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Monday 15 November 2021 – Morning

GCSE (9–1) Combined Science B (Twenty First Century Science)

J260/01 Biology (Foundation Tier)

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

You must have: • a ruler (cm/mm)

You can use:

- · a scientific or graphical calculator
- an HB pencil



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INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Answer all the questions.
- Where appropriate, your answer should be supported with working. Marks might be given for using a correct method, even if your answer is wrong.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 95.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has 28 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.



Answer all the questions.

O	ur bodies work constantly to keep our internal environment the same		
(a) What is this process called?		
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	Homeostasis		
	Homozygous		
	Homologous		
	Hormonal		
			[1]
(b) The human body maintains an internal temperature of around 37°	C.	
	Why is it important that this temperature is maintained?		
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	Enzymes in the human body only work at 37 °C.		
	Enzymes in the human body stop working at 37 °C.		
	Enzymes in the human body work best at 37°C.		
	Enzymes in the human body work too quickly above 37 °C.		
			[1]

1

(c) Diabetes is a disease that affects our body's ability to keep blood sugar concentration constant. There are two main types of diabetes, Type 1 and Type 2.

Complete the table by deciding if each statement is correct for **Type 1 diabetes only**, **Type 2 diabetes only** or **both** types of diabetes.

Tick (✓) one box in each row.

Statement	Type 1 diabetes only	Type 2 diabetes only	Both types of diabetes
The body no longer responds to insulin produced.			
Treated using a combination of diet and exercise.			
Can be treated with insulin injections.			
Diet should not contain too much sugar.			
The pancreas stops producing insulin.			

[5]

(d) Complete the sentences to describe how insulin controls blood sugar level.

Put a (ring) around the correct answers.

Eating a sugary food increases / decreases blood sugar level.

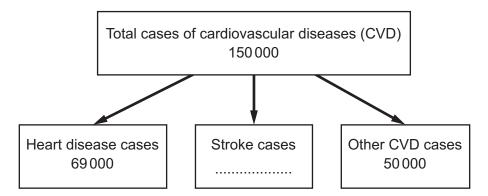
The change in blood sugar level causes an **increase** / **decrease** in the amount of insulin released from the pancreas.

The change in insulin level increases / decreases the absorption of blood sugar by cells.

[2]

Ber	has	cardiovascular disease and is at risk of having a heart attack.						
(a)	a) Here are five items of information about Ben:							
	B B C B D B	en is 67 years old. en walks his dog twice a day. en smokes 20 cigarettes a day. oth of Ben's parents had a heart attack when they were in their 60s. en is not overweight.						
	(i)	Which two items of information about risk can Ben not change?						
		and[2]					
	(ii)	Which two items of information help to reduce Ben's chances of a heart attack?						
		and[2]					
(b)	Car	diovascular disease can damage the heart.						
	Cor	aplete each sentence about how damage to heart muscle cells affects the circulation of d.	f					
	Use	the words.						
	You	can use each word once, more than once, or not at all.						
	les	more the same						
	Afte	r heart muscle cells are damaged, the strength of the muscle contraction is						
	This	means the blood pressure is						
	So,	the volume of blood supplied to the body with each contraction is						

(c) The diagram shows data on the number of people with cardiovascular disease (CVD).



(i)	Of the total	number	of	cases	of	cardiovascular	disease,	how	many	cases	were	from
	stroke?											

Stroke	cases =	 [2]
OllONG	cases -	 14

(ii) Calculate the percentage of cardiovascular disease cases that were caused by heart disease.

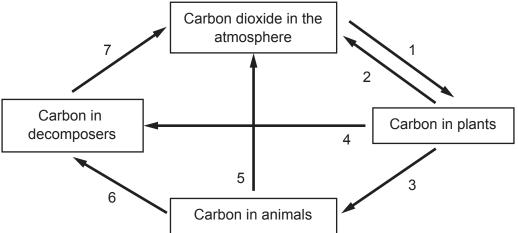
(iii) 1 person every 3 minutes is diagnosed with CVD.

Calculate how many diagnosed cases there would be in **one** day.

Diagnosed cases =[2]

3 The diagram shows a model of the carbon cycle.

The numbered arrows show the movement of carbon in the carbon cycle.



(a)	(i)	Write down the number which represents photosynthesis.	
		[1]
	(ii)	Write down a number which represents respiration.	
		[1]
(b)	Fun	gi are decomposers which secrete enzymes.	
	How	v do enzymes help fungi to absorb food molecules?	
		[2]
(c)	One	e estimate for the total global biomass is 550.0 billion tonnes.	
	Son	ne scientists estimate that 25% of the total global biomass is fungi.	

