

GCSE (9-1)

Business

J204/01: Business 1: business activity, marketing and people

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for Autumn 2021

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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1. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
AN	Analysis (AO3a)
APP	Application (AO2)
BOD	Benefit of doubt
BP	Blank page
×	Cross
EVAL	Evaluation (AO3b)
К	Knowledge (AO1a)
NAQ	Not answered question
NUT	No use of text
OFR	Own figure rule
REP	Repeat
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
TV	Too vague
v	Tick
U	Understanding (AO1b)

Question	Answer	Marks	Assessment Objective				
SECTION A							
1	В	1	1a				
2	Α	1	2				
3	В	1	2				
4	С	1	1b				
5	С	1	2				
6	В	1	2				
7	С	1	2				
8	D	1	1b				
9	С	1	2				
10	С	1	1a				
11	Α	1	2				
12	С	1	2				
13	В	1	2				
14	С	1	2				
15	D	1	1b				

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	SECTION B		
16 (a)	 Explain what is meant by a focus group. Knowledge/Understanding may include: Primary research method Small/selected/representative group of people Asked questions/give views/voice opinions about firm's ideas/products/services. Exemplar response: It is a small group of people (1) who are asked to give their views about a product being developed (1). 	2 AO1a AO1b	One mark for knowledge relating to a focus group. One further mark for explanation relating to a focus group.
(b)	Note: Explain one advantage for Waitrose of using customer trials. Understanding may include: • Less expensive than a full release • Saves money in case product fails • Less likely to damage reputation nationally if product fails • Safer way to market as only launched in selected stores • Sales figures give an indication of actual demand. Application may include: • New product development is important to Waitrose • Supermarket industry is competitive • Waitrose targets customers with higher levels of income • Specialises in good quality food • Over 300 stores throughout the UK • Qualitative data is being used by Waitrose. Exemplar response: Keeps market research spend to a minimum by only releasing (U) in a few of Waitrose's 300 stores (APP).	2 AO1b AO2	One mark for understanding of an advantage of using customer trials. No application marks can be gained without understanding. One further mark for application to Waitrose. Do not award answers relating to the benefits of doing market research in general. Do not award answers relating to promotional methods e.g. giving away free samples.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
(c)	Explain one benefit for Waitrose of having good business communication between employees at its Head Office.	2 AO1b AO2	One mark for understanding of a benefit of good business
	 Understanding may include: Ensures messages are passed to the required employees Ensures messages are passed on correctly/effectively Ensures messages are clear/no misunderstanding/no miscommunication Minimises confusion All functional areas are involved in new product development so need to communicate. 		No application marks can be gained without understanding. One further mark for application to Waitrose.
	 Application may include: New product development is important to Waitrose Supermarket industry is competitive Over 300 stores throughout the UK Over 50 000 employees Qualitative market research data. 		
	Exemplar responses: It ensures accurate messages are passed on effectively (U) so that Waitrose can swiftly launch its new products in the competitive industry (APP).		
	It ensures that all employees have all of the information that they need (U) to make key decisions about new product development which is important to Waitrose (APP).		

 (1)	Fundain and advantance for Maitre on of voing outsmall requiring and	0	
(d)	Explain one advantage for Waitrose of using external recruitment.	2 AO1b	One mark for understanding of an
	Understanding may include:	AO1b AO2	advantage of external
	New skills/fill skills gap	AUZ	
	 New experiences 		No application marks can be gained
	 New ideas 		without understanding.
			without and of standing.
	 No backfilling of the role required To avoid internal politics. 		One further mark for application of
			an advantage of using external
	Application may include:		recruitment at Waitrose.
	Waitrose targets customers with higher levels of income		
	 Waitrose uses a lengthy selection process (interviews, group activities and tests) 		Do not award 'more applicants'/'more to
	 Over 300 stores throughout the UK 		choose from', 'larger pool' unless the
	 Over 50 000 employees 		advantage is clearly stated.
	Supermarket industry is competitive		
	 New product development is important. 		
	Exemplar responses:		
	Externally appointed employees may have new ideas (U) which is important to be successful in the competitive supermarket industry (APP).		
	External recruitment avoids the costs of backfilling of another role (U) given the lengthy process used by Waitrose (APP).		
(0)	ARA Analyse one likely reason why Waitrose provides its employees with regular	3	One mark for knowledge of a
(e)	training.	ہ AO1a	One mark for knowledge of a reason for employee training.
	training.	AO1a AO2	
	Knowledge may include:	AO3a	No further marks can be gained without
	Improve employee knowledge		knowledge.
	Improve skill base		
	 Improve methods of working e.g. team work, flexibility 		One further mark for application to
	 Minimise mistakes 		Waitrose
	 Personal development of staff 		APP
	 Professional development of staff 		One further mark for analysis of a 🛛 🖌
	 Reduce the need for external recruitment 		reason for a business to provide
			all employees with regular training.

