



Monday 15 November 2021 – Morning

GCSE (9–1) Combined Science B (Twenty First Century Science)

J260/05 Biology (Higher Tier)

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

You must have:

• a ruler (cm/mm)

You can use:

- · a scientific or graphical calculator
- an HB pencil



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Please write clea	Please write clearly in black ink. Do not write in the barcodes.									
Centre number						Candidate number				
First name(s)										
Last name										

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- · Answer all the questions.
- Where appropriate, your answer should be supported with working. Marks might be given for using a correct method, even if your answer is wrong.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 95.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has 24 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.



Answer **all** the questions.

1 (a) Diseases can be communicable or non-communicable.

Which statements describe **communicable** diseases and which statements describe **non-communicable** diseases?

Tick **one** box (✓) in each row.

Statement	Communicable diseases	Non-communicable diseases
They are caused by alleles.		
They are caused by lifestyle choices.		
They are caused by pathogens.		
They are caused by trauma.		

[2]

(b) Measles is caused by a virus. White blood cells help protect us against measles.

Complete each sentence about how white blood cells protect us against measles.

Use the words.

You can use each word once, more than once, or not at all.

abiotic	antibodies	antigens	digested	disabled	inflamed
One type of	white blood cell i	makes types of r	nolecules called		
These mole	cules bind to mea	asles			
Other white	blood cells inges	t the measles vi	ruses and they a	re	

(c) A vaccine can help prevent the spread of measles. Not all parents have their children vaccinated. Parents may have ethical reasons or may need more information before making a decision.

Which parents are talking about an ethical reason and which parents need more information before making a decision?

Tick **one** box (✓) in each row.

Parents	Ethical reason	More information
Mia "I'm worried about how safe the vaccine is."		
Sam "It is up to me to decide what is best for my child."		
Ali "My faith does not allow vaccination."		
Jamal "There is no risk. I don't know anyone who has had measles."		

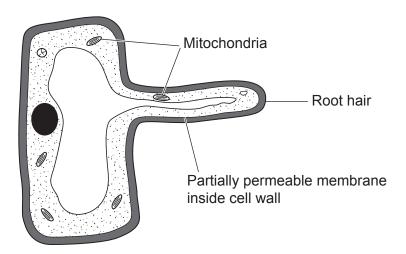
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[3]

2 (a) A student is given a slide of a cross section of a plant stem. They clip the slide onto the stage of a light microscope and turn on the light.

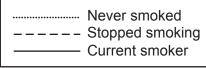
	Describe how they can focus the image to observe the xylem and phloem tissues.	
		. [4]
(b)	Explain how the xylem is adapted to its function.	
		. [2]

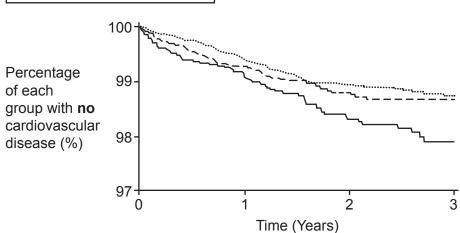
(c) The diagram shows the structure of a root hair cell.



	(i)	Explain how the 'root hair' is adapted to its function.	
			[2]
	(ii)	Explain why mitochondria are required for the uptake of some mineral ions by cells.	root hair
(d)	Whi	ch statement about diffusion across the partially permeable membrane of root ha ect?	ir cells is
	Tick	a (✓) one box.	
	Both	n water and nitrate ions can diffuse through the partially permeable membrane.	
	Nitra can	ate ions can diffuse through the partially permeable membrane, but water ions not.	
		n water and nitrate ions cannot diffuse through the partially permeable mbrane.	
	Wat	er ions can diffuse through the partially permeable membrane, but nitrate ions not.	
			[1]

3	The graph shows the results of a three-year study into the effect of smoking on the risk of
	cardiovascular disease.
	None of the people at the start of the study had cardiovascular disease.





(a)	Give two conclusions that can be made from the graph about the impact of smoking on a
	person's risk of cardiovascular disease.

1	 	 	 	 	 	 	
•••	 	 	 	 	 	 	
2	 	 	 	 	 	 	
•••	 	 	 	 	 	 	[2]

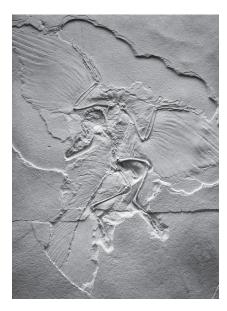
(b) At the beginning of the study, the number of people in the 'stopped smoking' group was 3175.
After three years the percentage of this group with no cardiovascular disease was 98.8%.
Calculate the number of people in this group with cardiovascular disease after three years.