Calculate how many billion tonnes of fungi there are globally, using these estimates.

Fungi = billion tonnes [2]

4 Blow fly larvae have reflex responses to light. A student is investigating this reflex, as shown in Fig. 4.1.

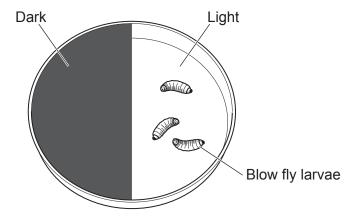


Fig. 4.1

(a) (i) The student is given a method for their investigation, but it is **not** in the correct order.

Method

(ii)

- 1. After two minutes count the number of larvae visible.
- 2. Put on the disposable gloves.
- 3. Put the lid on the Petri dish.
- 4. Take the lid off the Petri dish.
- **5.** Turn on the lamp and start the stop clock.
- **6.** Use the tweezers to transfer 10 larvae to the Petri dish.

Write the numbers in the correct order. The first one has been done for you.

2				
				 4]
Some Petri dis	shes are glass			
Why is it safer	to use a plast	ic Petri dish?		

(iii) The student notices the lamp gets hot.

Which explanation is correct for how heat could affect the results of the investigation?

Tick (✓) one box.

The heat is a waste of energy.

The heat could damage the Petri dish.

The larvae could respond to the heat.

The student could get hurt.

(b) The blow fly larvae's eyes (receptors) are linked by the nervous system to its muscles (effectors).

The list shows three other parts of the nervous system.

Motor neuron Relay neuron Sensory neuron

Add the **three** parts to **Fig. 4.2** to show their correct order within the nervous system of blow fly larvae.

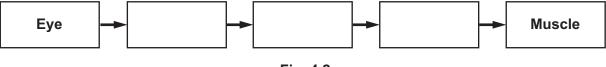


Fig. 4.2

[2]

[1]

(c) Fig. 4.3 shows the structure of a synapse.

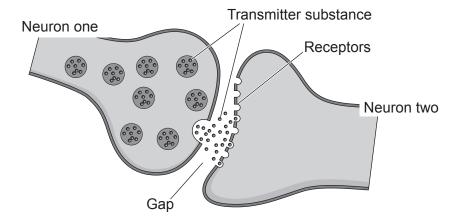


Fig. 4.3

Complete each sentence about how a synapse works.

Use the words.

You can use each word once, more than once, or not at all.

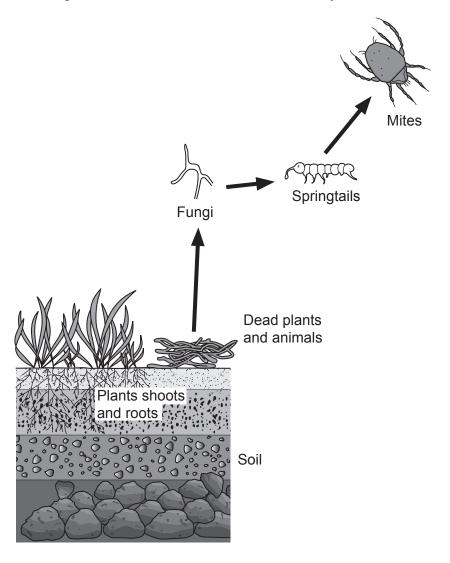
enzymes	diffuse	receptors	active site	impulse				
Neuron one has	transmitter su	ıbstances which a	are released into th	ne gap.				
The transmitter substances across the gap and bind to the								
on neuron two. This stimulates neuron two.								

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[2]

5 The soil is an example of an ecosystem.

The diagram shows a food chain within this ecosystem.



(a) From the diagram, write down:

(i)	A producer.	
		[1]
(ii)	A consumer.	
		[1]
(iii)	An abiotic component.	
		[1]

(b) Scientists use technical terms to describe different levels of organisation within an ecosystem.
Draw lines to connect each **technical term** to its correct **description**.

lechnical term	Description
Ecosystem	All the species present.
Community	The number of individuals in a single species.
Population	All the species and all the abiotic components.

[2]

- **(c)** A scientist put soil in six containers. They added:
 - 60 springtails and 3 mites to three of the containers
 - and
 - 60 springtails and 15 mites to the other three containers.

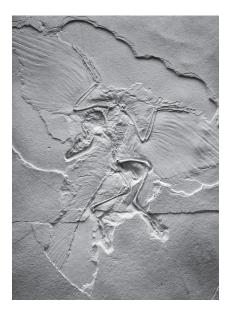
After 8 weeks they counted the number of mites in each container. The table shows their results.

	Number			
Number of mites added	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Mean
3	8	7	9	
15	6	12	9	

(i) Calculate the mean number of mites after 8 weeks, when 15 mites were added.

