when you have had to think and decided not to award the mark or when a word in the response invalidates an otherwise acceptable answer.
- You may also use the highlighter tool to show harmless additions.

Question	Answer	Marks [22]	Guidance
а	الف: ماشینها توانایی انجام هر کاری را به جای انسان دارند.	1	"تكنو لوژی های جدید را گسترش بدهیم" قبول نیست.
b-i	ب-1- خطای کم / سرعت بالا	2	
b-ii	ب-2- چون مثل انسان احساس ندارد. / زندگی را تجربه نکرده است.	1	"نمی تواند احساس انسان را درک کند" قبول نیست
С	پ: مىتوانست نقاشى بكشد.	1	"ویژگی زیاد دارد که باعث میشود در بین مردم محبوبیت داشته باشد" قبول نیست.
d	ت: برنامه نقاشی را روی صفحه مانیتور می کشد و بعد یک روبات آن را با قلم موروی بوم میکشد.	2	
е	ث: بدون فکر اثر هنری بیافریند.	1	

Question	Answer	Marks [22]	Guidance
f	ج: دخالت دادن ماشینها در کار انسانها را دوست ندارد یا از آن میترسد.	1	"نمیداند چه بکشد" قابل قبول نیست. "قاطی کردن کار انسان ها با ماشین ها" قابل قبول نیست.
g	چ: یک سری اطلاعات اولیه به ماشین داده می شود. بعد خودش تصمیم میگیرد چطوری نقاشی کند.	1	
h	ح: تابلوهای نقاشی ارزان قیمت تولید میکند.	1	"مفيد باشد" قابل قبول نيست.
i	خ: طراحی فرش / فرش بافی / فرش	1	"دكور اسيون داخلي/ عكاسى" قابل قبول نيست.
j	د: هنر دست انسان با ارزشتر است/ کار انسان محدودیت ندارد/ کار ماشین محدود است چون برای آن زمان بیشتری صرف میکند.	1	
k-i	ذ-1- هوش مصنوعي.	1	"محدوديت دارد" قابل قبول نيست.

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Question	Answer	Marks [22]	Guidance
k-ii	ذ-2- چون خودش میتواند تصمیم بگیرد هر کاری که میخواهد می کند./ ماشین ها حرف انسان را گوش نمی کنند.	1	
I	ر: تحرک انسان را کم میکند. آدم های سودجو از آن استفاده میکنند./تکنولوژی را در راه نادرست /غلط استفاده میکنند.	1	
m	ز: به ماشین تجربههای انسانی و تصمیمات درست را اضافه میکنند.	2	
n	ژ: چون خیلی طول میکشد / به عمر ما نمیرسد / به عمر امیر و سمیرا نمیرسد.	1	

QoL: Read response again and assess for language.

- Annotations: you may use the underlining tool (--) to show language errors if you find it makes it easier to apply Grid C.2, but it is not essential.
- **Grid C.2:** Key words have been highlighted in the Grid. Remember that this grid is also used to assess accuracy at A2. Identify the band which best matches the performance. If you identified the band without hesitation you must award the higher of the two marks.

GRID C.2	QUALITY OF LANGUAGE – ACCURACY 10 marks AO3
9-10	Characterised by a <b>high and consistent level of accuracy</b> in use of complex structures, although there may be some errors.
7-8	Language generally accurate. Shows a sound grasp of AS (and/or A2) structures, as appropriate. Generally correct use of complex structures. Tenses and agreements good, although there may be some inconsistency and errors in more complex areas.
5-6	Shows evidence of <b>fair understanding of grammatical usage</b> . <b>Generally accurate use of simple sentence</b> structures. Some correct use of complex sentence structures. The performance is likely to be <b>patchy and inconsistent</b> .
3-4	Evidence of <b>gaps in basic grammar</b> . <b>Frequent errors</b> of an elementary kind (endings, verb forms, gender of common nouns, adjectival agreements) but <b>evidence of correct use of simple sentence structures</b> . Vocabulary and structures may be quite strongly influenced by the candidate's first language.
0-2	Little evidence of grammatical awareness. Persistent, serious and elementary errors (endings, verb forms, gender of common nouns). Frequent first language interference.

