

# **Cambridge Technicals Engineering**

Unit 24: Project management for engineers

Level 3 Cambridge Technical Certificate/Diploma in Engineering **05822 - 05825** 

Mark Scheme for June 2019

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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### **Annotations**

Annotation	Meaning
Tick	Valid point, mark awarded
Cross	Incorrect
Question mark	Response unclear
BOD	Benefit of doubt (mark awarded)
TV	Too vague (mark not awarded)
REP	Repetition (no additional marks awarded)
NAQ	Not answered question (incorrect focus)
L1	Level 1 response (identification)
L2	Level 2 response (explanation)
L3	Level 3 response (analysis)
L4	Level 4 response (evaluation)
CONT	Context (required for high L4 award only)

# Subject specific marking instructions

For Level of Response marked questions marked over 4 levels, the candidate can access at L1 or L2. In either case, they can analyse the point made and proceed directly to L3.

L3 analysis is required before L4 can be accessed.

	Question		Answer					Marks	Guidance	
1	(a)		Risk analysis Feasibility study Variance analysis	Project initiation	Project planning	Project implementation	Project closure		3	One mark for each correct identification, to a maximum of three marks.  Contradictory response rule applies to each of three documents (see preamble item 5).
1	(b)		Responses m	nvolved ompletion imings	:				3	One mark for a correct identification, to a maximum of three marks.
1	(c)		<ul> <li>dependencies.</li> <li>Responses may include: <ul> <li>time creep</li> <li>project delay</li> <li>slower than the competition</li> <li>tasks need to be rushed/take short cuts</li> <li>run over/out of time.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Exemplar response: <ul> <li>e.g. The project is not likely to complete on time (1). This may mean that Industrial Robotics Ltd loses out to the sales (1).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					2	Up to two marks for explanation.	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1 (d)	Responses may include:  • an alternative plan/plan b • to make provision for negative events • to plan for unfortunate eventualities • to minimise disruption/delay • to minimise the impact of negative circumstances • to get back on track as quickly as possible • to have alternative resources available • to be proactive • to maintain control • to ensure emergencies can be dealt with efficiently • avoids reactive fire-fighting.  Exemplar response:  e.g. A contingency plan is important because it requires Zhang to consider negative eventualities which may affect the progress of the project (1). This helps to ensure that the project team are prepared should such events occur (1), minimising any delay to the project (1). This could be critical since the company needs to get its robotic innovations to market before the competition	4	One mark for each valid point to a maximum of four such points, allow development.  Accept answers relating to a contingency plan or the activity of contingency planning.

Question	Answer		Guidance	
1 (e)	Responses may include:  Iack of skill in-house/beyond own expertise not a core competence prefer to concentrate on hardware development insufficient human resources would require significant financial resourcing e.g. programming tools, coding software to save time/shorten the project to allow employees to concentrate on developing the prototype contractor may have superior skills benefits of specialisation e.g. higher quality have positive experience of using software contractors on previous projects cost saving/cheaper than doing it in-house.	2	One mark for a correct identification, to a maximum of two marks.  Do <b>not</b> award 'specialist' as it is given in the question.  Do <b>not</b> award answers relating to independent/ external/objective, the response to why a specialist should be used.	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1 (f)	<ul> <li>competition e.g. nature of competition, size of competition, strength of competition, competitor behaviour.</li> <li>market conditions e.g. market size, market growth, market dynamics, demand.</li> <li>Exemplar responses:</li> <li>e.g. If the company hears that the competitors are also developing the uneven floor and stairway mobility of their robots (1) then Industrial Robotics Ltd may need to change the focus of its project (1), perhaps enhancing robotic perception or manipulation (1).</li> <li>e.g. Significant growth in the size of the market could affect the project (1) because Rachel may be willing to throw more resources into the project (1) because of its potential for greater profits (1).</li> </ul>	3 x 2	In both cases, one mark for an impact on the project, plus up to two further marks for explanation.  Impacts can be positive or negative.
2 (a)	Indicative content:    Project management tool   Source of information	2	One mark for each correct identification, to a maximum of two marks.  Contradictory response rule applies to each of the tools (see preamble item 5).

