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**Tuesday 03 November 2020 – Morning**

**GCSE (9–1) Classical Greek**

**J292/01 Language**

**Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes**

**Do not use:**

- a dictionary



Please write clearly in black ink. **Do not write in the barcodes.**

Centre number

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Candidate number

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First name(s)

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Last name

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**INSTRUCTIONS**

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. You can use extra paper if you need to, but you must clearly show your candidate number, the centre number and the question numbers.
- Section A: Answer Questions 1–10 and **either** Question 11 **or** Question 12.
- Section B: Answer **all** the questions.

**INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is **100**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [ ].
- This document has **12** pages.

**ADVICE**

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Answer **both** Section A and Section B.

**SECTION A**

Answer Questions 1–10 and **either** Question 11 or Question 12.

Read Passage 1 and answer the questions.

Passage 1

*A race of terrible giants tries to defeat the gods. Although Zeus is afraid at first, the gods manage to resist them successfully.*

πάλαι ἦν γένος δεινῶν γιγάντων, οἱ ἐχθροὶ τοῖς θεοῖς ἦσαν. αἰεὶ γὰρ ἔβαλλον λίθους τε καὶ δένδρα πρὸς οὐρανὸν ὡς βουλόμενοι ἄρχειν.

ὁ δὲ Ζεὺς ἐφοβεῖτο, ἄκουσας τοὺς θεοὺς μόνους οὐχ οἴους τ' ὄντας νικᾶν τοὺς γίγαντας. ἐπεὶ οὖν οἱ γίγαντες προσέβαλον, ἔπεισε τὸν Ἡρακλέα βοηθῆσαι. ὥστε, τοῦ Διὸς βλάβαντος πολλοὺς κεραυνοῖς, ὁ Ἡρακλῆς ἀπέκτεινεν αὐτοὺς τῷ ξίφει.

5

καὶ ἡ Ἀθήνη ἀνδρειότατα ἐμαχέσατο· ἀποδείρασα γὰρ γίγαντά τινα, Πάλλαντα ὀνόματι, ἐχρήσατο τῷ δέρματι ὡς ἀσπίδι. παῦσασα δὲ ἄλλον γίγαντα ἔθηκεν ὑπὲρ αὐτῷ ὄρος, ὃ οἱ νῦν καλοῦσι τὴν Αἴτνην. εἰ δὲ οὗτος ὁ γίγας ὀργίζεται, ἔτι ἔξεστιν ἰδεῖν πῦρ ἐκφευγον ἐκ τῆς γῆς.

10

**Names**

Ἡρακλῆς, Ἡρακλέους, ὁ (acc. Ἡρακλέα)	Heracles
Ἀθήνη, Ἀθήνης, ἡ	Athene
Πάλλας, Πάλλαντος, ὁ	Pallas
Αἴτνη, Αἴτνης, ἡ	Etna (a volcano)

**Words**

γένος, γένους, τό	race
γίγας, γίγαντος, ὁ	giant
κεραυνός, κεραυνοῦ, ὁ	lightning bolt
ἀποδέρω, aor. ἀπέδειρα	I flay, I rip the skin off
δέρμα, δέρματος, τό	skin
τίθημι, aor. ἔθηκα	I put, I place
ὑπὲρ + dative	on top of

- 1 πάλαι ἦν γένος δεινῶν γιγάντων, οἱ ἐχθροὶ τοῖς θεοῖς ἦσαν (line 1): what was the relationship between the giants and the gods?

..... [1]

- 2 ἀεὶ γὰρ ἔβαλλον λίθους τε καὶ δένδρα πρὸς οὐρανὸν ὡς βουλόμενοι ἄρχειν (lines 1–2): why were the giants always throwing rocks and trees at heaven?

..... [2]

- 3 ὁ δὲ Ζεὺς ἐφοβεῖτο, ἄκουσας τοὺς θεοὺς μόνους οὐχ οἴους τ' ὄντας νικᾶν τοὺς γίγαντας (lines 3–4): what did Zeus hear that the gods were not able to do?