## **Section B: Reading and Writing**

In Section B there are 10 marks for Quality of Language.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
		[7]	
1	الف	1	
2	پ	1	Multi-choice
3	پ	1	Marks entered individually. No need for annotation. Enter 1, 0
4	<u>ب</u>	1	or NR as appropriate.
5	پ	1	
6	الف	1	
7	ب	1	

## Task/Exercise 4:

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
		[8]	
а	(الف) عواقب	1	1 mark for each correct answer
b	(ب) انبوه	1	The marks are awarded individually. No annotations are necessary.
С	(پ) تخریب	1	
d	(ت) پوشانده است	1	
е	(ث) تشدید	1	
f	(ک) یهدتر	1	
g	(چ) دانش	1	
h	(ح) اسیب	1	

Question	Answer	Marks [5]	Guidance
1	ب	1	Gap-fill  No annotation is necessary. Enter 1, 0 or NR as appropriate.
2	ص	1	Ignore misspellings.
3	٩	1	Note:
4	س	1	
5	ن	1	

Question	Answer	Marks [5]	Guidance
а	الف- كم شده است.	1	Sentence Completion  Marks entered individually. No need for entertain. Enter 1
b	ب- جیره بندی کنند/ سهمیه بندی کنند.	1	Marks entered individually. No need for annotation. Enter 1, 0 or NR as appropriate.
С	ج- فصلهای بارندگی/ پاییز و زمستان اشاره تنها به یک فصل قابل قبول نیست.	1	
d	د- سیل/سیلاب	1	
е	ش- خرابی/ ویرانی	1	

#### Task specific guidance

- Each question will be scanned in individually (questions with more than one element will appear twice/three times as appropriate).
- Familiarize yourself with the text and have a copy to hand so that you can easily spot instances of lifting from the original. The text will not appear on the screen.
- Go through all the responses and assess every question for comprehension.
  - a. Marks are awarded on a point by point basis, according to the mark scheme.
  - b. Minimal (additional) irrelevance can be ignored BUT mindless copying (often long chunks) results in no marks for comprehension or QoL
  - c. For comprehension / content, remember that you are a "sympathetic native speaker / sympathetic examiner". If language interferes slightly but it is clear that the candidate has understood, give the mark for content / comprehension (unless there is ambiguity or it is gibberish). Limited ability to use language will be reflected in the mark awarded under grid C2. If appropriate, candidates may answer with single words / short phrases.

#### Annotations:

- Award 1, 0 or NR without annotation.
- Use a tick (✓) to indicate a mark awarded on any question where the answer is more than one mark.
- Use a cross (x) when a word in the response invalidates an otherwise acceptable answer.
- Even if the answer is lifted verbatim from the text, **as long as it is a direct answer**, award the comprehension mark but highlight and exclude from Quality of Language assessment.

Question	Answer	Marks [10]	Guidance
А	الف : زیرا بدون استفاده میماند/ بدون استفاده به چرخه حیات برمیگردد.	1	
В	ب : با جمع کردن آب در پشت سدها از آن استفاده بهتر میکنند.	1	
С	پ: بهبود وضعیت اقتصادی / بهتر شدن کشاورزی/ آب دادن به مزارع (ذکر 2 دلیل از 3 دلیل قابل قابل قابل قابل قابل قابل قابل قاب	2	
D	ت: وزارت نیرو	1	
E	ث: تولید انرژی برق/ پاک استفاده کمتر از منابع سوخت فسیلی	1 1	
F	ج: زمین های حاصل خیز را از بین میبرد تغییر محیط زندگی گیاهان و جانوران در مسیر رود از بین میرود.	1	
G	چ: خشکسالی پیاپی اوقتی آب پشت سد کم می شود	1	

