

# **GCE**

# **Biology B**

H422/03: Practical skills in biology

Advanced GCE

Mark Scheme for November 2020

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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## **Annotations**

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

## **Marking Annotations**

Annotation	Use
BOD	Benefit of Doubt
CON	Contradiction
×	Cross
ECF	Error Carried Forward
GM	Given Mark
~~	Extendable horizontal wavy line (to indicate errors / incorrect science terminology)
I	Ignore
•	Large dot (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
	Highlight (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
NBOD	Benefit of the doubt not given
<b>✓</b>	Tick
^	Omission Mark
BP	Blank Page
LI	Level 1 answer in Level of Response question
L2	Level 2 answer in Level of Response question
L3	Level 3 answer in Level of Response question

#### **Subject Specific Marking Instructions**

#### INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

Que	estion		Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance
1	(a)	i	Explanation must be qualified <u>and</u> correspond to the variable		AO 2.7	ALLOW 'pulse rate' as alternative wording for 'heart rate'
			Speed / gradient (of treadmill) ✓  because (higher speed/gradient) creates higher energy demands for body and higher heart rates ✓			IGNORE 'speed person ran' as unrelated to the treadmill
			health of participant / smoking    because heath conditions / smoking,  (may) increases heart rate ✓			
			BMI / obesity √ because high(er) BMI / obesity, increases heart rate √			
			sex √ because males (tend to) have higher heart rate √			
			age of participants √ because older people have lower heart rates √			
			initial fitness of the subject √ because fitter people have lower (resting) heart rates √			

1	(a)	ii	Any two from	max 2	AO 2.5	Must explain point for mark
			from a larger sample so, more (likely to be) reliable ✓			
			peer reviewed so, conclusions more valid ✓			
			different methods (may have been used) so, achieved reproducibility ✓			
			idea that procedure used to collect secondary data (may have) used a more, accurate / precise, methodology, so improved accuracy of data (obtained) ✓			
	(b)	i	Description (slight) increase in heart rate ✓  Explanation anticipatory response/ increases delivery of oxygen to muscles in anticipation of exercise OR caused by release of, neurotransmitters / noradrenaline / adrenaline ✓	2	AO 2.3	ALLOW use of data to show increase of heart rate IGNORE 'HR changes' as this could be an increase or a decrease in the HR
1	(b)	ii	23925 <b>AND</b> <u>cm³ min⁻¹</u> ✓	1	AO 2.4	Correct answer only: 165 x 145 = 23925 Must include units for mark. <b>ALLOW</b> correct answer in other form, e.g. 23.925dm³ min-¹, 23925 ml min-¹
1	(b)	iii	less time for <u>ventricles</u> to fill so, stroke volume is lower ✓	1	AO 2.3	<b>ALLOW</b> ref to incomplete filling of ventricles and reduced SV

1	(c)	i	Elevation of the ST section  Abnormally shaped P-wave  Deep S wave	1	AO 1.2	
1	(c)	ii	(cardiac) muscle in atrial wall contracts, arrhythmically / in an uncoordinated way <b>AND</b> inefficient filling of ventricles ✓	1	AO 2.5	

1 (d)	Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science concerns the second concerns the overall quality of the armodern communication Statement (shown in italics): away award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication Statement determines the level.  •The Communication Statement determines the	ontent of nswer. The ard the had nunication	ithe answer, hen, award to nigher mark v n Statement vithin a level	
	Level 3 (5-6 marks) Describes and explains both benefits and drawbacks, with conclusion drawn. Detailed evidence of using information from both statements 1 and 2. There is a well-developed line of reasoning, which is clear and logically-structured and uses scientific terminology at an appropriate level. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Level 2 (3-4 marks) Describes some benefits and drawbacks and explains at least one benefit and at least one drawback in detail. Evidence of using information from either statements 1or statements 2. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure and use of appropriate scientific language. The information presented in the most part relevant and supported by some evidence.  Level 1 (1-2 marks) Describes some benefits or drawbacks. Information from statement 1 and 2 may not be stated clearly. There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is mostly relevant.	6	AO 3.2	Indicative marking points may include:  Benefits/ advantages:  • Unexplained symptoms may have an effect on quality of life and may lead to anxiety  • Patients are reassured and further investigations can be avoided  • Results are immediately available  • Less disruption to lifestyle than other cardiac monitors  • Less additional cost to NHS than cardiac monitors.  • The knowledge allows doctors to make more informed treatment decisions e.g. such as medication dosage  • Other indicators of (later onset) heart disease are painful and frightening – e.g. pressure in chest, breathlessness, discomfort  • Patient is involved in diagnosis of symptoms  • Less need for training in emergency treatment of heart attacks e.g. defibrillator, CPR  • Median time from symptoms to diagnosis relatively short  • Less need for GP/ consultant appointment time  • No need for specialist to fit device
	0 marks			