..... [2]

- 4 ἐπεὶ οὖν οἱ γίγαντες προσέβαλον, ἔπεισε τὸν Ἡρακλέα βοηθῆσαι (line 4): what did Zeus persuade Heracles to do when the giants attacked?

..... [1]

- 5 ὥστε, τοῦ Διὸς βλάψαντος πολλοὺς κεραυνοῖς, ὁ Ἡρακλῆς ἀπέκτεινεν αὐτοὺς τῷ ξίφει (lines 5–6):

(a) what did Zeus do to many of the giants?

..... [1]

(b) what did Heracles do to these giants?

..... [2]

- 6 καὶ ἡ Ἀθήνη ἀνδρειότατα ἐμαχέσατο (line 7): how did Athene fight?

..... [1]

- 7 ἀποδείρασα γὰρ γίγαντά τινα, Πάλλαντα ὀνόματι, ἐχρήσατο τῷ δέσματι ὡς ἀσπίδι (lines 7–8): what did Athene do after she had ripped the skin off the giant Pallas?

.....

..... [2]

8 παῦσασα δὲ ἄλλον γίγαντα ἔθηκεν ὑπὲρ αὐτῷ ὄρος, ὃ οἱ νῦν καλοῦσι τὴν Αἴτνην (lines 8–9):

(a) what did Athene do to another giant before she put a mountain on top of him?

..... [1]

(b) who calls this mountain Etna?

..... [1]

9 εἰ δὲ οὗτος ὁ γίγας ὀργίζεται, ἔτι ἔξεστιν ἰδεῖν πῦρ ἔκφευγον ἐκ τῆς γῆς (lines 9–10): what is it still possible to see if this giant gets angry?

.....

..... [2]

10 For each of the Greek words below, give **one** English word which has been derived from the Greek word and give the meaning of the **English** word.

One has been done for you.

<b>Greek Word:</b>	θεοῖς
<b>English Word:</b>	<i>monotheist</i>
<b>Meaning of English Word:</b>	<i>someone who believes in only one god</i>

<b>Greek Word:</b>	ἄρχειν
<b>English Word:</b>	.....
<b>Meaning of English Word:</b>	.....

[2]

<b>Greek Word:</b>	ἐφοβεῖτο
<b>English Word:</b>	.....
<b>Meaning of English Word:</b>	.....

[2]

**5**  
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Answer **either** Question 11 **or** Question 12.

11 Answer the following questions based on part of the story you have already read.

πάλαι ἦν γένος δεινῶν γιγάντων, οἱ ἐχθροὶ τοῖς θεοῖς ἦσαν. αἰεὶ γὰρ ἔβαλλον  
λίθους τε καὶ δένδρα πρὸς οὐρανὸν ὡς βουλόμενοι ἄρχειν.

ὁ δὲ Ζεὺς ἐφοβεῖτο, ἄκουσας τοὺς θεοὺς μόνους οὐχ οἴους τ' ὄντας νικᾶν τοὺς  
γίγαντας. ἐπεὶ οὖν οἱ γίγαντες προσέβαλον, ἔπεισε τὸν Ἡρακλέα βοηθῆσαι.  
ὥστε, τοῦ Διὸς βλάψαντος πολλοὺς κεραυνοῖς, ὁ Ἡρακλῆς ἀπέκτεινεν αὐτοὺς  
τῷ ξίφει.

5

### Names

Ἡρακλῆς, Ἡρακλέους, ὁ (acc. Ἡρακλέα)                      Heracles

### Words

γένος, γένους, τό	race
γίγας, γίγαντος, ὁ	giant
κεραυνός, κεραυνοῦ, ὁ	lightning bolt

(a) Pick out an **adverb** in line 1.

..... [1]

(b) Identify the **case** of δεινῶν (line 1).

..... [1]

(c) Identify the **tense** and **number** of ἦσαν (line 1).