Task/Exercise 8: Transfer of Meaning

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
		[10]	Content	Levels of response	
1	آنها تصمیم گرفتند محلی را برای جمع کردن دوستان هنرمندشان پیدا کنند They decided to find a place to gather their artist friends	2	Award two marks per translated section according to the grid below. This grid assesses Transfer of Meaning into English. Note that this grid integrates Quality of Written Communication	GRID H.2 TRANSFER OF MEANING  2 Accurate transfer of meaning.	
2	تا آثار هنری شان را در آنجا خلق نمایند و به نمایش بگذارند. نمایش بگذارند. Who can create their art and show them.	2	Strand (i) descriptors.  Exceptional responses and marks to award:	Faultless or virtually faultless grammar, punctuation and spelling in English.	
3	نامش را هم "استوديو هنر" نهادند اما به خاطر كمبود فضا They called it 'Art studio' but because of lack of space	2	Candidates may answer in faultless English but may not transfer meaning accurately.     Award either 0 or 1 mark, depending on level of inaccuracy in	Inconsistent transfer of meaning. Mostly accurate but there are errors and/or missed details. There are instances of error in grammar, punctuation and spelling in English.	
4	و وسایل زیاد، استودیویشان تبدیل به کارگاه نجاری شد نجاری شد and large amount of equipment, they changed it to a carpentry workshop	2	meaning.  *  2. The transfer of meaning is accurate but contains significant spelling and/or grammar errors.  Award 0 or 1 mark, depending on	Very limited transfer of meaning. A substantial number of elements misunderstood or missing. Significant error in grammar,	
5	که در آن آثار هنری مدرن میساختند و آثار قدیمی را بازسازی میکردند. which they made modern artistic works and repairing the old furniture.	2	level of inaccuracy of English.	punctuation and spelling in English.	

Question	Answer	Marks [5]	Guidance
а	الف: برابر شده است/ تغییر کرده است.	1	
b	ب: وارد دانشگاهها شوند/ فعال شوند/ وارد عرصهی فعالیت شوند	1	
С	پ: برای خانمها/ زنان است.	1	
d	ت: الوارها را خودشان جابجا كنند. / كار نجارى كنند.	1	-
е	ث: کسب و کار خود افتادند.	1	

Question	Answer	Marks [7]	Guidance
а	الف: فرق گذاشتن بین زن و مرد	1	
b	ب: محل / حوزه/ میدان کار شغل/ محل در آمد قابل قبول نیست.	1	
С	پ: روزنامه ها/ رسانه ها	1	Multi-choice Marks entered individually. No need for annotation. Enter 1, 0 or
d	ت: بازسازی/ تعمیر کردن/ ترمیم کردن	1	NR as appropriate.
е	ث: بیشتر دوست دارند/ تمایل بیشتر داشتن به انجام کار / برتری دادن/ اولویت دادن	1	
f	ج: رفتار مناسب و عادلانه	1	
g	چ: دور اندیشی / اینده را از پیش دیدن/ حدس زدن از قبل	1	واژه "حدس" و آینده نگری به تنهایی قابل قبول نیست.

#### Task 11

#### Task specific guidance

- Each question will be scanned in individually (questions with more than one element will appear twice/three times as appropriate).
- Familiarize yourself with the text and have a copy to hand so that you can easily spot instances of lifting from the original. The text will not appear on the screen.
- Go through all the responses and assess every question for comprehension.
- d. Marks are awarded on a point by point basis, according to the mark scheme.
- e. Minimal (additional) irrelevance can be ignored BUT mindless copying (often long chunks) results in no marks for comprehension or QoL
- f. For comprehension / content, remember that you are a "sympathetic native speaker / sympathetic examiner". If language interferes slightly but it is clear that the candidate has understood, give the mark for content / comprehension (unless there is ambiguity or it is gibberish). Limited ability to use language will be reflected in the mark awarded under grid C2. If appropriate, candidates may answer with single words / short phrases.