No response or no response worthy of credit.	<ul> <li>Orawbacks/disadvantages:</li> <li>(Older) people, who are at greater risk of heart disease, may not possess compatible smartphones</li> <li>Patients may not use the smartphone app correctly</li> <li>No evidence of correlation between use of smartphone app and decreased GP consultation</li> <li>New device not fully tested on trialled over many years</li> <li>May create fear /worry from user as they can access data / trace in real time</li> <li>Battery life of smartphone may affect the long-term use of the app</li> <li>Quality of trace not as good as the CEM /standard hospital ECG with 12 electrodes</li> <li>Older people, who are at greater risk of heart disease, may not have confidence in technology</li> <li>Less data is collected as a result of lack of continual recording (as compared to CEM being worn continuously)</li> <li>Patients may not use the app if they fail to recognise their own symptoms</li> </ul>
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	Question		Answer							Mark	AO element	Guidance
2	(a)	i				2	AO 2.8	ALLOW 15.5				
			Ascendir	ng rank								1 mark for
				Petiole		Leaf						both rank columns correct
			Sample	length (mm)	Rank	width (mm)	Rank	d	d <sup>2</sup>			OR
			1	28	2	52	3.5	-1.5	2.25			any correct column for d OR d <sup>2</sup> (also allowing ECF for
			2	30	3	55	5	-2	4			incorrect rankings)
			3	17	1	31	1	0	0			
			4	31	4	52	3.5	0.5	0.25			
			5	35 45	6 7	56 61	6 7	0	0			
			<u>6</u> 7	46	8	62	8	0	0			
			8	77	10	98	10	0	0			
			9	33	5	40	2	3	9			
			10	57	9	69	9	0	0			
								Total	15.50			
			Descend	ing rank	•							
			Boocona	Petiole		Leaf						
			Sample	length (mm)	Rank	width (mm)	Rank	d	d <sup>2</sup>			
			1	28	9	52	7.5	1.5	2.25			
			2	30	8	55	6	2	4			
			3	17	10	31	10	0	0			
			4	31	7	52 56	7.5	-0.5	0.25			
			5 6	35 45	5 4	61	5 4	0	0			
			7	46	3	62	3	0	0			
			8	77	1	98	1	0	0			
			9	33	6	40	9	-3	9			
			10	57	2	69	2	0	0			
								Total	15.50			
2	(a)	ii								2	AO2	ALLOW ECF from Q2ai
	` ′		$r_s = 0.906$	61 √√								Answer must be given to 4dp (refer to table in Q2aiii)
												ALLOW one mark if calculated correctly but not given to 4dp
												ALLOW ONE mark it calculated correctly but not given to 4up

2	(a)	iii					max 2	AO 2.8	Candidates should use $n = 10$ and critical value at $p = 0.05 / 95\%$ confidence level  ALLOW ECF for correct interpretation of incorrect calculation of $r_s$ from Q2aii
									No mark for stating 'reject null hypothesis' without explanation
			<u>reject</u> the null hypo	thesis becau	se:				
			(degrees of fre	eedom is 10 s		ue (at ) = 0.6485 √			
			calculated valu	_		cal value, so 0.05 level) √			
			correlation is,	a weak positi	ve √				ALLOW '(relatively) strong'
			results are not	t due to chan	ce √				
2	(b)		Adaptation	Behavioural	Physiological	Anatomical	3		
			Stomata open only at night	<b>√</b>					
			Stem becomes more rounded with fewer folds when water is available		<b>√</b>				
			Stomata are located in sunken pits			<b>√</b>			
2	(c)	i	Control (group), for	/to allow, co	mparison √		1	AO 3.1	

