OCR Oxford Cambridge and RSA

F

GCSE (9-1)

Combined Science B (Twenty First Century Science)

J260/03: Physics (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2019

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
√	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Combined Science B:

	Assessment Objective
A01	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

(Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	(a)		reflected ✓	1	1.1	
	(b)		A wave transfers energy from one place to another ✓ In air, sound waves travel at about 330m/s ✓	2	1.1 x 2	

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
2	(a)		(Rate of) flow of (electric) charge ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW flow of electrons	
	(b)		battery ✓ complete circuit ✓	2	1.1x2		
	(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 12 (C) award 2 marks Substitution in equation: charge = (current × time) = 0.4 x 30 \(\times \) = 12 (C) \(\times \)	2	2.1x2		
	(d)		Place (a magnetic compass) next to the wire (current on) compass needle will be deflected /line up with new magnetic field (No current) compass needle will return to original position /line up with earth's magnetic field	3	1.1 x 3		

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
3	(a)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 360 000 (J) award 2 marks	2	2.1x2	
			Substitution in equation: kinetic energy = $0.5 \times 1800 \times (20)^2 \checkmark$			
			= 360 000 (J) ✓			ALLOW correct answers in standard form or using prefixes e.g. 3.6 x 10 ⁵ , 360kJ
	(b)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 810 000 (J) award 3 marks	3		
			Recall equation work done = force x distance ✓		1.2	
			Substitution in equation: work done = 9000 x 90 ✓		2.1x2	
			= 810 000 (J) ✓			ALLOW correct answers in standard form or using prefixes e.g. 8.1 x 10 ⁵ , 810kJ
	(c)	(i)	(when the roads are wet) braking distance greater/increases/longer ✓	2	3.1a	
			(because) friction reduced / more slippery / less grip ✓		2.1	
		(ii)	(when the bus is faster) / braking distance greater/increases/longer ✓	2	3.1a	
			(because) bus has more (kinetic) energy (to transfer)/more work must be done (by braking force) / more energy needed to stop 🗸		2.1	ALLOW momentum

(Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance	
4	(a)		3 rd box infra red ✓ 5 th box ultra violet ✓	2	1.1 x 2	ALLOW one mark if answers reversed	
	(b)		a very small ✓	1	1.1		

C	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	car √	1	3.1b	
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 7.2 (J) award 3 marks	3		
			Keyboard potential difference = 4.5 (V) √		2.2	
			Substitution in equation: energy transferred = 1.6 x 4.5 ✓		2.1x2	
			= 7.2 (J) ✓			
	(b)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 1.8 (W) award 3 marks	3		
			Recall equation: power = p.d. × current ✓		1.2	
			Substitution in equation: power = 9 × 0.2 ✓		2.1x2	
			= 1.8 (W) ✓			

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
6	(a)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 4 (s) award 3 marks	3			
		Recall equation: speed = distance ÷ time ✓		1.2	IGNORE triangle relationship	
		Substitution in equation: 30 = 120 ÷ time ✓		2.1x2		
		time = $(120 \div 30) = 4 (s) \checkmark$				
	(b)	Accelerates/speeds up (then) travels at constant speed (then) decelerates/slows down ✓	3	3.1a		
		Identifies constant speed 18 m/s √		2.2x2	ALLOW identification as max speed OR	
		Further detail e.g. acceleration/deceleration is constant OR correctly refers to time 21 s / 35 s / 47 s OR constant speed for 14 s ✓			'accelerates to'	

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
7	(a)		(because they are) unstable ✓	1	1.1	
	(b)	(i)	Beta particles ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	Any two from: Beta/β (particles) because they go through the cardboard but be stopped by the paper-clips ✓ (Not) alpha/α (particles) as they are absorbed by cardboard/packet ✓ (Not) gamma/γ (rays/radiation) as they will go straight through the cardboard and paper-clips ✓	2	3.2ax2	IGNORE references to paper
		(iii)	Radioactive emissions are harmful / dangerous ✓ Damages body tissues/cells/DNA OR is ionising OR can cause cell mutation. ✓	2	2.1x2	ALLOW alpha/beta/gamma ALLOW causes cancer DO NOT ALLOW ionising cells/tissues/organs
	(c)	(i)	Top line 4 ✓ Bottom line 2 ✓	2	1.2 2.1	
		(ii)	Top line 0 ✓ Bottom line -1 ✓	2	1.2 2.1	

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
8	(a)		(AB) magnet (PQ) iron bar (XY) magnet	1	3.2a	All three need to be correct to award the mark
	(b)	(i)	Zero/nothing/0 ✓	1	1.1	
		(ii)	down arrow (starting on black spot) labelled W/weight/mg	3	2.2x3	ALLOW gravity
			up arrow (starting on black spot) labelled <i>F</i> /(magnetic) force ✓			Vertical arrows judged by eye.
			2 arrows equal length opposite direction ✓			Equal length arrows judged by eye.
		(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 2.2 (N) award 4 marks	4		
			Recognise magnetic force = weight ✓		1.2x2	ALLOW recognition of magnetic force = weight if not explicitly stated
			Convert 220 (g) to 0.22 (kg) ✓			Thot explicitly stated
			Recall & Substitution in equation: magnetic force = weight = 0.22 x 10 √		2.1x2	
			Magnetic force = 2.2 (N) ✓			2200 (N) scores 3 marks

