

# GCE

### Latin

H443/02: Prose Composition or Comprehension

Advanced GCE

## Mark Scheme for November 2020

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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#### Annotations

Annotation	Meaning of annotation			
<b>~</b>	Point credited			
+	Good style point (for use in Prose Composition responses only)			
×	Cross (use sparingly)			
?	Unclear/ dubious point			
BOD	Benefit of doubt			
CON	Consequential error			
1	Used to divide responses into marking sections			
	Major error			
~~~	Minor error			
<b>^</b>	Omission mark			
BP	Blank Page: this must be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response.			

### Section A: Comprehension and grammar

Ques	stion	Answer	Marks		Guidance	
1	(a)	that she was the sister [1] of the lawyer's opponent [1]	2	or words to same effect		
	(b)	he took the girl across to the benches opposite intending to leave her in the lap of her brother but the man had been tipped off in advance (by a friend) and had left the court/ gone home/ wasn't there	4	4 points x 1 each:		
2		he was normally an eloquent speaker but he was silenced/ astounded (by this unexpected event) he (timidly) took the girl back	2	Any	<b>two</b> of these points.	
3	(i)	alius <u>patronus</u> pro femina imaginem mariti mortui iudicibus proferre constituerat, sed ea magnum risum movit. Another lawyer on behalf of a woman had decided to			passage for translation has been divided into 2 sections, worth 5 marks. Award up to 5 marks per section rding to the following grid:	
		offer/show the jury a picture of her dead husband, but this caused great laughter.			5	Accurate translation with one slight error allowed.
	(ii)	nam e cera facta erat, <u>cadaveri</u> senis <u>infusa</u> , quae deformitate ipsa totam orationis vim perdidit.		4	Mostly correct.	
		For it was made of wax, moulded on the corpse of the old man, which by its very hideousness lost/ruined the whole force of the speech.		3	More than half right.	
		There are many ways of turning the passage into acceptable English. One approach for each sentence is given but examiners should assess the extent to which <b>any</b> approach satisfactorily conveys the meaning of the Latin.		2	Less than half right.	
	exan			1	A little recognisable meaning/ relation to the Latin.	
				0	No recognisable relation to the Latin	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	The general principle in assessing each section should be the <b>proportion</b> (out of 5) of sense achieved, in comparison with the damage caused by the accumulation of errors.		
4	the boy presumably appeared in court for a serious purpose connected with a trial/ perhaps to act as a witness but when Glycon asked the boy why he was crying the boy replied that he was being pinched by his father	3	3 points x 1 each
5	it is possible to cope with such (unexpected) events for those who are ready to adapt their approach/ be flexible but those who stick closely to their script either dry up in response to such problems or (very often) speak nonsense/ things which are not true	5	5 x 1
6	saying 'he stretches his hands as a suppliant' or 'he is clinging to the embrace of his children' when the man concerned is doing none of these things a young man asked Cassius why he was looking at him with such a frightful expression/face Cassius said he wasn't actually doing that but he immediately started pulling a nasty face since that was apparently written in the lawyer's script	9	Accept <b>nine</b> of these or other valid points x 1 for each: must include at least <b>one</b> item of interpretation (marked •).

Ques	stion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
		<ul> <li>all these = examples of how lawyers make fools of themselves if they rely excessively on their notes</li> <li>these examples show the need to adapt to circumstances</li> </ul>		
7	а	Future (Active) Participle	1	'Active' not required
	b	Past/ Perfect (Passive) Participle	1	'Passive' not required
	с	Imperfect Subjunctive	1	both words essential
8	а	movere	1	
	b	aspicere	1	
9	а	indirect question	1	<b>or</b> accept suitable translation of whole clause.
	b	condition/ 'if' clause	1	<b>or</b> accept suitable translation of whole clause.
10	а	Accusative : object of interrogabat	2	<b>or:</b> Accusative + translation: 'whom he asked' (or sim.)
	b	Accusative : following ad	2	or: Accusative + translation: 'in reaction to these problems'
	С	Ablative : description	2	<b>or:</b> Ablative + translation: 'with a terrible look/face'

Que	stion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
11		<i>saevissime</i> is superlative adverb = 'very/most savagely' <i>quam</i> plus a superlative adverb (1) adds 'as much as he could/ the most possible'	2	Translation 'as savagely as he could' = 1 (without any explanation)

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Section B: Prose Composition

)	Marks for each section should be awarded as follows	5	Accurate translation with one slight error allowed.