 Improve productivity Maintain/improve customer service Increase employee motivation 	
Improve employee retention. Application may include: Supermarket industry is competitive	
 Waitrose targets customers with higher levels of income Over 300 stores throughout the UK Over 50 000 employees Waitrose recruits many employees via external recruitment 	
 New product development is important Communication needs to be effective at Head Office. 	
 Analysis may include: Competitive advantage Higher sales revenue Higher profit 	
 Greater customer satisfaction Improved reputation. 	
Exemplar responses:	
Staff training will improve employees' knowledge (U) and customer service skills which is important in the competitive supermarket industry (APP) to maximise sales revenue (AN).	
Waitrose's customers are more likely to be highly satisfied (AN) if employees are knowledgeable (U) about the products sold for example Halloween confectionery (APP).	
ARA	

Answers may include: Praise/reassurance AO1a 2 non-financial method of motivation, to a maximum of two. Answers achemes e.g., employee of the month scheme/certificates/badges Good /improved working environment Do not award financial methods e.g. 'promotion' or finge benefits' (free gyr membership, a company car, a mobile phone, free holidays, additional holiday allowance, extra days off, gift cards, vouchers, coupons, subsidised food, etc). (f) (ii) Evaluate whether or not Waitrose should continue to offer profit sharing to its employees. AO2a 2 Application may include: Another supermarket stopped offering profit sharing to employees Ao2a 2 Another supermarket stopped offering profit sharing to employees Supermarket industry is competitive Vaitrose targets customers with higher levels of income • Specialises in good quality food Evaluation Evaluation • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • Evaluate whether or not Waitrose should continue to offer profit sharing to employees • • • • • <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>					
(f) (ii) Evaluate whether or not Waitrose should continue to offer profit sharing to its employees. 7 Use the level of response marking grid to assess skill levels. Application may include: • Another supermarket stopped offering profit sharing to employees • Another supermarket industry is competitive • Another supermarket industry is competitive • Waitrose targets customers with higher levels of income • Specialises in good quality food • Over 300 stores throughout the UK • Over 50 000 employees. • Over 50 000 employees. • The impact/consequence of any correct piece of understanding about profit sharing e.g. • Impact on recruitment • Impact on customer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on quality • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service • Impact on outsomer service <t< th=""><th>(f)</th><th>(i)</th><th> Praise/reassurance Award schemes e.g. employee of the month scheme/certificates/badges Good /improved working environment Teamwork Job rotation Job enrichment Job enlargement Increased responsibility Empowerment. </th><th>2 AO1a 2</th><th>motivation, to a maximum of two. Do not award financial methods e.g. 'promotion' or 'fringe benefits' (free gym membership, a company car, a mobile phone, free holidays, additional holiday allowance, extra days off, gift cards, vouchers, coupons, subsidised food,</th></t<>	(f)	(i)	 Praise/reassurance Award schemes e.g. employee of the month scheme/certificates/badges Good /improved working environment Teamwork Job rotation Job enrichment Job enlargement Increased responsibility Empowerment. 	2 AO1a 2	motivation, to a maximum of two. Do not award financial methods e.g. 'promotion' or 'fringe benefits' (free gym membership, a company car, a mobile phone, free holidays, additional holiday allowance, extra days off, gift cards, vouchers, coupons, subsidised food,
o Impact on profit.	(f)	(ii)	Evaluate whether or not Waitrose should continue to offer profit sharing to its employees. Application may include: Another supermarket stopped offering profit sharing to employees Supermarket industry is competitive Waitrose targets customers with higher levels of income Specialises in good quality food Over 300 stores throughout the UK Over 50 000 employees. Analysis may include: The impact/consequence of any correct piece of understanding about profit sharing e.g. Impact on recruitment Impact on customer service Impact on quality Impact on operational costs Impact on profit.	AO2 2 AO3a 2	grid to assess skill levels.Annotate as:Up to 2 marks for application toWaitroseUp to 2 marks for analysisUp to 2 marks for analysisUp to 3 marks for evaluationEVALAnalysis must be a business facing impact on Waitrose.For strong evaluation i.e. the full three marks, the evaluation must be
Evaluation may include:					