..... [2]

(d) Identify the **tense** and **person** of ἔβαλλον (line 1).

..... [2]

(e) Pick out a **preposition** in line 2.

..... [1]

(f) Identify the **tense** of ἔπεισε (line 4).

..... [1]

(g) πολλοὺς (line 5): Identify the **case** of this word **and** explain why this case is used here.

.....  
..... [2]

Do **not** answer Question 12 if you have already answered Question 11.

12 Translate the following English sentences into Greek.

(a) We hid the wine at once.

.....  
..... [3]

(b) The citizen has a beautiful voice.

.....  
..... [4]

(c) The task was difficult.

.....  
..... [3]

## SECTION B

Answer **all** the questions.

Read the passage and answer the questions.

*The Athenians ignore the advice of Phocion and attack their enemies, the Macedonians. The campaign progresses well until the death of Leosthenes, the Athenian general.*

μέτα τὸν τοῦ Ἀλεξάνδρου θάνατον οἱ μὲν Ἀθηναῖοι ἤθελον πολεμεῖν πρὸς τοὺς Μακεδόνας. ὁ δὲ Φωκίων ἐπίστευσεν ὅτι ὁ Ἀλέξανδρος οὐκ ἀληθῶς ἀπέθανεν. τοῦ οὖν δήμου συλληχθέντος, “διὰ τί,” ἔφη, “τρέχετε εἰς πάντα κίνδυνον; ὦ μῶροι, ἀμείνον ἐστὶ μάχεσθαι οὐχ ὄπλοις, ἀλλὰ λόγοις.” τοῖς μέντοι πολίταις ἔδοξε πορευθῆναι ἐπὶ τοὺς Μακεδόνας, τοῦ Λεωσθένους στρατηγοῦ ὄντος.

5

τέλος δὲ οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἤλασαν τοὺς πολεμίους εἰς πόλιν, Λαμίαν ὀνόματι. ὕστερον δὲ μεγάλη συμφορὰ ἐγένετο· ἀπὸ γὰρ τῶν τείχων λίθος τύχη ἔπεσεν ἐπὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν τὴν τοῦ Λεωσθένους. καὶ τοσοῦτο ἦν τὸ τραῦμα ὥστε τῇ τρίτῃ ἡμέρᾳ, καίπερ πόλλων ἰατρῶν πειρωμένων σῶσαι αὐτόν, ἀπέθανεν.

## Names

Ἀλέξανδρος, Ἀλεξάνδρου, ὁ  
Μακεδόνες, Μακεδόνων, οἱ  
Φωκίων, Φωκίονος, ὁ  
Λεωσθένης, Λεωσθένους, ὁ  
Λαμία, Λαμίας, ἡ

Alexander (king of Macedon)  
the Macedonians, the people of Macedon  
Phocion  
Leosthenes  
Lamia (a city in Macedon)

## Words

πολεμέω  
ἐλαύνω, aor. ἤλασα  
τραῦμα, τραύματος, τό

I make war  
I drive  
wound

**13** μέτα τὸν τοῦ Ἀλεξάνδρου θάνατον οἱ μὲν Ἀθηναῖοι ἤθελον πολεμεῖν πρὸς τοὺς Μακεδόνας (lines 1–2): when did the Athenians desire to make war upon the Macedonians?

..... [2]

**14** ὁ δὲ Φωκίων ἐπίστευσεν ὅτι ὁ Ἀλέξανδρος οὐκ ἀληθῶς ἀπέθανεν (line 2): what did Phocion believe about Alexander?

.....  
..... [2]



- 15 τοῦ οὖν δῆμου συλληχθέντος, “διὰ τί,” ἔφη, “τρέχετε εἰς πάντα κίνδυνον;” (line 3): when the people were gathered together, what did Phocion ask them?

.....  
 ..... [3]

- 16 “ὦ μῶροι, ἀμείνον ἐστὶ μάχεσθαι οὐχ ὄπλοις, ἀλλὰ λόγοις” (lines 3–4): what did Phocion say the citizens should fight with?

