

## **Cambridge National**

## **ENGINEERING DESIGN**

LEVEL 1/2 CAMBRIDGE NATIONAL AWARD/CERTIFICATE IN ENGINEERING

DESIGN

R105/01 Design briefs, design specification and user requirements

## Mark Scheme for Jan 2020

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2020

105/01	Mark Scheme		January 2
Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1 (a)	One mark awarded for each correct answer in the correct order           B         D         C         A         E	4	
(b)	Award one mark for each valid response Focus group (1) Research on the internet (1) Analyse existing products Product reviews (1) Survey (1) Poll (1) Questionnaire (1) Interviews (1) Books / reference materials / magazines (1) Examine the market / sales / market gap (1) Social media (1)	3	Do not award 'primary' or 'secondary' research unless qualified with a specific example e.g. primary research – survey Do not award "ask other designers" Do not award "trends" unless qualified
(c)	<ul> <li>Award up to 3 marks for a valid response</li> <li>Designers may find part of the design has an error (1) or changes to the market may mean the design has to change (1). Further research might highlight new materials, processes or trends that can fix the error. (1)</li> <li>A prototype might be produced that does not work as expected (1) or does not conform to the specification (1) so further research can be used to help find a solution to the problem (1).</li> <li>Changes by the customer may be made throughout the process (1) as a result of market changes or cost (1) that require investigation to ensure the design meets the new requirements and will be successful when launched to the market. (1)</li> </ul>	3	

R105/01	Mark Scheme	January 2020
	<ul> <li>Elements of a design may prove more complex than expected (1) so a designer may need to carry out further research to find a solution such as a new material or process (1) to ensure the product can be manufactured / function (1)</li> </ul>	

C	Questio	n	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	<ul> <li>Award up to two marks for a valid response</li> <li>The speaker could be used outdoors (1) so may need to be water resistant. (1)</li> <li>The speaker is portable so must be durable (1) so it can be transported (1).</li> <li>May be in in constant use (1) so should continue to function and not break through use (1).</li> <li>Should be made from a durable material (1) so it does not break easily if dropped. (1)</li> <li>Should be easily cleaned (1) as it may get dirty through use (1)</li> <li>Non-slip base/rubber feet (1) to be stable on different surfaces (1)</li> </ul>	2	Do not award references to features unless they are related to the 'working environment e.g. • Small enough to carry around • Lightweight • Ergonomics • Re-charging • Sound, volume, or connectivity.
		(ii)	<ul> <li>Award up to two marks for a valid response</li> <li>The speaker will need to be easy to operate for a range of users (1) who can pick up / carry / operate the speaker without difficulty. (1)</li> <li>There are buttons that need to be pressed in order for the speaker to function (1) so they should be big enough to eb pressed easily. (1)</li> <li>Buttons should be designed at an appropriate size (1) in relation to the users fingers. (1)</li> <li>Feel comfortable (1) and easy to hold (1)</li> <li>Lightweight / small &amp; compact (1) to carry around (1)</li> <li>Clear symbols may be added to the buttons or speaker (1) to guide ease of operation (1)</li> </ul>	2	Do not award marks related to size unless qualified by the impact on ergonomics Do not award 'sharp edges' unless qualified and related to ergonomics.

R105/01	Mark So	cheme	Jar	nuary 20
	<ul> <li>(iii) Award up to two marks for a valid response</li> <li>Should be able to be disassembled at the end of its life (1) so materials and components can be recycled / replaced. (1)</li> <li>Should be rechargeable (1) so that disposable batteries are not used (1)</li> <li>Manufactured using renewable / sustainable energy (1) to reduce use of fossil fuels / emissions during production (1)</li> <li>Source raw materials from sustainable resources (1) and / or ensure they can be recycled (1)</li> <li>Reduce amount of material in the product (1) to minimise resources requirements (1)</li> <li>Ensure the product can be easily disposed of (1) through disassembly (1)</li> </ul>	2	Do not award marks for 'long lasting' or "durable" unless qualified e.g. can be maintained to extend life, reduce extraction etc.	
(b)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for a valid answer</li> <li>How the speaker functions (1)</li> <li>What features the speaker has (1)</li> <li>How the speaker performs / performance requirements (1)</li> <li>What is the target group / intended users (1)</li> <li>What are the limitations constraints of the speaker / size / weight / functional limitations (1)</li> <li>What should the speaker look like / appearance / aesthetics (1)</li> </ul>	1	Do not award specific features e.g. loud, charging, or sustainability, user needs, safety, cost etc.	
(c)	<ul> <li>Award up to three marks for a valid description</li> <li>It ensures that all details of the product are set out (1) this means that the manufacturer knows exactly what they have to make (1) and the client will get a product that meets their expectations. (1)</li> <li>The specification is a set of criteria / check list that the product must meet (1) which ensures that the product is manufactured in line with the customers' expectations (1) and can be successfully placed on the market. (1)</li> </ul>	3	Only award a maximum of 2 marks if the response relates to design specification points only and does no refer to manufacturing.	ot