Candidate may justify continuing with the profit sharing scheme, not continuing with the profit sharing scheme, switching to higher rates of pay, switching to another motivational method or stopping any specific measures for motivating staff.
Exemplar response:
Profit sharing is likely to motivate only some of Waitrose's 50,000 employees (APP). Those that are not motivated by the profit sharing may work less hard, reducing customer service levels at Waitrose (AN).
However, a profit sharing scheme means that all staff are rewarded equally. This could improve staff morale, increasing employee retention (AN) and the need for regular training. All of these things are important to Waitrose because it targets customers with higher levels of income (APP) and who demand a quality service.
Overall, profit sharing should not be offered in the future (EVAL). Most of the supermarket's 50,000 employees would likely prefer the security of higher wages each month rather than a profit share that is not guaranteed and only paid annually. So, paying higher wages is more likely to increase productivity, customer service and employee retention (EVAL)(EVAL).
ARA

Q16(fii) Evaluate whether or not Waitrose should continue to offer profit sharing to its employees.

	Application (2 marks)	Analysis (2 marks)	Evaluation (3 marks)
Strong			3 marks
	2 marks Two <u>uses</u> of context	2 marks Two analytical points about <u>profit sharing</u> at Waitrose	A justified contextual judgement about whether Waitrose should continue to offer profit sharing [EVAL] [EVAL] [EVAL]
Good	[APP] [APP]	[AN] [AN]	2 marks
	[71]	נייסן	A justified judgement about whether Waitrose should continue to offer profit sharing [EVAL] [EVAL]
Limited	1 mark	1 mark	1 mark
	One <u>use</u> of context	One analytical point about <u>profit sharing</u> at Waitrose	A judgement of whether Waitrose should continue to offer profit sharing
	[APP]	[AN]	[EVAL]

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
17 (a)	Explain one way that employment law may affect Greggs' employment of workers.	2 AO1a AO2	One mark for knowledge of an aspect of employment law.
	 Knowledge may include: Equality/no discrimination e.g. disability, ethnicity, sex/gender, religion/beliefs, sexual orientation Diversity of employees Limit on working hours Minimum holiday entitlement Right to a contract Equal pay Right to minimum wage. Application may include: 20 000 employees Aims to be the customers' favourite for 'food-on-the-go' in the UK Team of people to keep up-to-date with changes in employment law Fast growing sector One of the UK's happiest places to work Offer part-time roles. Exemplar response: Employment law ensures that all 20 000 employees (APP) are not discriminated against (1).	AO2	No application marks can be gained without knowledge. One further mark for application to Greggs.
	ARA		

(b)	Other than the government, explain one external stakeholder's influence on Greggs.	2 AO1a AO2	One mark for knowledge of the influence of an external stakeholder on business.
	 Knowledge may include: Stakeholders e.g. Customers/consumers, suppliers, local community Influence e.g. Product range, prices, costs, complaints, litter, etc. 		No application marks can be gained without knowledge.
	 Application may include: 20 000 employees Aims to be the customers' favourite for 'food-on-the-go' in the UK Market growth from £18.5b to £23.4b is forecast New product development, e.g. vegan products Growing number of vegans in the UK. 		One further mark for application of the external stakeholder's APP influence on Greggs. NB Influence on Greggs and application required for the second mark.
	Exemplar response: Customers influence Greggs' product ranges (1), leading to Greggs launching a vegan sausage roll (APP).		NB Influence must match the stakeholder group. Watch out for stakeholder/influence mismatch, especially between customers and the local community.