	Mean =[2]
(ii)	When 3 mites were added the number of mites increased after 8 weeks. When 15 mites were added the number of mites decreased after 8 weeks.	
	Explain why.	
	Use ideas about predators and prey in your answer.	
		•

6 The drawing shows an Archaeopteryx fossil.



Archaeopteryx lived at the same time as therapod dinosaurs.

Archaeopteryx fossils have features in common with therapod dinosaurs and modern birds. Some common features are shown in the table.

Feature	Therapod dinosaurs	Archaeopteryx fossils	Modern birds
Beak		✓	✓
Feathers		✓	✓
Long bony tail	✓	✓	
Teeth	✓	✓	
Wing		✓	✓

(a)	Hov	v many features do therapod dinosaurs and Archaeopteryx fossils have in common?	[1]
(b)	(i)	Suggest why some scientists think <i>Archaeopteryx</i> was the first modern bird. Use information from the table to support your answer.	. [.]
	(ii)	Suggest why other scientists looking at the same evidence disagree.	

(c)	Fossils are used as evidence of evolution. Scientists collect has changed over time.	t fossils to show how a specie	€S
	What are the limitations of using fossils as evidence of evolu	tion of a species?	
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	Fossils are very old.		
	It is easy to break fossils.		
	There are periods of time for which we have no fossils.		
		[1]
(d)	Name one modern source of evidence used to help classify	organisms.	
		[1]

7 In 2016 a scientist collected a sample of mosquitoes which were found in underground tunnels in London. She found that underground mosquitoes were different to mosquitoes found above ground.

Underground mosquitoes feed on mammals and do not hibernate, but those that live above ground feed on birds and hibernate in the winter. The two groups of mosquitoes can no longer breed with each other.

(a)	Which piece of evidence shows that the two groups of mosquitoes are different species?					
	Tick (✓) one box.					
	Unde	rground mosquitoes bite mammals.				
	Unde	rground mosquitoes can no longer breed with above-ground mosquitoes.				
	rground mosquitoes do not hibernate.					
	Unde	rground mosquitoes have been sealed under-ground for over 100 years.				
			[1]			
(b)	 (b) The statements describe the steps in natural selection that caused underground mosquite to evolve. The statements are not in the correct order. Write a number from 1–5 in each box to give the correct order for the steps in natural selection. One has been done for you. 					
		The individual mosquitoes trapped underground had different characteristics.				
	Mosquitoes that could feed on mammals were more likely to survive.					
2 There was a limited supply of food types underground, so the trapped months had to compete.						
	Over a long period of time the characteristics of the underground mosquito popula changed.					
		The mosquitoes that survived could breed and pass on their alleles.				

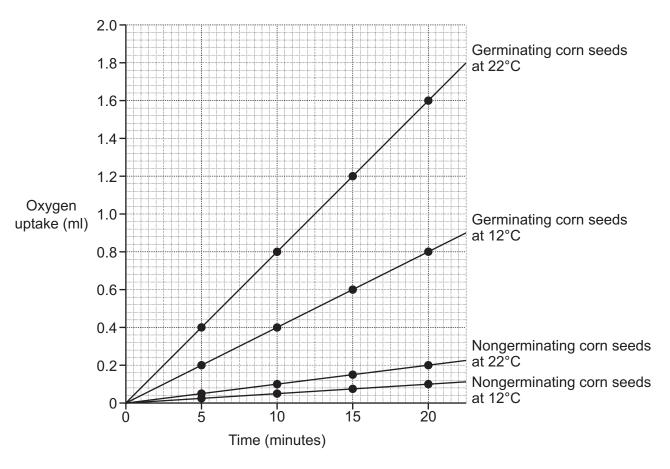
	Cys	tic Fi	brosis is	a genetic condi	tion. It is caused	by a mutation i	n a gene.	
 (a) The alleles for the mutated gene are: F = dominant allele f = recessive allele. 								
		The	genotype	e of a person wl	ho has cystic fibi	rosis is ff .		
		Writ	e down th	ne two possible	genotypes of pe	eople that do no	t have cystic fibr	osis.
		1						
		2						[2]
	(b)	Con	nnlete ea	ch sentence ab	out mutations			[2]
	(D)		•		out mutations.			
			the word					
		You	can use	each word once	e, more than onc	e, or not at all.		
		cau	ght	genotype	inherited	phenotype		
		Ger	netic varia	ants arising from	n mutations can l	oe		
		Mos	st mutatio	ns have no effe	ct on			[2]
	(-)	/:\	l laine at	ana aalla ia a na	acible treatment	for evetic fibres	oia Champaolla ar	
	(c)	(i)	_	or adult humar		ior cystic libros	sis. Stem cells ca	in be taken nom
			Describe cells.	e one similarity	and one differen	ence in functic	on of embryonic	and adult stem
			Similarity	y				
			Difference	ce				
								[2]
		(ii)	Give on cystic fib		nd one disadvar	ntage of using	embryonic stem	cells in treating
			Advanta	ge				
			Disadva	ntage				
								1/1