..... [1]

- 17 τοῖς μέντοι πολίταις ἔδοξε πορευθῆναι ἐπὶ τοὺς Μακεδόνας, τοῦ Λεωσθένους στρατηγοῦ ὄντος (lines 4–5): what did the citizens decide to do?

..... [2]

- 18 τέλος δὲ οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἤλασαν τοὺς πολεμίους εἰς πόλιν, Λαμίαν ὀνόματι (line 6): write down **and** translate the Greek word which shows that the campaign took a long time. [2]

Greek word	English translation

- 19 ὕστερον δὲ μεγάλη συμφορὰ ἐγένετο (line 7): what happened later?

..... [2]

- 20 ἀπὸ γὰρ τῶν τείχων λίθος τύχη ἔπεσεν ἐπὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν τὴν τοῦ Λεωσθένους (lines 7–8): how did Leosthenes receive a wound to his head?

.....  
 .....  
 ..... [4]

- 21 καὶ τοσοῦτο ἦν τὸ τραῦμα ὥστε τῇ τρίτῃ ἡμέρᾳ, καίπερ πόλλων ἰατρῶν πειρωμένων σῶσαι αὐτόν, ἀπέθανεν (lines 8–9):

(a) when did Leosthenes die?

..... [1]

(b) who was trying to save him when he died?

..... [1]

Read the rest of the story.

*The Macedonians eventually defeat the Athenians and many Athenians go into hiding. The politician Demosthenes is tracked down by exile-hunters, but he kills himself before they can arrest him.*

οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι καὶ κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλασσαν ἐνικήθησαν. πόλλοι δὲ ἔφυγον ἀπὸ τῶν οἰκιῶν ὡς μισοῦντες τοὺς Μακεδόνας. ὁ οὖν τῶν Μακεδόνων ἄρχων ἐξέπεμψε φυγαδοθήρας ἵνα φονεύσωσι τούτους. ὁ δὲ Δημοσθένης, ὅς πρότερον ἔλεγεν ὅτι αἰσχιστον εἶη τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις γενέσθαι τοῖς τῶν πολεμίων δούλοις, ἔκρυψεν ἑαυτὸν ἐν ἱερῷ νομιζῶν ἐκεῖ ἔσεσθαι ἀσφαλής.

5

τῶν μέντοι φυγαδοθηρῶν ἀφικομένων, ὁ Δημοσθένης ἤρετο εἰ ἔξεστι γράψαι ἐπιστολὴν μικρὰν πρὸς τοὺς φίλους. εὐθύς δὲ κάθισας καὶ λαβὼν τὸν κάλαμον βία ἔδακεν. εἰδὼς γὰρ ὅτι φάρμακόν τι ἔνεστιν, ἤλπιζεν ἀποθανεῖσθαι. γέλασας δὲ ἐβόησεν· “βάλετε τὸ σῶμά μου πρὸς τοὺς κύνας.” ἔπειτα δὲ ἐπειράσατο μὲν ἐκβῆναι διὰ τῆς θύρας, οἱ δὲ πόδες ἤδη ἀσθενεῖς ὄντες οὐκ ἐπίθοντο τῷ ἑαυτῶν δεσπότη.

10

## Names

Μακεδόνες, Μακεδόνων, οἱ  
Δημοσθένης, Δημοσθένους, ὁ

the Macedonians, the people of Macedon  
Demosthenes

## Words

φυγαδοθήρας, φυγαδοθήρου, ὁ  
κάλαμος, καλάμου, ὁ  
δάκνω, aor. ἔδακον  
φάρμακον, φαρμάκου, τό  
κύων, κυνός, ὁ

exile-hunter  
pen  
I bite  
poison  
dog

22 Translate the rest of the story into good English.

[50]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

A series of 25 horizontal dotted lines spanning the width of the page, intended for student responses.

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

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