#### **Annotations:**

- Award 1, 0 or NR without annotation.
- Use a tick (✓) to indicate a mark awarded on any question where the answer is more than one mark.
- Use a cross (x) when a word in the response invalidates an otherwise acceptable answer.
- Even if the answer is lifted verbatim from the text, **as long as it is a direct answer**, award the comprehension mark but highlight and exclude from Quality of Language assessment.

Question	Answer	Marks [10]	Guidance
	الف: کارفرمایان برای دقت کار زنان و اینکه می توانند به آنها به خاطر زن بودن کمتر حقوق بدهند	1	
а	بیشتر آنها را استخدام می کنند.	1	
b	ب: از چوب نو استفاده نمی کنند. / آثار چوبی کهنه را مرمت میکنند.	1	
	پ: دوست ندارند که خانم ها به محیط کار آنها وارد شوند	1	
С	مى ترسند خانم ها بهتراز آنها كار كنند	1	
d	ت: سختی کار	1	
е	ث: در یک نمایشگاه آثار شان را به نمایش گذاشتند و	1	
	همه کار هایشان را فروختند.	1	
f	ج: عمر کار/ زمان دوباره سازی / نوع چوب	2	

## Assessing Quality of Language across Section B

- a. You will get a separate screen which will be the whole page for exercise 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10 and 11 (unannotated). Read all the answers again. You may use the green L marking tool to highlight good language to assist you in the application of Grid C.2. but it is not essential.
- b. Apply Grid C.2 and enter the mark.
- c. PE to provide specific guidance on which exercises in Section B will provide best evidence for Quality of Language.

GRID C.2	QUALITY OF LANGUAGE – ACCURACY 10 marks AO3
9-10	Characterised by a <b>high and consistent level of accuracy</b> in use of complex structures, although there may be some errors.
7-8	Language generally accurate. Shows a sound grasp of AS (and/or A2) structures, as appropriate. Generally correct use of complex structures. Tenses and agreements good, although there may be some inconsistency and errors in more complex areas.
5-6	Shows evidence of <b>fair understanding of grammatical usage</b> . <b>Generally accurate use of simple sentence</b> structures. Some correct use of complex sentence structures. The performance is likely to be <b>patchy and inconsistent</b> .
3-4	Evidence of <b>gaps in basic grammar</b> . <b>Frequent errors</b> of an elementary kind (endings, verb forms, gender of common nouns, adjectival agreements) but <b>evidence of correct use of simple sentence structures</b> . Vocabulary and structures may be quite strongly influenced by the candidate's first language.
0-2	Little evidence of grammatical awareness. Persistent, serious and elementary errors (endings, verb forms, gender of common nouns). Frequent first language interference.

## Task/Exercise 12-19

## Task specific guidance

## Mark one essay using the grids N, O, C.2 and F.2.

If a candidate has written more than one essay mark both essays in the normal way but enter the mark for the essay which has earned most marks over all.

Question	Indicative Content	Marks	Guidance
Task 12-19	No Indicative Content – personal response	[25]	Grid N guidance
			3–4 – No specific example from TL = cap 4
			5–6 – Demonstration of originality and/or imagination – applies mainly to imaginative
			7–8 – Imaginative and/or original response to task – applies mainly to imaginative
			Grid O guidance
			6–9 – Straight narration = more 6/7
			Evidence of some argument = more 8/9

## Task/Exercise 12-19 – Language (QoL) – Grids C.2 and F.2: [20 marks]

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
Task 12- 19	Assess for Quality of Language using Grids C.2 and F.2 Appendix 1	[20]	Read the whole response again and assess for Range (Grid F.2) first – i.e. vocabulary and structures. Then assess for Accuracy (Grid C.2). Key words have been highlighted in the grids below. Ignore final sentence of 3-4 band in Grid C.2, because vocabulary and structures have already been assessed under Grid F.2. If you wish, you may use the underlining tool () to show language errors if you find it makes it easier to apply Grid C.2, but it is not essential. Enter your mark.  Grid C.2 guidance  0–2 – Errors ([e.g.] endings, verb forms, gender of common nouns).  Frequent first [= other] language interference.  3–4 – Errors ([e.g.] endings, verb forms, gender of common nouns, adjectival agreements).  Candidate's first [= other] language.  Meaning may be unclear; more wrong than right.  5–6 – Wrong/right = 50/50  7–8 – More right than wrong.
			Grid F.2 guidance  5–6 – [A range of] syntax and sentence structures appropriate to the [register of the] task.  7–8 – Effective = good. Reads easily.  9–10 – idiom ≠ idioms.

