



June 2022 - Morning/Afternoon

GCSE (9–1) History B (Schools History Project)

J411/52 Crime and Punishment, c.1250 to present

Time allowed: 1 hour

Sample question paper for 2022 only. To see what adaptations have been made for 2022 please ensure you have referred to the Changes for 2022 qualification web page.

You must have:

• the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet





- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer Questions 1 (a-c), 2, 3 and either Question 4 or Question 5.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk
 (*)
- This document has 4 pages.

ADVICE

Read each question carefully before you start to answer.

Crime and Punishment, c.1250 to present

Answer questions 1 (a-c), 2 and 3.

1.

| •• | (a) | Name one type of official who was responsible for enforcing law and order in the Middle Ages. | | | |
|-----|--|--|------|--|--|
| | | Middle / Ngos. | [1] | | |
| | (b) | Name one type of crime that the authorities were particularly worried about in the period 1500–1750. | [4] | | |
| | | | [1] | | |
| | (c) | Give one example of a technological change which affected policing in the period after 1900. | | | |
| | | | [1] | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2. | | rite a clear and organised summary that analyses how law and order was enforced in eperiod 1500–1750. | | | |
| | Supp | port your summary with examples. | [9] | | |
| 3. | What caused the increase in crime in the first half of the nineteenth century? | | | | |
| | | ain your answer. | [10] | | |
| | | | [] | | |
| | | Answer either question 4 or question 5. | | | |
| 4.* | took | far do you agree that the most important changes in the punishment of offenders place in the twentieth century? reasons for your answer. | | | |
| | | | [18] | | |
| 5.* | How | ne period between 1750 and 1900 there were big changes in policing'. far do you agree? | | | |
| | Give | reasons for your answer. | [18] | | |
| | | | | | |

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June 2022

GCSE (9–1) HISTORY B (SCHOOLS HISTORY PROJECT)

J411/ 52 Crime and Punishment, c.1250 to present

SAMPLE MARK SCHEME

Duration: 1 hour

MAXIMUM MARK 40

This document has 16 pages

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING

RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: RM Assessor assessor Online Training; OCR Essential Guide to Marking.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal http://www.rm.com/support/ca
- Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the required number of practice responses ("scripts") and the required number of standardisation responses.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 40% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone or the RM Assessor messaging system, or by email.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses - Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the highest mark from those awarded. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth **two or more marks**)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. Award No Response (NR) if:
 - there is nothing written in the answer space

Award Zero '0' if:

• anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

- 8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your team leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**
 - If you have any questions or comments for your team leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or e-mail.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.
- 10. For answers marked by levels of response:
 - a. To determine the level start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
 - b. **To determine the mark within the level**, consider the following:

| Descriptor | Award mark |
|---|--------------------|
| On the borderline of this level and the one below | At bottom of level |

| Just enough achievement on balance for this | Above bottom and either below middle or at middle of level (depending on number of |
|--|---|
| level | marks available) |
| Meets the criteria but with some slight | Above middle and either below top of level or at middle of level (depending on number |
| inconsistency | of marks available) |
| Consistently meets the criteria for this level | At top of level |

11. Annotations

| Annotation | Meaning |
|------------|---------|
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| | |

1. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper and its rubrics
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXAMINERS

- The practice and standardisation scripts provide you with *examples* of the standard of each band. The marks awarded for these scripts will have been agreed by the PE and Senior Examiners.
- The specific task-related indicative content for each question will help you to understand how the band descriptors may be applied. However, this indicative content does not constitute the mark scheme: it is material that candidates might use, grouped according to each assessment objective tested by the question. It is hoped that candidates will respond to questions in a variety of ways. Rigid demands for 'what must be a good answer' would lead to a distorted assessment.
- Candidates' answers must be relevant to the question. Beware of seemingly prepared answers that do not show the candidate's thought and which have not been adapted to the thrust of the question. Beware also of answers where candidates attempt to reproduce interpretations and concepts that they have been taught but have only partially understood.