C	luestion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3	(a)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each valid reason</li> <li>To ensure it functions correctly (1)</li> <li>To make sure it meets customer requirements (1)</li> <li>To ensure it is safe</li> <li>To ensure It is free from errors (1)</li> <li>To avoid legal disputes (1)</li> <li>To test durability (1) strength (1)</li> <li>To ensure it meets regulations (1)</li> <li>To ensure it can be sold (1)</li> <li>To identify any improvements (1)</li> </ul>	2	Do not award marks for specific tests e.g. • Drop test • Check if waterproof • Using it • Make long lasting
3	(b)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each valid method</li> <li>Physical / functional test (1)</li> <li>Virtual test / simulation / use CAD (1)</li> <li>Allow a focus group to use / try the product (1)</li> <li>Prototyping (1)</li> <li>Destructive / impact test, durability (1)</li> <li>Non-destructive / X ray / dye penetrative (1)</li> <li>Safety test / quality (1)</li> <li>Chemical resistance (1) / mechanical (1) / temperature (1)</li> </ul>	2	Do not award error proofing unless qualified. Model or prototype – do not award both, only award one.

GuidanceAnswer/Indicative content3(c)*Award up to six marks for a discussion on the why designers would evaluate a product during the validate phase of the design cycle.6Examples and relevant points could include.•The validate phase is the last in the design cycle. At this point the designer will have completed product which should be evalu learn from the process and judge its succ against the original brief and specification•Candidates provide a thorough discussion of why designers would evaluate a product during the validate phase of the design cycle. They show a clear understanding of the required question material. Good examples used to discuss why designers would evaluate a product during the validate phase of the design cycle.•Evaluation is important at this stage so designers can learn how they may be able improve the process of product developm future projects.•Specialist language and terms would be used in the appropriate areas being discussed and the required information will be well structured in its presentation. Learners will demonstrate an accurate level of spelling, punctuation and grammar.•Ensuring that the design is fit for purpose, the needs of the customer / user and is the correct quality is important to ensure that all design can be successfully sold on the mater design can be successful all dependent to the process on the p	January 2020
<ul> <li>3 (c)*</li> <li>Award up to six marks for a discussion on the why designers would evaluate a product during the validate phase of the design cycle.</li> <li>Level 3 (5–6 Marks)</li> <li>Candidates provide a thorough discussion of why designers would evaluate a product during the validate phase of the design cycle. They show a clear understanding of the required question material. Good examples used to discuss why designers would evaluate a product during the validate phase of the design cycle.</li> <li>Specialist language and terms would be used in the appropriate areas being discussed and the required information will be well structured in its presentation. Learners will demonstrate an accurate level of spelling, punctuation and grammar.</li> <li>Level 2 (3–4 Marks)</li> </ul>	`
<ul> <li>Candidates provide an adequate discussion of why designers would evaluate a product during the validate phase of the design cycle. Some examples used to illustrate why designers would evaluate a product during this phase.</li> <li>Some evidence of the use of specialist language although not always in the appropriate areas being discussed. Information, for the most part, will be reasonably structured but may contain occasional errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.</li> <li>Level 1 (1–2 Marks)</li> </ul>	n a ated to ess e to ent in cale ss with meets e the arket. ws s also ley can ne the er roduct the e sold

R105/01	Mark Scheme	January 2020
	Candidates provide a basic discussion which shows some understanding of the question material. Few or no examples used to show understanding of why designers would evaluate a product during the validate phase of the design cycle.	
	Little or no use of specialist language. Answers may be ambiguous or disjointed. Contains obvious errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.	
	0 marks = no response or no response worthy of credit. Annotate as 'Seen' at end of the response.	
	NOTE: Award a maximum of 2 marks if the candidate merely produces a list of bullet points. – the quality of written response is an important contribution to the level and marks awarded for this question.	