(	Quest	tion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(b)	(i)	Indicative content:	1	For one mark.
			3 months		Award equivalents e.g. quarter of a year.
					Units required.
2	(b)	(ii)	Indicative content:	1	For one mark.
			Activity D: External testing of prototypes in industrial market <b>AND</b>		Both required for one mark.
			Activity E: Accelerated time testing of robotic prototype.		
2	(b)	(iii)	Indicative content:	1	For one mark.
			Activity B: Phase 2 testing and refinement of robotic prototype <b>AND</b>		Both required for one mark.
			Activity H: Off-site software creation by contractor.		
2	(b)	(iv)	Indicative content:	1	For one mark.
			• A, B, C, D, G, H, I, J, K, L, N, O		Do <b>not</b> award answers that give additional activities or
			All apart from Activities E, F and M.		miss out an activity.
2	(b)	(v)	Indicative content:	1	For one mark.
			14 months		Accept equivalents e.g. 1 year 2 months.
					Units required.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 (c)	<ul> <li>timings are imprecise e.g. whole months</li> <li>no dates given, only durations</li> <li>too simplistic for effective monitoring of complex projects</li> <li>cannot show multiple scheduling possibilities</li> <li>cannot show bottlenecks</li> <li>does not show where resources have been assigned</li> <li>does not identify the critical path</li> <li>the size of the bar does not indicate the amount of work</li> <li>difficult to do on paper/requires IT</li> <li>lacks the clear visual sequencing of CPA</li> <li>can be complex to portray graphically</li> <li>difficult to draw</li> <li>time consuming to produce</li> <li>difficult to understand</li> <li>does not factor in contingencies</li> <li>needs to be constantly updated</li> <li>not easy to edit/update</li> <li>time consuming to update</li> <li>only suitable for straightforward projects.</li> <li>Exemplar responses:</li> <li>e.g. Precise timings cannot be shown (1) because the graph works in whole cells e.g. whole weeks or months (1).</li> <li>e.g. The Gantt chart will need to be updated frequently in the light of actual progress made (1) and this is likely to be a time-consuming process (1).</li> </ul>	3 x 2	One mark for each correct limitation to a maximum of three, plus one further mark for each of three explanations.  Accept explanation of cause or consequence.

(	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(d)		Indicative content:	6	Up to 6 marks.
			$E = \frac{O + 4M + P}{6}$ $O = 14$ $P = 28  (14 \times 2 = 28)$ $M = 18  (14 + 12/3 = 14 + 4 = 18)  4M = 72$ $E = \frac{14 + 72 \text{ (OFR)} + 28 \text{ (OFR)}}{6} = \frac{114}{6} = 19 \text{ months}$		Award full marks (6 marks) for correct answer irrespective of working. Correct units required.  1 mark for correct formula/method stated or applied.  1 mark for each correct figure for O, P and M.  Award 5 marks for an answer of '19' with incorrect units (or no units) given.  Award equivalents e.g. 19 months = 1 year 7 months.
2	(e)		Responses may include: <ul> <li>quality management</li> <li>control techniques</li> <li>frequent reporting/regular meetings.</li> </ul>	2	One mark for a correct identification, to a maximum of two marks.  Accept specific examples.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance	
3 (a)	<ul> <li>Issue 1: medium (1) e.g. important but not time critical, needs to be investigated, may be a good reason, needs to be chased, no serious effect unless the delay continues, no one has been injured, is not an issue that the media would get hold of, nevertheless will delay the project if it is not dealt with soon, the software development is a key part of the overall project.</li> <li>Issue 2: low (1) e.g. very limited impact, no urgency, internal impact only, slight delay, employee expected to return shortly, Activity E has 2 months of slack time, as long as completed within the three-month period the project will not be delayed, self-limiting issue, self-rectifying.</li> <li>Issue 3: high (1) e.g. urgent, serious impact, external impact, people have been injured, potential legal action, potential compensation claim, third party involvement, may jeopardise future focus groups, another focus group scheduled very soon, two fewer prototypes available for future focus groups, involves potential industrial customers, high risk to reputation, risk of getting media attention, potential to jeopardise future sales, safety testing of prototypes required, remedial action to prototypes needed, health and safety issue, potential to happen again, potential to escalate, needs to be reported to Rachel.</li> <li>Exemplar responses:</li> <li>e.g. Issue 1 is medium priority (1). The software needs to be fully tested before the product can be brought to market (1). However, this matter does put the reputation of the company at immediate risk, so is not as urgent as Issue 3 (1).</li> </ul>	3 x 3	In each case, award: one mark for appropriate priority plus up to two marks for explanation.	

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
		e.g. Issue 2 is low priority (1). This issue is likely to be automatically resolved when the engineer returns to work (1). A slight delay to Activity E will not delay the overall project (1).  e.g. Issue 3 is high priority (1). Someone has been injured while the company was attempting to demonstrate the safety of the robots (1). This has the potential to cause adverse media publicity (1).		
3	(b)	Responses may include:  product material/type of metal dimensions metrics shape/template attribute specification degree of precision/tolerance grade quality tensile strength.	2	One mark for a correct identification, to a maximum of two marks.