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2 (c)	(ii)*	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4	of this	s mark sch	neme for guidance on how to mark this question.
		In summary: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognize a 'best-fit' approach based on the science contect 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the at Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level,  o award the higher mark where the Communication o award the lower mark where aspects of the Com  • The science content determines the level. • The Communication Statement determines the m	first decide which of the level descriptors, Level 1, Level  Communication Statement (shown in italics): been met. ment have been missed.		
		Level 3 (5–6 marks) Balanced, detailed evaluation with both supporting and undermining statements using information from Fig. 2.2a and Fig. 2.2b/c There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Level 2 (3–4 marks) Evaluation with both supporting and undermining statements using information from Fig. 2.2a and Fig. 2.2b/c There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence.  Level 1 (1–2 marks) Limited evaluation with basic descriptive statements that may not include reference to Fig. 2.2a and Fig. 2.2b/c The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.  0 marks	6	AO3.2 AO3.3	<ul> <li>Indicative scientific points may include (not exhaustive): ALLOW ORA to shade species throughout</li> <li>Supporting statements: <ul> <li>chloroplast from M.o (2.2a) shows more similar ultrastructure to M. g chloroplast in sun conditions (2.2b)</li> <li>chloroplast from M.o (2.2a) and chloroplast from M.g in sun conditions have similar sized grana / thylakoid stacks (2.2b)</li> <li>chloroplast from M.o (2.2a) and chloroplast from M.g in sun conditions (2.2b) have similar numbers of grana</li> <li>chloroplast from M.o (2.2a) and chloroplast from M.g in sun conditions (2.2b) have similar numbers of thylakoids per granum</li> <li>chloroplast from M.o (2.2a) don't need as many thylakoids / grana for light capture as they are in high light intensity</li> <li>fewer thylakoids in both chloroplasts from M.o (2.2a) and chloroplasts from M.g in sun conditions (2.2b) than chloroplast from M.g in shade conditions (2.2c)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		No response or no response worthy of credit.			

		<ul> <li>Undermining statements:</li> <li>only have one drawing of a chloroplast from each micrograph</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>student's drawings may be inaccurate</li> <li>chloroplasts / leaves from extinct species may have</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>been damaged</li> <li>images / electron micrographs may have been poor quality</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>methods of obtaining the leaf samples may have been different</li> <li>more data required to draw this conclusion</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>there (maybe) different numbers of chloroplasts in different species</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>there (maybe) different numbers of leaves in different species</li> </ul>

Qu	estio	n	Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	Line measured as 112mm = 28.0 (μm) and 114mm = 28.5 (μm) 28.0 to 28.5 (μm) √√	2	AO 2.8	Only allow values within the range (using image size 112 to 114)  ALLOW one mark as ECF for incorrect measurement provided there is evidence of rearranging formula AND showing working AND answer given to 3 sf i.e.  = incorrect measured value = ECF value to 3sf 4000
3	(a)	(ii)	iodopsin √	1	AO1.1	
3	(a)	(iii)	MARK FIRST TWO REPONSES	2 max	AO 2.7	IGNORE Specimens must be placed in a vacuum and so must be dehydrated / dead as image 3.1 is a section of tissue  IGNORE reference to black and white images as this is not related to the preparation of the image  IGNORE references to cost
			procedure is more technical / requires more advanced  practical skills / AW ✓  further detail of skill required e.g. complex staining process  needed to prepare specimens ✓  artefacts may occur ✓			