(d) (i	i)	Changes in cells can lead to uncontrolled growth and cell division causing disease.
		What name do we use to describe this type of disease?
		[1]
(ii	i)	Leukaemia is a type of this disease which can cause a reduced amount of haemoglobin in red blood cells.
		How will this affect the function of the blood?
		[41]

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9 The graph shows results from an investigation into the effect of temperature on the volume of oxygen taken up by germinating and nongerminating corn seeds.



(a) How much oxygen has been taken up by germinating corn seeds after 15 minutes at 22°C?

Oxygen uptake = ml [1]

(b)	Some of the oxygen that the germinating corn seeds take up is not used for germination.
	Explain how we know this from the graph.
	[2]
(c)	After 5 minutes, germinating corn seeds at 12°C have taken up 0.2ml of oxygen.
	Calculate the rate of oxygen uptake by germinating corn seeds at 12 °C.
	Use the equation: rate of oxygen uptake = $\frac{\text{oxygen uptake}}{\text{number of minutes}}$
	Rate of oxygen uptake = ml/min [1]
(d)	Which equation represents the linear relationships shown in the graph?
	Tick (✓) one box
	y = mx + c
	y = mc + x
	y = m + cx
	[1]

10* Amir and Nina are investigating the effects of caffeine on reaction time. The diagram shows their method.

1. Measure drop distance before having caffeine.	2. Drink 200 ml caffeinated cola.	3. Repeat measurement of drop distance.
		C 3

Describe how they could use a double-blind trial to improve their method and how they could collect more valid data.
[6]

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11 (a) Diseases can be communicable or non-communicable.

Which statements describe **communicable** diseases and which statements describe **non-communicable** diseases?

Tick **one** box (✓) in each row.

Statement	Communicable diseases	Non-communicable diseases
They are caused by alleles.		
They are caused by lifestyle choices.		
They are caused by pathogens.		
They are caused by trauma.		

[2]

(b) Measles is caused by a virus. White blood cells help protect us against measles.

Complete each sentence about how white blood cells protect us against measles.

Use the words.

You can use each word once, more than once, or not at all.

abiotic	antibodies	antigens	digested	disabled	inflamed			
One type of white blood cell makes types of molecules called								
These molecules bind to measles								
Other white blood cells ingest the measles viruses and they are								
					L,	1		

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(c) A vaccine can help prevent the spread of measles. Not all parents have their children vaccinated. Parents may have ethical reasons or may need more information before making a decision.

Which parents are talking about an ethical reason and which parents need more information before making a decision?

Tick **one** box (✓) in each row.

Parents	Ethical reason	More information
Mia "I'm worried about how safe the vaccine is."		
Sam "It is up to me to decide what is best for my child."		
Ali "My faith does not allow vaccination."		
Jamal "There is no risk. I don't know anyone who has had measles."		

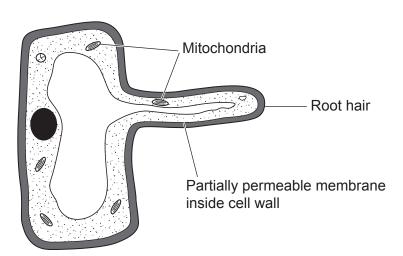
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[3]

12	(a)	A student is given a slide of a cross section of a plant stem. They clip the slide onto the stage of a light microscope and turn on the light.				
		Describe how they can focus the image to observe the xylem and phloem tissues.				
	(b)	Explain how the xylem is adapted to its function.				

.....[2]

(c) The diagram shows the structure of a root hair cell.



	(i)	Explain how the ' root hair ' is adapted to its function.	
			[2]
	(ii)	Explain why mitochondria are required for the uptake of some mineral ions by cells.	root hair
			[2]
(d)	Whi	ch statement about diffusion across the partially permeable membrane of root hai ect?	ir cells is
	Tick	(✓) one box.	
	Both	n water and nitrate ions can diffuse through the partially permeable membrane.	
	Nitra canr	ate ions can diffuse through the partially permeable membrane, but water ions not.	
		n water and nitrate ions cannot diffuse through the partially permeable nbrane.	
	Wate	er ions can diffuse through the partially permeable membrane, but nitrate ions not.	
			[1]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).			

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