Crime and Punishment, c.1250 to present

Question 1–3 marks

- (a) Name one type of official who was responsible for enforcing law and order in the Middle Ages.
- (b) Name one type of crime that authorities were particularly worried about in the period 1500–1750.
- (c) Give one example of a technological change which affected policing in the period after 1900.

| Guidance | Indicative content |
|---|--|
| 1(a) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1) | For 1(a), likely valid responses include: sheriff, constable, coroner, judge, juror, Justice of the Peace. |
| 1(b) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1) | For 1(b), likely valid responses include: vagrancy, poaching, witchcraft, drinking, not attending church, highway robbery, smuggling, rioting. |
| 1(c) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1) | For 1(c), Likely responses include: the internet, the motor car, |
| Characteristic readures (AOT) | TV, radio, DNA testing, tagging. |
| | Any other historically valid response is acceptable and should be credited. |

Question 2-9 marks

Write a clear and organised summary that analyses how law and order was enforced in the period 1500–1750. Support your summary with examples.

Levels

AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. **Maximum 6 marks**

AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. **Maximum 3 marks**

Level 3 (7-9 marks)

Demonstrates a well-selected range of valid knowledge of characteristic features that are fully relevant to the question, in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).

The way the summary is organised shows sustained logical coherence, demonstrating clear use of at least one second order concept in finding connections and providing a logical chain of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).

Level 2 (4-6 marks)

Demonstrates a range of knowledge of characteristic features that are relevant to the question, in ways that show understanding of them (AO1).

The way the summary is organised shows some logical coherence, demonstrating use of at least one second order concept in finding connections and providing a logical chain of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).

Level 1 (1-3 marks)

Demonstrates some knowledge of characteristic features with some relevance to the question, in ways that show some limited understanding of them (AO1).

The summary shows a very basic logical coherence, demonstrating limited use of at least one second order concept in attempting to find connections and to provide a logical chain of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).

0 marks

No response or no response worthy of credit.

Notes and guidance specific to the question set

Answers should show connections in the situation defined in the question and use these to organise the answer logically.

Examples of details that might be included at any level include: the function of different courts (assizes, quarter sessions, manor, church); the role of law enforcers (Justice of the Peace/magistrate, sheriff, coroner, constable, priests).

Use of conceptual understanding to organise the response might in this case involve the concept of changes within the period. Or it may involve using diverse aspects of law enforcement to organise the response eg Justice of the Peace, Coroner had certain roles which differed from the responsibilities of e.g. Priests.

Answers may show use of second order concepts such as causation (e.g. why roles changed or different roles were needed or reasons for actions), similarity and difference within situations (e.g. different responsibilities of different enforcers).

Please note that answers do not need to name the second order concepts being used to organise their answer, but the concepts do need to be apparent from the connections and chains of reasoning in the summary in order to meet the AO2 descriptors (see levels descriptors).

No reward can be given for wider knowledge of the period that is unrelated to the topic in the question.

Question 3-10 marks

What caused the increase in crime in the first half of the nineteenth century? Explain your answer.

Levels

AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. **Maximum 5 marks**

AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. **Maximum 5 marks**

Level 5 (9-10 marks)

Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).

Uses these to show sophisticated understanding of one or more second order concepts in a fully sustained and very well-supported explanation (AO2).

Level 4 (7-8 marks)

Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).

Uses these to show strong understanding of one or more second order concepts in a sustained and well-supported explanation (AO2).

Level 3 (5-6 marks)

Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1).

Uses these to show sound understanding of one or more second order concepts in a generally coherent and organised explanation (AO2).

Level 2 (3-4 marks)

Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1).

Uses these to show some understanding of one or more second order concepts in a loosely organised explanation (AO2).

Level 1 (1-2 marks)

Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1).

Uses these to show some basic understanding of one or more second order concepts, although the overall response may lack structure and coherence (AO2).

0 marks

No response or no response worthy of credit.

Notes and guidance specific to the question set

Explanations could consider: the rise in population; increasing population mobility; improved transport; growing inequalities in wealth; the increase in rural poverty; the impact of industrialisation; growth in business and opportunities for increase in fraud, bribery and corruption; deteriorating living conditions in the towns; drunkenness; the declining influence of the church; the breakdown of community–based law enforcement.