Q	uesti	ion	Answer		Marks	Guidance
3	(c)		Responses may include:  • lower cost components • longer trade credit period		2 x 3	One mark for each of two benefits, plus one further mark for each of two explanations and one further mark for each of two analyses.
			better deals			Accept benefits to the project or the business.
			shorter lead time			
			faster delivery			
			better delivery terms			
			better quality products			
			improved goodwill			
			supplier more amenable/flexible to require.	uests		
			supplier may prioritise orders from Indu	ustrial Robotics.		
			Exemplar response:			
			e.g Zhang may be able to negotiate chear components. This will reduce business co increasing business profits (1).			
3	(d)	(i)	Indicative content:		2	Award full marks if all four correct. Award max one mark (for method) if one error.
			Durability of upgraded component (n cycles, in millions)	Cumulative frequency		
			n ≤ 3.0 0	0		
			$3.0 < n \le 3.5$ 8 $3.5 < n \le 4.0$ 30	8 38		
			$3.5 < n \le 4.0$ $30$ $4.0 < n \le 4.5$ $36$	74		
			4.5 < n ≤ 5.0 16	90		
			$5.0 < n \le 5.5$ 10	100		

Q	uest	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(d)	(ii)	Indicative content:  Smooth line through the following co-ordinates: (3.5, 8), (4.0, 38), (4.5, 74), (5.0. 90).	2	Up to two marks.  Award full marks for smooth line through correct coordinates.  Award max one mark for correct co-ordinates joined by straight lines.  OFR applies to cumulative frequency given in part (i).
3	(d)	(iii)	Indicative content:  Median value (at 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile level) indicated on graph.  Answer: 4.15 ± 0.1 million cycles (OFR)	1	For one mark.  Award any correct attempt to show the median value on graph e.g. horizontal line drawn across at 50 or a cross or ring at appropriate point on the curve.  NB median value does not need to be stated, the question only requires it to be 'shown'.  OFR applies to graph drawn in part (ii).
4	(a)		Responses may include:  • (software) contractor  • (component) supplier  • customers/manufacturing industries  • consumers/end users of manufactured products  • competitors/other robotic manufacturers  • media.	2	One mark for a correct identification, to a maximum of two marks.  Do not award 'sponsors' as they could be internal.  Do not award 'local businesses', 'investors', annotate TV.

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(b)	Responses may include:  • a balanced viewpoint • so that nothing is overlooked • more information/more detail • different stakeholders might have different perspectives • so that all stakeholders feel valued.  Exemplar response:  e.g. Getting feedback from all relevant stakeholders should help to avoid bias (1). This is important because otherwise something important could be overlooked (1) which might have benefitted future projects (1).	3	One mark for each valid point to a maximum of three such points, allow development.
4	(c)	Use level of response criteria.  Responses may include:  objective feedback methods completion figures (e.g. deliverables, scope, time cost, acceptance) issue logs complaints analysis subjective feedback methods informal methods e.g. chat, business breakfast, media coverage formal methods e.g. meetings, questionnaires.	12	Level 4: 10-12 marks Candidate evaluates feedback methods Zhang can use to review his own performance as manager of the project.  Level 3: 7-9 marks Candidate analyses the benefits and drawbacks of feedback methods Zhang can use to review his own performance as manager of the project.  Level 2: 4-6 marks Candidate explains the benefits and drawbacks of feedback methods Zhang can use to review his own performance as manager of the project.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
Question	e.g. Zhang could use project completion figures (L1). By comparing the time the project actually takes to time projected by the schedule he can work out the time creep of the project (L2). However, this method will only give him basic details, for example the magnitude of any time creep, it will not explain 'why' any time creep occurred (L3).  In contrast, issuing questionnaires to project team members (L1) would allow Zhang to collect information about how they feel he managed the project (L2). This method has the advantage of providing an insight into who or what may be to blame for any time creep (L3).  Despite the feedback from questionnaires being subjective and open to bias, this method will provide far more information which Zhang can use to judge whether his planning and time management skills (CONT) were satisfactory or the cause of any time creep. In addition, the information will come from those who were most closely involved in the project and, therefore, are most likely to be able to most accurately review	Marks	Level 1: 1-3 marks Candidate identifies feedback methods Zhang can use to review his own performance as manager of the project.  For Level 4:  Award 10 marks for a justified selection of method (no context), e.g. best because  Award 11 marks for a justified selection of method (with context) e.g. best because with context.  Context annotation required.  Award 12 marks for a comparative, justified selection with context. E.g. better than because with context. Context annotation required.  NB at least two methods must have been identified before L4 can be considered awarded.  NB L3 required to enter L4 (see p.4 item 11).
	his personal performance. For these reasons, I believe that issuing questionnaires to team members is a far better method than comparing planned and actual timescales (L4).		Do not award self-evaluation, project closure reports.

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
The Triangle Building
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8EA

#### **OCR Customer Contact Centre**

## **Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

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Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553



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