	The passage has been divided into 9 sections each worth 5 marks. Award up to 5 marks per translated section according to the 5-mark marking grid.	4	Mostly correct.
	The general principle in assessing each section should be the <b>proportion</b> (out of 5) of sense achieved.	3	More than half right.
	There are many ways of turning a piece of English into correct Latin. One basic model is given below for each sentence,	2	Less than half right.
	together with a number of acceptable alternatives (I). Further common alternatives will be specified during Standardisation, but examiners should judge on its own merits any approach that adequately conveys the meaning of the English.	1	A little recognisable meaning/ relation to the English
		0	No recognisable relation to the English.
	Additional marks for style		
	Additional marks (to a <b>maximum of 5</b> ) should be awarded for individual instances of stylish Latin writing. Some examples are given (1) in the mark scheme. These will be reviewed and extended during Standardisation and are by no means the only permissible points. Any other attempts at connection, subordination, good choice of words and Latinate word order should also be rewarded.	Exa item A tio	mbols used in mark scheme aminers place a cross (+) in the response beside each n being credited with a style mark. ck (✓) in the mark scheme denotes a response which reptable but does <b>not</b> qualify for any special credit.
	As a general principle, each <i>type</i> of improvement (e.g. promotion of Subject to first word; <i>igitur</i> as 2nd word) should be rewarded once only. Exceptions to this rule include <i>different</i> methods of subordination to link clauses together, and the insertion of <i>different</i> connectives ( <i>enim</i> , <i>itaque</i> , etc.).	for t Wor	ross ( <b>x</b> ) denotes a <b>major</b> error: this will reduce the ma the section in which it occurs to max. 4. rds given in brackets in the model answers are option I may be omitted without penalty.

Part	Answer	Mark	Guidance
(i)	While a boy called Servius was asleep in the palace of king Tarquin, flames suddenly appeared out of his head. dum puer, Servius nomine, in <u>palatio</u> regis Tarquinii dormit, subito e capite (eius) apparuerunt flammae.	5	<ul> <li>+ called: nomine servus quidam</li> <li>✓ cum dormiret</li> <li>× dum dormiebat or cum dormiebat use of Abl.Absol: puero dormiente</li> </ul>
(ii)	A slave immediately brought water to put out the fire but he was stopped by the queen, servus aquam statim attulit ut ignem exstingueret sed a regina prohibitus est,	5	<ul> <li>+ ad ignem exstinguendum subordination of 'immediately fire' using qui/ cum/ ubi</li> <li>✓ sine mora</li> <li>x</li> </ul>

(iii)	who commanded that the boy should not be touched until he <u>woke</u> of his own accord. quae imperavit ne puer tangeretur dum sua sponte <u>expergisceretur</u> .	5	<ul> <li>+ idiomatic phrase: sua sponte</li> <li>✓ ut non instead of ne until:_priusquam</li> <li>x no subjunctive for 'woke'</li> </ul>
Part	Answer	Mark	Guidance
(iv)	Not long after, the fire went out and the boy opened his eyes safely. haud multo post ignis exstinctus est et puer oculos tuto aperuit.	5	<ul> <li>+ Ablative Absolute: igne exstincto haud multo post</li> <li>✓ tute (very rare, but found)</li> <li>x mox</li> </ul>
(v)	Then the queen said secretly to her husband, 'By that <u>ring</u> of flames the gods are showing us tum regina marito (suo) clam dixit 'illo <u>circulo</u> flammarum dei nobis ostendunt	5	<ul> <li>+</li> <li>✓ omission of <i>suo</i></li> <li>x omission of <i>illo</i></li> </ul>

(vi)	that this boy will one day wear your crown. Let us treat him with the greatest honour.' hunc puerum quondam coronam tuam gesturum esse. eum habeamus cum summo honore'.	5	<ul> <li>treat : eo utamur addition of connective: itaque/igitur etc. word-order: summo cum honore</li> <li>✓ olim treat : putemus</li> <li>x wrong construction for indirect speech 'let us treat him' not done by subjunctive (e.g. debemus)</li> </ul>
Part	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	From that time Servius was <u>brought up</u> alongside the king's own		+ connecting relative: ex quo tempore

(viii)	<i>and when he was looking for a young man to <u>marry</u> his daughter et ubi ille iuvenem petebat qui filiam suam in matrimonium duceret</i>	5	<ul> <li><i>qui</i> + subjunctive</li> <li>✓ cum peteret/ quaereret</li> <li>x subject of 'he was looking' or 'to marry' left ambiguous filiam eius</li> </ul>
(ix)	he could find no one more distinguished than Servius in the whole of Rome. neminem insigniorem quam Servium in tota Roma invenire poterat.	5	<ul> <li>word order: <i>tota in Roma / totam per Romam</i></li> <li>ablative of comparison: <i>Servio</i></li> <li><i>meliorem</i> omission of 'whole' – e.g. <i>in Roma / Romae</i></li> </ul>

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