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(c)	Explain the purpose of planning business activity for Greggs' managers. Knowledge may include: • Reduce risk	2 AO1a AO2	One mark for knowledge of a purpose of planning business activity.
	 Reduce risk Help a business to succeed Obtain information for any business function e.g. new markets to enter, what to produce, what to purchase, etc Help obtain finance Identify resources required to operate Help to set/work towards/achieve aims and objectives Supports the evaluation of business performance. Application may include: Market growth from £18.5b to £23.4b is forecast New product development, e.g. vegan products 20 000 employees Aims to be the customers' favourite for 'food-on-the-go' in the UK Growing number of vegans in the UK (data from chart) One of the UK's happiest places to work. 		No application marks can be gained without knowledge. One further mark for application to Greggs. 'To be organised'/'help the business flow' are too vague. Please annotate 'TV'. NB The <u>purpose</u> of planning is required. Do not award answers which solely say <u>what</u> should be planned.
	Exemplar response: Planning business activity helps Greggs to obtain new finance (1) to support its aim to be the customers' favourite for 'food-on-the-go' in the UK (APP).		
(d)	ARA Part-time is one way of working. State two other ways of working. Indicative content: Full-time Full-time Fermanent Flexible working/flexitime Zero hours Shift work Working from home Working whilst mobile	2 AO1a 2	One mark for knowledge of a way of working, to a maximum of two. Do not award 'part-time' as this is excluded by the question.

	Self-employed/Freelance.		
(e)	 Analyse one benefit for Greggs of using market data to create new products. Understanding may include: Market data will show trends in the market Help identify market gaps/opportunities 	3 AO1b AO2 AO3a	One mark for understanding a benefit of using market data. No further marks can be gained without understanding.
	 Shows demand/unfulfilled demand Shows customer wants/needs/interests/preferences Help to justify any decision made. 		One further mark for application of understanding to Greggs.
	 Application may include: New product development, e.g. vegan sausage roll 26% increase (£18.5b to £23.4b in 5 years) in the market is forecast Aims to be the customers' favourite for 'food-on-the-go' in the UK 9.6% increase in sales at start of 2019 Growing number of vegans in the UK (data from chart shows a fourfold increase). 		One further mark for analysis of one benefit to a business of using market data to create new products. NB Do not award 'to create new products' as this is the wording of the question.
	 Analysis may include: Higher sales revenue Greater market share More customers Competitive advantage More growth. Exemplar response:		
	Greggs may use market data to identify trends in the market (U) such as the fourfold increase in people choosing a vegan diet (APP). This will help Greggs' managers to introduce the right sort of products to the market, increasing profit (AN).		

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(f)	(i)	Analyse one benefit for Greggs of business growth using each of the following methods.	3 AO1b AO2	One mark for understanding one benefit of merging with a supplier.
		Merge with a flour producer Understanding may include:	AO3a	No further marks can be gained without understanding.
		 May help to reduce <u>raw material</u> costs/costs of <u>flour/</u>costs of <u>ingredients</u> Guarantee the supply of raw materials Control the supply of flour 		One further mark for application of understanding to Greggs.
		 Reduce competitors' access to flour Charge higher prices to competitors for the flour Have control over quality of supplies (e.g. safe for Vegans) Shorter/increased efficiency of the supply chain. 		One further mark for analysis of one benefit for a business of merging with a supplier.
		 Application may include: New product development, e.g. vegan sausage roll Aims to be the customers' favourite for 'food-on-the-go' in the UK Fast growing business sector Flour is a raw material to produce Greggs' products Growing number of vegans in the UK. 		NB Simply mentioning the word 'flour' is not application as the question is about merging with a flour producer.
		 Analysis may include: Cost reduction Improved product quality, reliability of supplies, productivity Can provide a competitive advantage Could lower their retail prices Increased profits. 		
		Exemplar responses:		
		Reduces raw material costs (U) for Greggs as flour is a key ingredient of pastries (APP). This may allow Greggs to reduce its prices to customers (AN).		
		Greggs can guarantee its supplies of flour (U). This is beneficial because the business is looking to take advantage of the fourfold growth in the vegan market (APP). This may help Greggs to have a competitive advantage over its competitors (AN).		
		ARA		