G	uesti	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
9	(a)		Amplitude = 0.5 m ✓ Wavelength = 1.8 m ✓ Frequency = 3 times/waves per second OR frequency = 3Hz ✓	3	1.1 x 3	Must link word with value. ALLOW answers on diagram
	(b)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 240 (N) award 4 marks	4		
			Mass = 1.6 x 15 (= 24) ✓		2.1	24 without evidence of calculation is insufficient
			Recall weight = mass x gravitational field strength ✓		1.2	
			Weight = 24 x 10 ✓		2.1	
			Weight = 240 (N) ✓		2.1	
	(c)	(i)	Chemical (store) OR energy (store) in her muscles ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	Kinetic (energy) OR mechanical working OR by the moving rope OR (energy) in the wave ✓	1	2.1	DO NOT ALLOW idea that the rope transfers the energy, it must be the movement or wave. ALLOW by the wave
		(iii)	Thermal (store) OR (energy store) in the surroundings ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW Heat
	(d)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 3.3 (m/s) award 3 marks	3		
			Recall wave speed = frequency x wavelength √		1.2	
			Wave speed = 2.2 x 1.5 √		2.1x2	
			Wave speed = 3.3 (m/s) ✓			

Q	uestic	n Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
10	(a)	Ice: regular pattern/array close together√	4	1.1 x 4	ALLOW atoms or molecules for particles DO NOT ALLOW obvious change in particle
		Water: irregular but still close together ✓			size/much larger spaces between particles in water than in ice i.e. a gas
		Any two from:			anam m roo nor a gao
		particles in ice cannot change their position relative to other particles/neighbours ✓			
		particles in water can change their position relative to other particles/slide over other particles ✓			
		Particles in water have more energy / ORA ✓			
		Particles in water have weaker attractive forces / ORA ✓			
	(b)	Any one from: (melted ice) particles: have more (potential/internal) energy/energy has been transferred to them ✓ OR have weaker forces between them ✓ OR Are slightly further apart ✓	2	1.1 x 2	ALLOW atoms or molecules for particles
		AND (but) there are still the same number of particles OR the mass of the particles has not changed ✓			ALLOW the particles have not changed DO NOT ALLOW the mass has not changed
	(c)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 16700 (J) award 2 marks	2	2.1x2	DO NOT ALLOW the mass has not onlyinged
		Select and apply equation: energy to cause a change of state = mass x specific latent heat E = 50 x 334 ✓ = 16700 (J) ✓			

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
11	(a)		transformers ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW transformer
						IGNORE step up, step down
	(b)		increased	1	1.1	DO NOT ALLOW answers in incorrect order (must
			decreased ✓			have both answers in this order)
	(c)	(i)	230 (V) ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW values in range 220-240 (V)
		(ii)	(The high voltage/p.d.) may cause a high current ✓ Which may overheat wires /cause fires OR may cause electric shock/stop heart ✓	2	1.1x2	ALLOW electrocution
			OR			
			(The high voltage/p.d.) is a.c. ✓ can affect muscles / so you can't let go OR may cause electric shock/stop heart√			ALLOW electrocution

Qı	uestion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
12	(a)	Safety (max. 2 from): Don't boil the liquid OR Suggestion of sensible max temperature. ✓ Take care not to touch hot parts ✓ Allow apparatus to cool before dismantling ✓	3	1.2 x 3	ALLOW goggles or other sensible safety precaution e.g. heat proof gloves IGNORE gloves unqualified, apron
		Measurements (max. 2 from): Measure initial and final temperature of liquid/oil/water ✓ Measure mass of liquid/oil/water ✓			IGNORE measure temperature IGNORE measure temperature difference
		Record energy on joulemeter ✓ Stir before taking temperature readings ✓			ALLOW measure energy used ALLOW measure time to heat and power of heater ALLOW measure time to heat, p.d. and current in heater.
					ALLOW one mark (in measurements) for idea of substitution of measurements in the specific heat capacity equation
	(b)	FIRST CHECK ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 2.05 (kJ/kg °C) (1.94 + 2.23 + 1.98) / 3 ✓ = 2.05 (kJ/kg°C) ✓	2	1.2 x 2	ALLOW any answer that rounds to 2.05 ALLOW one mark for 1.96 if 2.23 is explicitly identified as an outlier
	(c)	(accurate value is) lower ✓(Because) energy is required to heat up apparatus and/or surroundings ✓	3	3.1a 3.1b	ECF ORA
		Lag the container OR add a lid ✓		3.3b	ALLOW only improvements that reduce the energy transfer to apparatus/surroundings

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
13 *	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. Level 3 (5–6 marks) Interprets the charts to describe trends in detail. AND Gives an explanation for the trends including a reference to renewables and coal. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Interprets the charts to describe a trend in detail. OR Gives an explanation for the trend in renewables and coal. OR	6	3.1a x 4 2.1 x 2	AO3.1a Analyse information and ideas to interpret For example: Basic trend: coal use has fallen gas use not much changed /no clear trend /up and down nuclear not much changed /no clear trend /up and down renewables increased other and oil not much changed /no clear trend /up and down/unchanged overall quoting data e.g. coal from 36.5% to 22.0% More detail: coal use falling every year renewables increasing every year the increase in renewables is increasing every year using data for coal e.g. coal fell by (36.5-22.0 =) 14.5% using data for renewables
	States a basic trend shown in the charts and explain a trend by referring to either coal decreasing or renewables increasing.			AO2.1 Application of knowledge and understanding For example: Explains that:
	There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.			 coal/gas result in CO₂ emissions which cause global warming coal fired power stations / mines are being
	Level 1 (1–2 marks) States a basic trend shown in the charts OR Explains a trend by referring to either coal decreasing or			 closed coal fired stations produce SO₂ nuclear does not cause CO₂ emissions renewables increasingly used as more

(Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
		renewables increasing. There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. O marks No response or no response worthy of credit.			 sustainable renewables increasingly used as no CO₂ emissions when generating lots of wind farms and offshore wind farms have been built lots of solar farms have been built.

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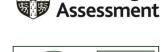
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