0	Questio	n	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for a valid response</li> <li>Rapid prototyping / additive manufacturing machine (1)</li> <li>3D printer (1)</li> <li>Manufacture by hand / use hand tools / handmade (1)</li> <li>Manual machines (1)</li> <li>Prototype (1)</li> <li>Sand casting (1)</li> </ul>	1	Accept specific types of prototyping or additive manufacturing machine e.g. FDM, SLA, SLS Do not award vacuum forming
		(ii)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for a valid response</li> <li>Robotic assembly (1)</li> <li>CNC techniques / machining (1)</li> <li>Injection / blow moulding (1)</li> <li>Forging (1)</li> </ul>	1	Do not award references to 'factory', 'conveyor belt' or 'assembly line' unless qualified with 'robotic assembly' or 'automation.'
	(b)	(i)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for a valid response</li> <li>Satellite (1)</li> <li>Bridges (1)</li> <li>Ship (1)</li> <li>Stadium / buildings (1)</li> <li>Bespoke goods e.g. jewellery, furniture, suits/wedding dress/cake, piece of art, paintings (1)</li> <li>Prosthetic limbs (1)</li> </ul>	1	Do not award cars unless qualified with a specific example, e.g. Formula 1 car, one-off Bugatti / Rolls- Royce, concept car Do not award 'custom cars' / 'personalised cars' Do not award prototypes
		(ii)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for a valid response</li> <li>Clothing / shoes (1)</li> <li>Baked goods / bread (1)</li> <li>Furniture (1)</li> <li>Machine tools / jigs / fixtures (1)</li> <li>Newspapers / magazines / books (1)</li> <li>Watches (1)</li> <li>Food and drink products (1)</li> <li>Newspapers (1)</li> </ul>	1	Do not award 'cars'

R105/01		Mark Sc	January	
	(iii)	Award one mark for a valid response Automotive / cars (1) Standard parts e.g. nuts, bolts (1) Phones (1) Electronic devices e.g. laptops (1) Packaging / bottles (1) Food / drinks (1) Clothing (1))	1	
(c)		<ul> <li>Award one mark for a valid reason</li> <li>Impact on resources required</li> <li>To define machinery requirement (1)</li> <li>To ensure appropriate labour / skills</li> <li>To check material availability (1)</li> <li>Calculate timescales involved (1)</li> <li>May impact component / product shape / geometry (1)</li> <li>Tooling will need to be considered / designed (1)</li> <li>Could affect overall product cost / budget (1)</li> </ul>	1	Do not award 'so they know how many to produce' or similar.
(d)		<ul> <li>Award up to four marks for a valid explanation</li> <li>Mass production processes allow for repeatability and limited customisation, through the use of tools / jigs / fixture / programs (1) that are very expensive to purchase / generate in the first instance (1). This initial cost is offset by the quantity of products produced (1) which cannot be the case for a one-off making it too expensive (1).</li> </ul>	4	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
5 (a)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each valid response</li> <li>Nano particles / nano materials / carbon nano tubes (1)</li> <li>High performance alloys (1)</li> <li>3D printed metals (1)</li> <li>Advanced composites e.g. carbon fibre / reinforced carbon fibre (1) Graphene (1) Kevlar (1)</li> <li>Carbon ceramic (1)</li> <li>Smart materials e.g. thermochromic (1) / photochromic (1) / memory metals (1)</li> <li>Conductive touchscreen materials (1)</li> <li>Plant / starch based / biodegradable polymers (1)</li> </ul>	3	
(b)	<ul> <li>Award up to three marks for a valid description</li> <li>Advanced composites such as new carbon fibre materials are used in high-end motorsport such as Formula 1 (1) this allows cars to be much lighter (1) increasing performance but maintaining strength and safety (1)</li> <li>Racing bikes (1) using carbon fibre frame (1) to improve power to weight ratio / speed (1)</li> <li>Plant based polymers are being used to create single use utensils e.g. forks (1) that can be thrown away after use but biodegrade (1) unlike fossil-fuel based plastic which does not decompose (1).</li> </ul>	3	Award one mark for the example product and the remaining marks for the explanation. Only award a maximum of two marks if no product example or incorrect example is given.