## **APPENDIX 1**

GRID N	RELEVANCE AND POINTS OF VIEW 10 marks AO2	GRID O	STRUCTURE AND ANALYSIS 15 marks AO2
9–10	Consistently relevant information that supports points of view and opinions. Shows genuine insight in responding to the task.	13–15	The response displays genuine control and clarity. A very well-developed argument. Confident ability to develop an argument, analyse and evaluate, and draw conclusions.
7–8	Relevant information that responds to the requirements of the task and is used to support points of view and opinions. Produces an imaginative and/or original response to the task.	10–12	Coherently structured and organised response. Points of view are linked in a logical sequence. Able to develop an argument, analyse and evaluate, and draw conclusions.
5–6	The <b>information</b> given is <b>mainly relevant</b> to the task. Points of view and opinions are generally supported by some factual evidence. May demonstrate some originality and/or imagination.	6–9	Structured and organised response. Points of view are <b>mostly linked in a logical sequence</b> . Shows some ability to develop an argument, analyse and evaluate and draw conclusions.
3–4	Includes some relevant information but does not always address the requirements of the task. May have some difficulty in expressing points of view and/or narrating events and/or communicating factual information.	3–5	Shows <b>some ability to structure</b> and organise the response. <b>Limited ability to develop an argument</b> , analyse and evaluate, and draw conclusions.
0–2	The response to the task is likely to be very short and/or irrelevant and/or very superficial.	0–2	Random organisation of the response. Limited attempt to develop an argument, analyse and evaluate, and draw conclusions.

GRID C.2	QUALITY OF LANGUAGE (ACCURACY) 10 marks AO3	GRID F.2	QUALITY OF LANGUAGE (RANGE) 10 marks AO3
9–10	Characterised by a <b>high and consistent level of accuracy</b> in use of complex structures, although there <b>may be some errors</b> .	9–10	Effective and confident use of a wide range of vocabulary and idiom with a variety of complex sentence structures.
7–8	Language <b>generally accurate</b> . Shows a sound grasp of AS and/or A2 structures, as appropriate. <b>Generally correct use of complex</b> structures. Tenses and agreements good, although there may be some inconsistency and errors in more complex areas.	7–8	Effective use of a range of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the task, with little repetition. A positive attempt to introduce variety and to use a range of complex sentence structures (though not always able to maintain correct usage).
5–6	Shows evidence of fair understanding of grammatical usage. Generally accurate use of simple sentence structures. Some correct use of complex sentence structures. The performance is likely to be patchy and inconsistent.	5–6	Attempts to extend the range of vocabulary, though still rather repetitive. Attempts to use more complex language with some success in producing a range of syntax and sentence structures appropriate to the task.
3–4	Evidence of gaps in basic grammar. Frequent errors of an elementary kind (endings, verb forms, gender of common nouns, adjectival agreements) but evidence of correct use of simple sentence structures. Vocabulary and structures may be quite strongly influenced by the candidate's first language.	3–4	Use of a restricted range of vocabulary and structures. Frequent repetition of the same words and phrases. Some attempt (not necessarily successful) at the use of more complex sentence structures.
0–2	Little evidence of grammatical awareness. Persistent, serious and elementary errors (endings, verb forms, gender of common nouns). Frequent first language interference.	0–2	Only simple sentence patterns. Very limited vocabulary. Very limited range of structures.

#### **APPENDIX 2**

#### **Transcripts of Listening Texts**

Note for Document production team: This section of the mark scheme must stay in Portrait format until after the standardisation meeting.