(c)	Data on cardiovascular disease was collected over three years and across nine different countries.
	A sample of people were taken from each of the three groups: never smoked

	•	stopped smoking current smoker.
	(i)	Why do studies use samples?
		[1]
	(ii)	How can scientists be confident in the conclusions they make from this study?
		[1]
(d)	_	igest three lifestyle changes, other than stopping smoking, which can reduce the risk of diovascular disease.
	1	
	2	
	3	

[3]

4 The drawing shows an Archaeopteryx fossil.



Archaeopteryx lived at the same time as therapod dinosaurs.

Archaeopteryx fossils have features in common with therapod dinosaurs and modern birds. Some common features are shown in the table.

Feature	Therapod dinosaurs	Archaeopteryx fossils	Modern birds
Beak		1	✓
Feathers		1	✓
Long bony tail	1	1	
Teeth	1	1	
Wing		1	✓
Wishbone		1	✓

(a)	Scientists	tnink Ai	rcnaeopter	yx tossiis	provide	evidence	or evolution.
-----	------------	----------	------------	------------	---------	----------	---------------

Describe the ev first modern bi	ble which suppo	orts the theory that	Archaeopteryx was	s the
	 			[2]

1	(\mathbf{b})	No Archaeo	<i>ntervx</i> fossil	DNA has bee	en found

escribe how DNA would help scientists to decide if the <i>Archaeopteryx</i> fossil was a bird missing link between therapod dinosaurs and modern birds.	or is
	[2]

5 A student is investigating the effect of eating sugar on blood sugar concentration.

The student eats 20 g of glucose, and then measures their blood sugar concentration every minute for 7 minutes. **Fig. 5.1** shows their results.

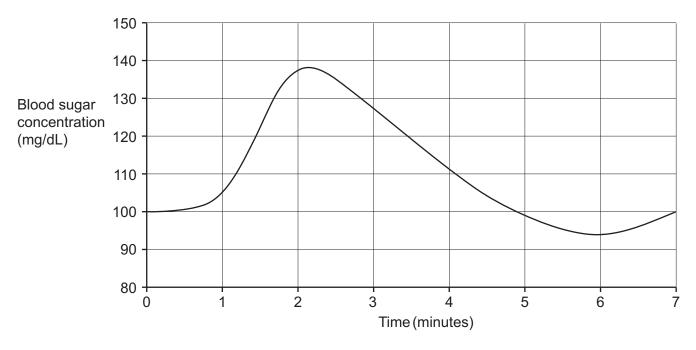


Fig. 5.1

(a)	Explain how insulin and glucagon work together to cause the observed changes to the blood sugar concentration, between 2 and 7 minutes .
	[4]

(b) Two friends both have diabetes, but their diabetes is treated differently. Charlie has Type 1 diabetes. Taylor has Type 2 diabetes.

(c)

Draw lines to connect Charlie and Taylor to one correct **cause** and one correct **treatment** of their diabetes.

Cause		Treatment
Cells stop being able to use glucagon.		
		Change in diet alone can be used.
Cells stop being able to use insulin.	Charlie (Type 1)	
		Glucagon injection always needed.
Pancreas stops making glucagon.	Taylor (Type 2)	
		Insulin injection is always needed in treatment.
Pancreas stops making insulin.		
		[2]
Glycogen is a long-chain carbohy	drate, which is stored in anin	nal cells.
Explain how the partially permeab animal cells, but not glycogen.	le membrane allows the mov	vement of glucose in and out of
		[2]

Fig. 5.2 shows data on diabetes and cardiovascular disease in middle-aged Australian women, collected in eight surveys (S1 to S8) over a 20-year study.

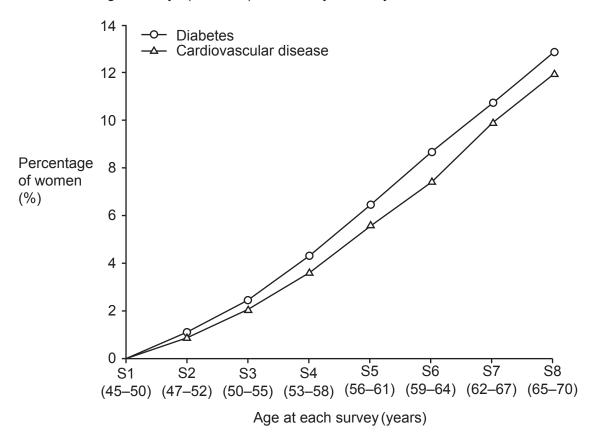


Fig. 5.2

(ii) Suggest two further pieces of data that would give greater confidence that the relationsh between diabetes and cardiovascular disease is valid. 1	(d) (i)	What does the graph show about the relationship between diabetes and cardiovascular disease?
(ii) Suggest two further pieces of data that would give greater confidence that the relationsh between diabetes and cardiovascular disease is valid. 1		
 (ii) Suggest two further pieces of data that would give greater confidence that the relationsh between diabetes and cardiovascular disease is valid. 1 2 		
between diabetes and cardiovascular disease is valid. 1		[2]
2	(ii)	
2		1
		2
		[2]

6* A student is reading an article on evolution.