(f)	(ii)	Takeover a rival 'food-on-the-go' retail brand	3	One mark for understanding one 🛛 🕢
()	()	Understanding may include:	AO1b	benefit of taking over a rival 🛛 🛛 💙
		Less competition/removes a competitor	AO2	business.
		Increase in stores/outlets/locations	AO3a	
		Greater brand awareness/more well known		No further marks can be gained without
		 Increase in the number of customers/sales/market share 		understanding.
		 Economies of scale e.g. bulk discounts 		
		More control of the market e.g. price setting.		One further mark for application of understanding to Greggs.
		Application may include:		
		 New product development, e.g. vegan sausage roll 		One further mark for analysis of
		Already 20 000 employees		one benefit for a business of
		Raw materials include flour, yeast and meat		taking over a rival business.
		 Aims to be the customers' favourite for 'food-on-the-go' in the UK 		
		Growing number of vegans in the UK.		
		Analysis may include:		
		Helps Greggs to meet its aim		
		Lower unit costs		
		 Expand into hard to access locations 		
		Greater profit.		
		Exemplar responses:		
		Will help to gain more customers (U), supporting Greggs' aim of being the customers'		
		favourite for food-on-the-go in the UK (APP), increasing its market share (AN).		
		Will face less competition (U) meaning that customers looking for somewhere for a		
		lunch time snack are more likely to choose Greggs (APP). This will increase Greggs' cash inflows (AN).		
		ARA		

(f)	(iii)	Recommend which of the two methods of business growth Greggs should use. Give reasons for your answer.	3 AO3b 3	1 mark for recommendation, plus up to two marks for a justification.
		The justification requires a <u>comparison</u> of the two methods of growth. Further analysis of the two methods should not be rewarded but can form part of a candidate's		Annotate as:
		justification. Look for comparators e.g. whereas, although, more, less, etc.		Decision 🗸
		Exemplar responses:		1 mark for a non-contextual
		Greggs should merge with the flour producer (1) because it allows the business to		justification
		quality assure one of the main ingredients (CONT) it needs for cakes and pastries <u>whereas</u> the takeover would only put more pressure on the supply of raw materials (+2).		or 2 marks for a contextual justification
		They should take over a competitor (1) because they have <u>more</u> expertise in this market (+1).		Justinoalon
		ARA		The decision must be clear. Accept 'merger' or 'takeover' but do not accept 'diversification'.
				NB The justification must be <u>comparative</u> i.e. why one is better or worse than the other (rather than just stating positive or negative features).
				Do not accept comparisons about cost as no data has been provided.
				NB Context rather than application required. E.g. pastries, food, £23.4b, 20000, vegan, happiest place to work, etc.
				Do not award 'flour' as context.