R105/01	Mark Sch	neme		January 2020
(c)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each valid response</li> <li>The material can be hard to process / machine (1), materials that are easy to process can lead to cost effective production (1)</li> <li>Specialist machinery may be required for some materials (1) requiring additional investment (1)</li> <li>Some materials may require additional preprocessing / post-processing requirements (1) these additional processes will require additional labour / processes / resource (1)</li> <li>The material may need specialist tooling to process (1) which will need purchasing in order to use the material driving up costs (1)</li> <li>The material may not be cost effective for the quantity required e.g. small or large scale (1)</li> <li>The material, may be rare therefore increasing costs (1) incur import cost (1) could make some materials unviable (1)</li> </ul>	2	Reference to readily available or scarcely available should only be awarded 1 mark. Do not award marks about the cost of the material unless qualified with example answers given.	e I
(d)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each valid response</li> <li>Labour / staff (1)</li> <li>Manufacturing processes / components used e.g. standard components (1)</li> <li>Timescale (1)</li> <li>Machinery required (1)</li> <li>Power / energy requirements (1)</li> <li>Scale of production (1)</li> <li>Product geometry / shape / complexity (1)</li> <li>Tolerances / accuracy required / defects (1)</li> <li>Transportation / distribution / storage (1)</li> </ul>	2	<ul> <li>Do not award reference to the following:</li> <li>Size of the product</li> <li>Quantity of material</li> <li>Quantity of components</li> <li>Material availability</li> <li>Sustainability</li> </ul>	

C	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
6	(a)	(i)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each valid response</li> <li>Pollution (1)</li> <li>Plastic in the oceans / impact on marine life / animal habitats (1)</li> <li>Use of fossil fuels / resource depletion in production and disposal (1)</li> <li>Landfill sites and reduction of waste (1)</li> <li>Global warming (1)</li> <li>CO<sup>2</sup> emissions (1)</li> </ul>	2	Do not award 'recycling' or 'biodegradable' unless linked to 'landfill' or 'pollution'
		(ii)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each valid recommendation</li> <li>Change the material to be biodegradable (1)</li> <li>Make the product multi-use (1)</li> <li>Create a washable / moulded product that can be reused / refilled (1)</li> <li>Ensure the plastic / cup used is recyclable (1)</li> <li>Use recycled materials to make the cup (1)</li> <li>Make it out of paper instead / cardboard or metal straw (1)</li> <li>Make it out of a biodegradable material (1)</li> <li>Modify the lid to remove the need for a straw (1)</li> </ul>	2	<ul> <li>Do not award</li> <li>Make smaller so less resources used</li> <li>'Make it out of environmentally friendly / eco- friendly/sustainable materials' unless qualified i.e. made of paper etc.</li> </ul>
		(iii)	<ul> <li>Award one mark for each valid response</li> <li>Must still be rigid / strong when full of liquid (1)</li> <li>Lid must ensure no liquid can be spilt (1)</li> <li>Must hold a set amount of liquid (1)</li> <li>Material must not be porous / leak (1)</li> <li>Must be cost effective in large quantities if not multiuse (1)</li> <li>Straw must still be used as a drinking utensil (1)</li> <li>Straw must not go 'soggy' / deteriorate (1)</li> <li>Straw must still be able to bend slightly (1)</li> <li>Must still be cost effective (1)</li> </ul>	2	<ul> <li>Do not award <ul> <li>Must be disposable</li> <li>Must be able to perform its function</li> </ul> </li> <li>Do not award references to disposable / recycling / environmentally friendly / eco-friendly / sustainable.</li> </ul>

R105/01	Mark Scheme		January 2020
6 (b)	<ul> <li>Award up to four marks for a valid explanation</li> <li>Disposable cups and plastic drinking straws are manufactured in large quantities and need to be disposed of (1). The use of plastic in them means they do not biodegrade (1) and in many cases they cannot be recycled (1). This means they are damaging environments and causing pollution (1).</li> </ul>	4	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) The Triangle Building Shaftesbury Road Cambridge CB2 8EA

**OCR Customer Contact Centre** 

## **Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627 Email: <u>general.gualifications@ocr.org.uk</u>

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) Head office Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553





© OCR 2020