#### **Exercise 1**

[SETTING: Monologue] (One Female voice)

#### Exercise 1:

Listen to the Shabnam's story and then answer the questions below **IN ENGLISH**.

## تمرین 1:

علاقه من به تأتر داستانی بود که همهی فامیل از اون خبر داشتن، هر چی هم نصیحتم میکردن "که برو دنبالِ یه کار نُون و آب دار" گوشم بدهکار نبود و دلم میخواست فقط بازیگر تئاتر بشم. به نظرم نمایش وسیلهای بود برای انتقال افکار و نظرات. حتی نمایشهایی مثل سیاهبازی که اوایل، به ظاهر برای سرگرم کردن پادشاهان بودن، با زبان کنایه و طنز مشکلات اجتماعی و سیاسی رو به گوش شاه می رسوندن. تو این نمایشها بازیگرا با سیاه کردن صور تشون هویت واقعی شون رو پنهان میکردن تا شاه بعد شنیدن حرفاشون تنبیه شون نکنه. ویژگی خاص سیاهبازی این بود که بازیگر باید می تونست در یک لحظه بر اساس اتفاقات یا واکنشهای تماشاچی ها حرفها و شعر هاش رو تغییر بده به خاطر یه همچین ویژگی هاییه که شاید بشه تو زندگی مدر ن بر نامه های طنز روی صحنه رو که بهشون استندآب کمدی میگن با سیاهبازی مقایسه کرد. البته

تفاوت عمده شون هم اینه که مخاطب طنز های روی صحنه مردم هستند نه پادشاهان. خلاصه من هم که فکر میکردم با نمایش میتونم حرفای زیادی بزنم خیلی سعی کردم تا با قبولی در رشته تأتر و بازیگری کمی به هدفم نزدیكتر بشم. بعدها در آخر تحصیلم که باید پایان نامه ارائه می دادم یه نمایش سیاه بازی رو روی صحنه بردم و با توجه به نیمچه استعدادی هم که داشتم تمام شعر هاش رو خودم گفتم. تازه تونستم نمایشنامه مو به چند تا از فستیوالهای تأتر خارجی هم ببرم. **Exercise 2** 

# [SETTING: CONVERSATION] (One female and one male voices)

تمرین 2:

# پیشرفتهای علمی

## **Technological advances**

سمیرا - پیشرفت فن آوری اونقدر سریع بوده که الان دربیشتر زمینهها ماشینها قادرند جای انسان رو بگیرند. امیر - دُرُسته اما به این راحتیها هم نیس مگه میشه ماشین کارهای هنری انجام بده.

سمیرا - اتفاقاً همین مسئله نظر من رو به خودش جلب کرده چون میزان خطای ماشینها به خاطر برنامهریزی دقیق بسیار کمتر از انسانه و سرعت اونها هم خیلی بالاست که برتریهای مهمی هستن.

امیر - امّا ماشین احساس آدمی رو نداره، چون زندگی رو تجربه نکرده!

سمیرا - باور کن چندی پیش یکی از دوستانم که با بیشتر برنامههای کامپیوتری آشناس، مطلبی رو دربارهی یه برنامه ی کامپیوتری به نشون داد که میتونس نقاشی کنه، نقاشی دُرُس حسابی که بشه تو گالری نشون داد. امیر - یعنی چه طوری؟

سمیرا - نقاشی رو روی صفحهی مانیتورمیکشه, بعد یک روبات که به اون متصله با قلم مو طرحهاش رو روی بومِ نقاشی میکشه.

امير - حالا چه فايده! ساز ندهاش كيه؟

سمیرا - یک نقاش که با برنامه نویسی آشنا بوده و هدفش این بوده که برنامهای بنویسه که برای خلق اثر هنری نیازی به فکر نداشته باشه

امیر - قاطی کردن ماشینها تو کارهایی که مخصوص آدمهاس منو میترسونه. آخه چطور میشه که بدونه چی بکشه؟

سمیرا - خوب خودش یک تجربهاس. این برنامه یک سری دانش اولیه داره، مثلاً دربارهی بدن انسان، شکل آدمها، گیاهان و درختان یا وسایل ساده مثل میز، کمد و صندلی. ولی خودش آزادانه قواعد نقاشی رو تعیین میکنه.