18	(a)	State one characteristic of an entrepreneur.		1	One mark for knowledge of a
10	(4)			AO1a	characteristic of an entrepreneur.
		Answers may include:			
		Creativity/imaginative			Do not award 'leadership'.
		Inventive/innovative			
		Risk taking			
		Determination			
		Confidence.			
			ARA		
	(b)	Analyse two benefits for Miles Ahead of using segmentation.		6	In each case:
	· · /			AO1b 2	One mark for understanding of a benefit
		Understanding may include:		AO2 2	of using segmentation.
		 Helps target specific customers/markets 		AO3a 2	
		Better meet customer needs			No further marks can be gained without
		• Can design the promotion/marketing campaign to attract a specific group			understanding.
		Can alter the price/pricing strategy to attract a specific group			
		Can adjust the product/product range to attract a specific group			One further mark for application to Miles
		• Can change the place/channels of distribution to attract a specific group			Ahead.
		 Avoid wasting money on broad (non-targetted) advertising. 			
					One further mark for analysis of a
		Application may include:			benefit to business of using
		Sole trader			segmentation.
		6 stores			
		 No online sales/bricks and mortar retailer 			NB: Do not accept 'more successful' as
		Established 20 years			an impact, as this is stated in the text
		Declining customer satisfaction			and is TV.
		Declining sales revenue			
		Tall structure currently			
		 Currently segments via age, gender, lifestyle and income 			
		Reg thinks it has been successful.			
		Analysis may include:			
		 Greater return on marketing expenditure 			
		 Improved customer satisfaction 			
		Increased sales revenue			
		Improved customer retention			

	 Improved brand reputation Increased market share Reduced risk of failure Increased profit. Exemplar responses: Miles Ahead will better meet customer needs (U) in its 6 shops (APP) which could lead to increased sales revenue (AN)		
	Reg has limited sources of finance being a sole trader (APP). Segmenting the market should increase the return on market expenditure (AN) because advertising is targeted to specific customer groups (U).		
(C) (i)	Arka Analyse one benefit for Miles Ahead of each of the following organisational structures. Tall organisational structure Understanding may include: Few employees for each manager to control Allows close supervision by management Plenty of opportunities for promotion Clear line of progression. Application may include: Sole trader 6 stores Bricks and mortar retailer Established 20 years Uses market segmentation New ownership has plans Business has expanded and Nessa is planning for more Possible plans to sell online Declining customer satisfaction Declining sales revenue.	6 AO1b 2 AO2 2 AO3a 2	One mark for understanding of a benefit of a tall organisational structure. <i>v</i> <i>No further marks can be gained without understanding.</i> One further mark for application to Miles Ahead. One further mark for analysis of a benefit to a business of using a tall organisational structure. NB First mark is for understanding of a benefit, not for knowledge of what a tall organisational structure is. Do not award features e.g. 'narrow span of control', 'lots of layers', etc unless the benefit is clearly stated.

Analysis may include:	
Highly motivated employees	
Improved staff retention	
Improved customer service	
Managers may be able to carry out their own jobs more effectively.	
Exemplar responses:	
There will be more opportunities for promotion (U) at the six shops (APP) which will encourage employees to work harder (AN).	
Close supervision of employees (U) may improve customer service (AN) reversing the declining sales figures (APP).	
Flat organisational structure	
Understanding may include:	One mark for understanding of a benefit
 Fast/straightforward/easy/efficient/time saving communication within the business 	of a flat organisational structure.
 Few miscommunications/misunderstandings 	No further marks can be gained without
 Fast decision making 	understanding.
 Able to respond quickly to changes in demand/changes in the market 	under standing.
 Few higher paid employees may lower labour costs 	One further mark for application to Miles
Collegial atmosphere/community feel	Ahead.
 Not status conscious/feeling of equality among staff 	
 Low status employees may be encouraged to share ideas to improve the business. 	One further mark for analysis of a benefit to a business of using a flat organisational structure.
Application may include:	
Sole trader	
6 stores	NB First mark is for understanding of a
Bricks and mortar retailer	benefit, not for knowledge of what a flat
Established 20 years	organisational structure is. Do not award features e.g. 'short chain of
Uses market segmentation	command', 'few layers', etc unless the
New ownership has plans	benefit is clearly stated.
 Business has expanded and Nessa is planning for more 	
Possible plans to sell online	
Declining customer satisfaction	