Evolution underground

In 1860 many underground tunnels were dug beneath London. Some *Culex pipiens* mosquitoes were trapped in these underground tunnels and for over 120 years the mosquitoes had no contact with any other mosquitoes.

In 2016 a scientist collected samples of mosquitoes which were found in the tunnels. She found that they had changed.

Underground mosquitoes feed on mammals; they also do not hibernate. Mosquitoes that live above ground feed on birds and hibernate in the winter. The two groups of mosquitoes can no longer breed with each other.

Explain how the new species of underground mosquito evolved.
91

7 (a) Complete each sentence about how the genetic material of a eukaryotic cell relates to its function.

Use the words.

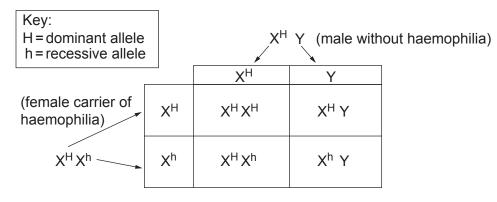
You can use each word once, more than once, or not at all.

allele	amino acids	carbo	ohydrates	DNA	enzymes	FSH
genome	genus	lipid	proteins			
The nucleu	us contains a co _l	py of the er	ntire genetic m	naterial. This	s is called the	
	Т	he genetic	material is a r	nolecule cal	led	
This is pac	kaged into struc	tures calle	d chromosome	es.		
Genes in tl	he nucleus tell th	ne cell how	to make chen	nicals called	I	
Some of th	ese chemicals a	are structur	al and some a	ict as biolog	ical catalysts cal	lled
The structu	ures and the cat	alysts allow	the cell to ca	rry out its fu	nction.	[4]
						L 14

(b) Haemophilia is a rare condition that slows the process of blood clotting.

Haemophilia A is caused by a fault in a single gene. The haemophilia A gene is located on the X chromosome but not the Y chromosome.

A male without haemophilia and a female carrier of haemophilia have a child. The Punnett square shows the possible alleles of the offspring.



- (i) Calculate the probabilities of having:

(ii)	Write dow square.	n an example	of a homozy	gous and heterozygous offspring from the Punne	эt
	Explain yo	our answers.			
	Homozygo	ous offspring:			
	Heterozyg	jous offspring:			
					 4]
(iii)	How is a g	gamete repres	ented in the P	unnett square?	
	Put a ring	around the c	orrect answer	:	
	\mathbf{X}^{H}	X^HX^h	X ^H Y	XY	
	Give one	reason for you	ır answer.		
				[2	2]

(c) Eye colour, like haemophilia, is only determined by genes. Suggest two reasons why there are so many different eye colours. 1		(iv)	Haemophiliacs lack a protein which helps to make blood platelets active.	
Platelets are cell fragments which trap red blood cells forming a clot. Platelets are large cells which block wounds. Platelets can stick to the edges of damaged blood vessels and start clot formation. Platelets kill pathogens which enter wounds. (c) Eye colour, like haemophilia, is only determined by genes. Suggest two reasons why there are so many different eye colours. 1			Which statement about the adaptations of platelets is correct?	
Platelets are large cells which block wounds. Platelets can stick to the edges of damaged blood vessels and start clot formation. Platelets kill pathogens which enter wounds. (c) Eye colour, like haemophilia, is only determined by genes. Suggest two reasons why there are so many different eye colours. 1			Tick (✓) one box.	
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2	(c)	Eye	colour, like haemophilia, is only determined by genes.	
2		Sug	gest two reasons why there are so many different eye colours.	
2		1		
		2		
				[2]

	Amazon rainforest covers 670 000 000 hectares. In 2019, 906 000 hectares of rainforest were in fires.
(a)	Calculate the percentage of the total rainforest area that was lost to fires in 2019.
	Give your answer to 2 significant figures.
	Percentage of rainforest area lost = % [3]
(b)	Some fires are started in the Amazon rainforest to clear land for agriculture. This affects local and global biodiversity.
	Suggest an ecological, moral, economic, and political issue which could affect the decisions made about starting fires in the Amazon rainforest.
	Ecological
	Moral
	Economic
	Political
	[4]
	1.3