امير - چه بر نامهي با استعدادي !!!!

سمیرا - شاید به نظر بی فایده بیاد اما تصور کن در صورت استفاده صحیح می تونه خیلی مفیده باشه. امیر - مثلاً جطوری؟

سمیرا ـ همین برنامه نقاشی میتونه به سرعت تابلوی نقاشی بکشه با قیمت ارزون . در این صورت همهی مردم توان داشتن تابلوی نقاشی در خونشون رو خواهند داشت و عوض کردن دکوراسیون خونه ها یا هتل ها دیگه گرون نیست.

امیر ـ چآپ عکس هم همین طوره، میشه عکس گرفت بعد چاپ کرد گذاشت رو دیوار بدون اینکه خیلی خرج کنی.

سمیرا - باشه شاید اما عکس با تابلوی نقاشی فرق داره و همیشه مهمه که کاربرد تکنولوژیهای جدید رو گسترش بدیم. مثل "طراحی فرش" که خیلی زحمت داره وطراحان باید صبح تا شب زحمت بکشن اما با برنامههایی مثل این می تونه به راحتی انجام بشه.

امیر - آخه این هنر ها به خاطر زمان و انرژی که انسان براشون صرف کرده ارزشمندتر شدن.

سمیرا - آره ولی آیا حاضری روی فرشی راه بری که کلی بافنده ماهها ببافنش و زحمت بکشن یا اینکه یه فرشی که توسط دستگاههای بسیار پیشرفته با هر طرح و شکلی که میخوای بافته بشه؟

امیر – به نظر من کار ماشین همیشه محدو دیت داره!

سميرا - بله داره چون ماشينها خلاق نيستند و اين خلاقيت آدمهاست كه ميتونه به اونها برنامه بده حالا

متخصصین برنامه نویسی به دنبال به وجود آوردن هوش مصنوعی هم هستن که ماشینها بتونن با تکیه بر اون خودشون قدرت نوآوری پیدا کنن.

امیر ـ فکرشو بکن یه روزی برسه که ماشین به فرمان ما گوش نده و چون خودش خلاقه هر کاری رو که می خواد بکنه.

سمیرا - در هر زمینهای تکنولوژی مدرن میتونه بسیار مفید باشه یا مضر مثلاً شاید باعث کم تحرکی انسان بشه چون همه کار ها رو ماشینها میتونن انجام بدن یا بعضی آدمهای سودجو بخوان تکنولوژی رو تو راههای نادر ستفاده کنن .

امیر - همین منو میترسونه ساختن ماشین بدون راننده یک مطلبه ساده است چون نقشه خیابونا رو بهش میدی و یک سری اطلاعات مثل موانع و ترافیک شهری و بعد اون هم خیلی راحت رانندگی میکنه اما اینکه بخواهی ریش و قیچی رو بدی دستش و بهش بگی از خلاقیتت استفاده کن به نظرمن امن نیس.

سمیرا - امید مختر عین همینه که بتونن این نگاه تازه رو به کامپیوتر ها بدن با اضافه کردن اطلاعاتی در مورد تجربه های انسانی و وارد کردن تصمیمات در ست در سیستم این نوع ماشین ها، میخوان هر نوع خطری رو از آدما دور کنند.

امير - البته اين حرفها در مورد همين يكي دو هفته نيس، فكر كنم بايد تا آخر قرن طول بكشه!! سميرا - بس زياد نترس به عمر منو تو نمي سه!

امیر - ببین اما من کلاً مخالفم که ماشین رو تو این موارد وارد کنن. دسته بندی، اطلاع رسانی و برنامههای تولیدی که همه در خدمت راحتی بشرن قابل قبوله ولی به قول مادربزرگم نبایدعقلمون رو بدیم دست ماشین.

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