		 Declining sales revenue Currently uses a tall structure. 		
		 Analysis may include: Improved motivation Greater employee productivity/efficiency Increased sales revenue Improved customer satisfaction Faster response to market trends. 		
		Exemplar responses:		
		Fewer high paid employees could lead to lower labour costs (U) which may mean that Miles Ahead can afford to send its sales assistants on a customer service training course (AN), reversing the declining levels of customer satisfaction (APP).		
		Vertical communication will be quicker (U) which may help Nessa to respond quickly to the needs in the six stores (APP), reversing the declining sales revenue (AN).		
(c)	(ii)	ARA Recommend which type of organisational structure would be the most	3	1 mark for a recommendation, plus up to
(0)	(11)	appropriate for Nessa to use at Miles Ahead. Give reasons for your answer.	AO3b 3	two marks for a justification.
		The justification requires a <u>comparison</u> of the two methods of growth. Further analysis		Annotate as:
		of the two methods should not be rewarded but can form part of a candidate's justification. Look for comparators e.g. whereas, although, more, less, etc		Decision 🗸
				Plus:
		Exemplar responses:		1 mark for a non-contextual
		Miles Ahead should move to a flat structure (1) so that decisions can be made more		justification 🗸
		quickly to turnaround the fall in sales revenue since 2018 (CONT) (+2).		or 2 marks for a contextual
		Nessa would be wise to retain the tall structure (1) because it allows for <u>closer</u> control of		justification 🗸 🗸
		how the staff behave with customers (+1).		NB Context rather than application required. E.g. bicycles, sole trader,15 employees, 6 stores, etc.

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(d)	Evaluate, with reference to the data in Text 3, whether operating as a sole trader	9	Use the level of response marking
· · /	is the best type of business ownership at Miles Ahead in the future.	AO1a 1	grid to assess skill levels.
	is the best type of business ownership at Miles Ahead in the future. Knowledge may include: One owner. Understanding may include: Unlimited liability Owner is liable for all debts Nobody to share decision making with Limited capital Finance raising opportunities are limited Limited skills Need to work long hours Business may suffer if ill or unable to work No business continuity Can employ staff All profits kept by sole trader No one to argue about decisions Faster decision making Complete control over financial issues Complete control over strategic issues Complete control over operational issues.	AO1a 1 AO1b 1 AO2 2 AO3a 2 AO3b 3	grid to assess skill levels. Annotate as: 1 mark for knowledge K 1 mark for understanding U Up to 2 marks for quantitative APP application* Up to 2 marks for analysis AN Up to 2 marks for evaluation EVAL *Application refers to interpretation of graphical data only. Analysis must be a business facing/Nessa facing impact. For strong evaluation i.e. the full three marks, the evaluation must be contextually robust.
	 Application (quantitative) graphical interpretation may include: Any correct interpretation of Fig.1 Sales revenue graph E.g. Sales revenue fallen in last 2 years, 30% decrease in sales revenue since 2018 Any correct interpretation of Fig. 2 customer satisfaction graph E.g. Customers are becoming more dissatisfied, in 2020 50% of customers were not satisfied. Analysis may include: The impact/consequence of any correct piece of understanding about being a sole trader. e.g. May be unable to raise the necessary capital to modernise stores and/or set up the website High risk leading to damage to health of sole trader 		

 Lack of expertise to expand. 		
Evaluation may include:		
 Candidate may justify remaining as a sole trader, not remaining as a sole trader or switching to another permitted form of business ownership (e.g. partnership, private limited company, public limited company) as being the best way forward for the business. 		
Exemplar response:		
A sole trader is a business owned by one individual (K) with limited capital raising opportunities (U). Miles Ahead has had a near 20% decrease in sales revenue in the last couple of years (APP) and nearly 50% of customers are not satisfied (APP) according to the latest survey data.		
Nessa wants to improve the appearance of the stores, but clearly does not have available funds as she has already had to borrow £500,000. Getting more funds will be difficult to obtain as a sole trader and may delay the set up of the website (AN). Nessa will also want additional help and advice to carry out this expansion as her knowledge is limited to the jewellery market. This lack of knowledge may lead to any venture attempting to sell bicycles online failing (AN).		
I therefore think that Nessa would be wise to take on a business partner, rather than stay as a sole trader (EVAL). Although this will dilute Nessa's ownership of the business, she will be able to find someone with the necessary experience to help overcome a customer satisfaction score where <u>barely half of the customers are satisfied</u> with the business (EVAL) (EVAL).		

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