Explanations are most likely to show understanding of the second order concept of causation but reward appropriate understanding of any other second order concept.

Answers which simply describe some of crimes from the first half of the nineteenth century cannot reach beyond Level 1.

Question 4*-18 marks

How far do you agree that the most important changes in the punishment of offenders took place in the twentieth century? Give reasons for your answer.

Levels

AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied.

Maximum 6 marks

AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. **Maximum 12 marks**

Level 6 (16-18 marks)

Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show very secure and thorough understanding of them (AO1).

Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing explanation and reaching a very well-supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.

Level 5 (13-15 marks)

Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows very strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and convincing explanation and reaching a well-supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.

Level 4 (10-12 marks)

Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and generally convincing explanation to reach a supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.

Level 3 (7-9 marks)

Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably sustained attempt to explain ideas and reach a supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.

Notes and guidance specific to the question set

Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if they demonstrate knowledge of types of crime in any period.

It is possible to reach the highest marks either by agreeing or disagreeing or anywhere between, providing the response matches the level description. To achieve the two highest levels, answers must consider at least one period outside the twentieth century even if the response goes on to argue that the most important changes took place in the twentieth century.

Answers are most likely to show understanding of the second order concepts of change, continuity and significance but reward appropriate understanding of any other second order concept.

Grounds for agreeing include: the abolition of capital punishment and of birching; changes in prisons (e.g. abolition of treadmills, prisoners allowed to 'associate', open prisons); alternatives to prison e.g. probation, community service and electronic tagging.

Grounds for disagreeing include: arguing that changes before 1900 were of greater significance as they paved the way for later changes or that they were just as important in their own time (including changes that made punishments even harsher). Examples of changes from before 1900 include: the 'Bloody Code'; transportation; prison reform; the end of public executions.

Level 2 (4-6 marks)

Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts managing in a limited way to explain ideas and reach a loosely supported judgment about the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.

Level 1 (1-3 marks)

Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Shows some basic understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) but any attempt to explain ideas and reach a judgment on the issue in the question is unclear or lacks historical validity (AO2).

The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.

0 marks

No response or no response worthy of credit.

Question 5*-18 marks

'In the period between 1750 and 1900 there were big changes in policing'. How far do you agree with this statement? Give reasons for your answer.

Levels

AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied.

Maximum 6 marks

AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. **Maximum 12 marks**

Level 6 (16-18 marks)

Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show very secure and thorough understanding of them (AO1).

Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing explanation and reaching a very well-supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.

Level 5 (13-15 marks)

Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows very strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and convincing explanation and reaching a well-supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.

Level 4 (10-12 marks)

Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and generally convincing explanation to reach a supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.

Level 3 (7-9 marks)

Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably sustained attempt to explain ideas and reach a supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.

Notes and guidance specific to the question set

Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if they demonstrate any knowledge of policing in the period 1750–1900.

It is possible to reach the highest marks either by agreeing or disagreeing or anywhere between, providing the response matches the level description. BUT, to achieve the two highest levels, answers must identify and consider the alternative point of view. OR answers may reach a judgment on how "big" the changes were in policing in the period 1750 and 1900 by comparison with other periods.

Answers are most likely to show understanding of the second order change, continuity and significance but reward appropriate understanding of any other second order concept.

Grounds for agreeing include: the introduction of the first police force in London in 1829 was an important advance; legislation was introduced to establish police forces throughout the country; the number of police officers increased significantly; people accepted the need for a police force.

Grounds for disagreeing include: there were limitations to policing in the period 1750–1900 (e.g. limited numbers of police officers and limitations to their effectiveness); the changes came after 1829 – little change in the period 1750–1829.

Level 2 (4-6 marks)

Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts managing in a limited way to explain ideas and reach a loosely supported judgment about the issue in the question (AO2).

There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.

Level 1 (1-3 marks)

Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Shows some basic understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) but any attempt to explain ideas and reach a judgment on the issue in the question is unclear or lacks historical validity (AO2).

The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.

0 marks

No response or no response worthy of credit.