

Monday 20 May 2019 – Afternoon

AS Level Further Mathematics A

Y535/01 Additional Pure Mathematics

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes



You must have:

- Printed Answer Booklet
- Formulae AS Level Further Mathematics A

You may use:

• a scientific or graphical calculator

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Booklet. If additional space is required, use the lined page(s) at the end of the Printed Answer Booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question.
- The acceleration due to gravity is denoted by $gm s^{-2}$. Unless otherwise instructed, when a numerical value is needed, use g = 9.8.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **60**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The Printed Answer Booklet consists of **12** pages. The Question Paper consists of **4** pages.

Answer all the questions.

- 1 In decimal (base 10) form, the number *N* is 15260.
 - (a) Express N in binary (base 2) form.
 - (b) Using the binary form of N, show that N is divisible by 7.
- 2 (a) The convergent sequence $\{a_n\}$ is defined by $a_0 = 1$ and $a_{n+1} = \sqrt{a_n} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{a_n}}$ for $n \ge 0$. Calculate the limit of the sequence. [1]
 - (b) The convergent sequence $\{b_n\}$ is defined by $b_0 = 1$ and $b_{n+1} = \sqrt{b_n} + \frac{k}{\sqrt{b_n}}$ for $n \ge 0$, where k is a constant.

Determine the value of k for which the limit of the sequence is 9. [3]

- 3 The non-zero vectors **x** and **y** are such that $\mathbf{x} \times \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{0}$.
 - (a) Explain the geometrical significance of this statement. [2]
 - (b) Use your answer to part (a) to explain how the line equation $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{a} + t \mathbf{d}$ can be written in the form $(\mathbf{r} \mathbf{a}) \times \mathbf{d} = \mathbf{0}$. [2]
- 4 The sequence $\{u_n\}$ is defined by $u_1 = 1$ and $u_{n+1} = 2u_n + n^2$ for $n \ge 1$.

Determine u_n as a function of n.

[8]

[1]

[2]

The tetrahedron *T*, shown below, has vertices at O(0, 0, 0), A(1, 2, 2), B(2, 1, 2) and C(2, 2, 1). 5

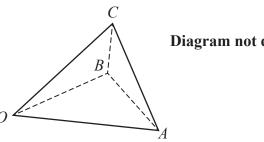


Diagram not drawn to scale

Show that the surface area of *T* is $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}(1+\sqrt{51})$. [8]

- (a) Determine all values of x for which $16x \equiv 5 \pmod{101}$. [4] 6
 - (b) Solve

(i) $95x \equiv 6 \pmod{101}$, [2]

- (ii) $95x \equiv 5 \pmod{101}$. [2]
- You are given the set $S = \{1, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17\}$ together with \times_{18} , the operation of multiplication 7 modulo 18.

(a)	Complete the Cayley table for (S, \times_{18}) given in the Printed Answer Booklet.	[4]
(b)	Prove that (S, \times_{18}) is a group. (You may assume that \times_{18} is associative.)	[3]
(c)	Write down the order of each element of the group.	[2]
(d)	Show that (S, \times_{18}) is a cyclic group.	[1]
(e)	(i) Give an example of a non-cyclic group of order 6.	[1]
	(ii) Give one reason why your example is structurally different to (S, \times_{18}) .	[1]

Turn over for question 8

Helicopter *P* moves on the line $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 2+4p \\ -3+p \\ 1+3p \end{pmatrix}$ and helicopter *Q* moves on the line $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 5+8q \\ 2+q \\ 5+4q \end{pmatrix}$.

The function z denotes $(PQ)^2$, the square of the distance between P and Q.

- (a) Show that $z = 26p^2 + 81q^2 90pq 58p + 90q + 50$. [3]
- (b) Use partial differentiation to find the values of p and q for which z has a stationary point. [4]
- (c) With the aid of a diagram, explain why this stationary point must be a minimum point, rather than a maximum point or a saddle point. [2]
- (d) Hence find the shortest possible distance between the two helicopters. [2]

The model is now refined by modelling each helicopter as a sphere of radius 0.5 units.

(e) Explain how this will change your answer to part (d). [2]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



8

Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series. If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible

For queries or further information please contact The OCR Copyright Team, The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge CB2 8EA.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

opportunity.