(c) (i)	The Amazon rainforest is a major carbon sink. This means it removes carbon dioxid from the atmosphere and stores it.				
		Describe the process of photosynthesis to explain how forests store carbon.				
		[4				
(i	i)	Photosynthesis is part of the carbon cycle.				
		Give two reasons why the carbon cycle is important to living things.				
		1				
		2				
		[2				
(ii	i)	Complete each sentence about the role of microorganisms in the carbon cycle.				
		Use the words.				
		You can use each word once, more than once, or not at all.				
		enzymes photosynthesise hormones respire lipids transpire				
		Microorganisms are involved in decomposition. They secrete				
		which break down dead, organic matter. The products of digestion are absorbed int				
		their cells and the microorganisms, producing carbon dioxide.				

9 (a) Fig. 9.1 is a diagram of a plant cell. It is not to scale.

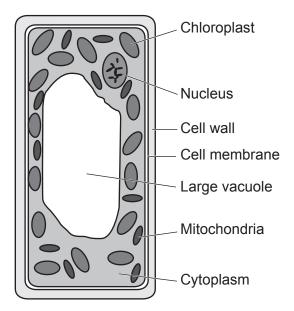


Fig. 9.1

	Write down one structure in the plant cell used in cellular respiration.				
		. [1]			
(b)	Starch is a large, insoluble, long-chain carbohydrate made from glucose molecules.				
	Explain the importance of synthesising and storing starch inside plant cells.				
	Use ideas about cellular respiration and osmosis in your answer.				
		[3]			

(c) The table shows the approximate lengths of three plant cell components.

Complete the table by converting the approximate length of each component into metres.

$$1 \mu m = 1 \times 10^{-6} m$$

$$1 \text{ nm} = 1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}$$

Component	Approximate length	Approximate length (m)
Chloroplast	5.0 μm	
Nucleus	0.007 mm	
Starch grain	500 nm	

[3]

(d) Fig. 9.2 shows some apparatus that can be used to measure aerobic respiration by germinating seeds.

Tube A contains potassium hydroxide solution.

Tube B contains potassium hydroxide solution and germinating seeds.

Potassium hydroxide absorbs carbon dioxide.

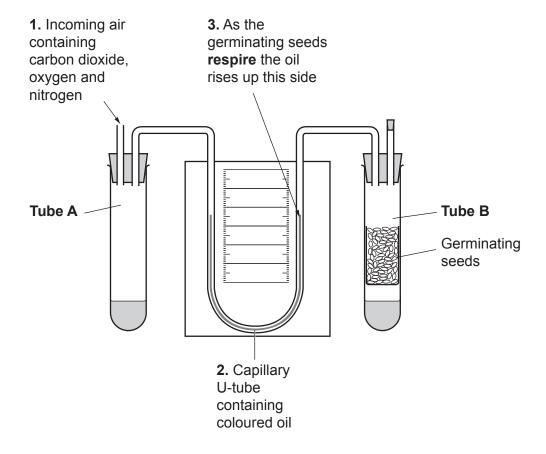


Fig. 9.2

(i)	Explain why the oil rises up the right-hand side of the U-tube, as shown with label 3 in Fig. 9.2.
	[2]
(ii)	Changes in temperature will affect the volume of the gases in the tubes.
	Why is this a problem when investigating respiration reactions?
	[1]
(iii)	Suggest one way the experiment could be developed to maintain the temperature.
	[1]

(e) Fig. 9.3 shows results from an investigation into the effect of temperature on oxygen uptake by germinating corn seeds.

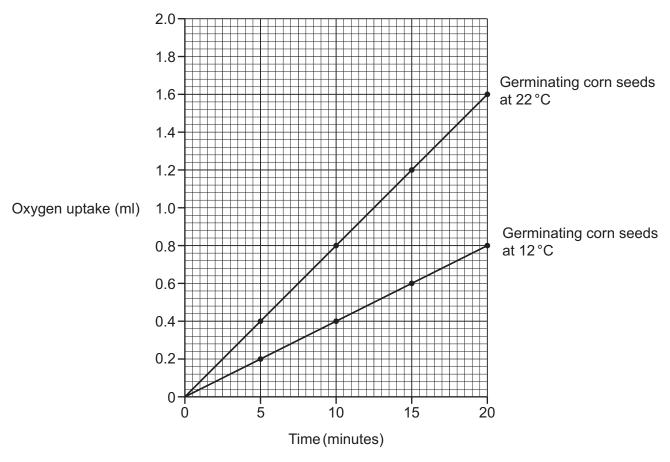


Fig. 9.3

Calculate the increase in the rate of oxygen uptake per °C.

Give your answer in **standard form**.

Rate of oxygen uptake per °C = ml/min/°C [4]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).					
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