3	(b)	<b>///</b>	<b>√√√</b>			AO 1.1	ALL six rows correct 3 marks Four or five rows correct 2 marks
		Label	Name	Function			Two or three rows correct 1 mark
		Α	ciliary muscle	alter shape of lens			One row correct 0 marks
		В	iris	Control amount of light entering the eye			
		С	lens	Focusses light rays			
		D	cornea	Refracts light (to retina)			
		E	retina	Contains photoreceptors / converts light energy to action potentials			
		F	choroid	Pigmented layer to prevent internal reflection			
3	(c)		Only allow 2 marks maximum from any one area to ensure candidates address both parts of the question			AO 1.1	
		use	Equipment  use scissors, to cut away fatty tissue ✓ use scalpel, to remove, (rectus) muscles / fine sections of  fat / make an incision in sclera ✓ use blunt seeker, to separate lens ✓				Marks for equipment must give name of equipment <b>AND</b> use for each mark
		(pre	Safe working  (prevent) contamination from tissue or fluid, by wearing gloves / using mat / disinfecting instruments / washing hands / use of biological waste bin √  (prevent) injury from scalpel / scissors, by cutting away from body √  (prevent) allergic reaction, by assessing before starting dissection √				Marks for safe working points must be linked to preventative action

3	(d)	i	histogram drawn (with bars touching), with appropriate bar widths for each age category ✓  X axis labelled as "age / years "  AND  Y axis labelled as 'Frequency Density'  AND  plot area covers 50% of the available space ✓  all data plotted correctly ✓	3	AO 2.8	Do not award mp1 if there is a line of best fit also plotted through histogram  ALLOW +/- 0.5 small square
3	(d)	ii	(total = 198 + 540 =) 738 √√	2		69-63 = 6 x 33 = 198 81-69 = 12 x 45 = 540 View of 198 or 540 gains <b>1 mark</b>
3	(d)	iii	large sample size:  is more representative of the (actual) population  OR  gives a more accurate mean / is more likely to lie close to the true mean  OR  reduces the impact of anomalous results (on the mean) ✓	1		
3	(d)	iv	regional differences in incidence may relate to regional differences, in the organisation / delivery, of screening programmes ✓  uptake of screening and (as a result) opportunities for diagnosis, may be lower in rural versus urban areas (due to decreased accessibility of screening services) ✓  challenges in identifying diabetic retinopathy, including communication with screening services / communication with patients ✓	2 max	AO 3.4	

Qι	estior	Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance
4	(a)	Plan should <u>only</u> show tissue regions and no cellular detail  Entire specimen drawn  AND	4	AO 2.3	There should not be any shading or other detail within the plan  DO NOT ALLOW (mp1) if cells drawn DO NOT ALLOW (mp1) if the diagram has clearly just been traced
		4 distinct regions shown  AND  drawn to appropriate scale  AND  covering a minimum of 50% of the box ✓			traced
		Sharp, clear and continuous lines drawn for each region <b>AND</b> label lines are drawn with a ruler and do <u>not</u> have arrow heads ✓			<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> (mp2) if label lines are not ruled or if the label lines have arrowheads
		the 4 <u>specified</u> tissues labelled correctly ✓ <u>any</u> 4 tissues annotated correctly ✓			<ul> <li>Examples of suitable labels and annotations</li> <li>grey matter = dark(er) pink/purple</li> <li>white matter = light(er) pink/purple</li> <li>central canal = white/central, void/area</li> <li>meninges = red/purple exterior band /AW</li> </ul>
					Additional tissues that could be identified by the candidate  • dura matter = peripheral / outer, band / layer  • posterior/dorsal, horn(s) = narrow(er) area  • anterior/ventral, horn(s) = wide(r) area  • lateral horn(s) = bulbous / pointed / AW  • dorsal/ventral rootlets = pink/purple 'lobed' areas under dura / AW  • ventral median fissure = thin, dark red/purple line  • grey commissure = above central canal  • white commissure = below central canal
4	(b)	(Fig 4.3 is an electron micrograph and has) <u>high<b>er</b> / great<b>er</b>, resolution</u> ✓	1	AO 1.2	IGNORE 'better' resolution

4	(c)			2	AO
		Parasympathetic nervous system	Sympathetic nervous system		1.1
		acetylcholine √			
			ganglion is close to spinal		
			<u>cord</u> √		

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