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## GCSE (9–1)

# **Combined Science B (Twenty First Century Science)**

## J260/01: Biology (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

## Mark Scheme for Autumn 2021

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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### Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
$\checkmark$	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
LI	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
$\checkmark$	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

#### Subject-specific Marking Instructions

#### INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Combined Science B:

	Assessment Objective
A01	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

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Question		on	Answer				Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	(a)		Homeostasis ✓	Homeostasis ✓					
	(b)		Enzymes in the human body work	best at 37	7ºC √		1	1.1	
	(c)		statement	Type 1 only	Type 2 only	Both	5	1.1	One mark for each correct row
			The body no longer responds to insulin produced.		~				
			Treated using a combination of diet and exercise.		~				
			Can be treated with insulin injections.			$\checkmark$			
			Diet should not contain too much sugar.			$\checkmark$			
			The pancreas stops producing insulin.	~					
				I	↓√	<i>\</i> \\\\			
	(d) increases increase increases √ √						2	1.1	All three correct = 2 marks One or two correct = 1 mark

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Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	A ✓ D ✓	2	1.1	Answers can be in either order ALLOW written description rather than letter
		(ii)	B √ E √	2	1.1	Answers can be in either order ALLOW written description rather than letter
	(b)		less less √√	2	2.1	All three correct = 2 marks One or two correct = 1 mark
	(c)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 31 000 award 2 marks 150 000 - (69 000 + 50 000) ✓ = 31 000 ✓	2	2.2	<b>ALLOW</b> for 31000 written in stroke cases box
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 46 (%) award 2 marks 69 000 ÷ 150 000 = 0.46 ✓ 0.46 x 100 = 46 (%) ✓	2	2.2	
		(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 480 award 2 marks $60 \div 3 = 20 \checkmark$ OR $60 \times 24 = 1440 \checkmark$ $20 \times 24 = 480 \checkmark$ OR $1440 \div 3 = 480 \checkmark$	2	2.2	

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Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	1 ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	2 √ OR 5 √ OR 7 √	1	2.1	
	(b)		Any two from: idea that enzymes catalyse/speed up the breakdown/digestion of food molecules/substances/chemicals ✓ idea that digestion/enzymes break down food molecules ✓ idea that smaller food molecules can be absorbed/cross the partially permeable membrane ✓	2	2.1	<b>ALLOW</b> any correct named example e.g proteins broken down into amino acids
	(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 137.5 (billion tonnes) award 2 marks $550 \times 25 / 100 \checkmark$ OR $550 / 100 \times 25 \checkmark$ OR $550 \times 0.25 \checkmark$ = 137.5 (billion tonnes) $\checkmark$	2	2.2	

Question		Answer						Marks	AO element	Guidance	
4	(a)	(i)	2	4	6 ✓	3	5	1	4	3.3a	4 before 6 6 before 3 3 before 5 5 before 1
		(ii)	idea that le	idea that less breakable/ if broken less likely to cut $\checkmark$						2.2	
		(iii)	The larvae could respond to the heat $\checkmark$						1	2.2	
	(b)		sensory neuron before relay neuron $\checkmark$ relay neuron before motor neuron $\checkmark$						2	1.1	
	(c)		diffuse ✓ receptors ✓						2	1.1	Answers must be in the correct order

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Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	<u>plant(</u> s) ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	fungi/springtails/mites √	1	2.1	
		(iii)	soil ✓	1	2.1	
	(b)		Technical term       Description         Ecosystem       All the species present.         Community       The number of individuals in a single species.         Population       All the species and all the abiotic components.	2	1.1	All three correct = 2 marks One or two correct = 1 mark
	(c)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 9 award 2 marks $(6 + 12 + 9) = 27 \checkmark$ $27 \div 3 = 9 \checkmark$	2	1.2	<b>ALLOW</b> for 9 written in the mean box
		(ii)	Any two from: when there are 3 mites they have plenty of prey/springtails/food (so they breed and their number increases) ✓ when there are 15 mites there is not enough prey/springtails/food (so some starve, and the numbers decrease) ✓ they both have 60 springtails/the same number of prey ✓	2	2.1	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
6	(a)		2 ✓	1	3.1a	
	(b)	(i)	It had three features of modern birds/It had a beak, feathers and wings/it had more features in common with modern birds $\checkmark$	1	3.2a	IGNORE it has the same boxes ticked as modern birds
		(ii)	It had a long bony tail and teeth/It had 2 features not seen in modern birds $\checkmark$	1	2.1	<b>IGNORE</b> it has the same boxes ticked as modern birds
	(c)		There are periods of time for which we have no fossils. $\checkmark$	1	2.1	
	(d)		DNA (analysis) ✓	1	1.1	

Question		Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
7 (a)		Underground mosquitoes can no longer breed with above-ground mosquitoes $\checkmark$		1	2.1	
(b)		1 3 2 5 4	<ul> <li>The individual mosquitoes trapped underground had different characteristics.</li> <li>Mosquitoes that could feed on mammals were more likely to survive.</li> <li>There was a limited supply of food types underground, so the trapped mosquitoes had to compete.</li> <li>Over a long period of time the characteristics of the underground mosquito population changed.</li> <li>The mosquitoes that survived could breed and pass on their alleles.</li> </ul>	3	2.1	1 before 3 3 before 5 5 before 4

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Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance	
8	(a)		FF ✓ Ff ✓	2	2.1	Answer can be in either order	
	(b)		inherited ✓ phenotype ✓	2	1.1	Answers must be in the correct order	
	(c)	(i)	<ul> <li>Similarity both can produce specialised/differentiated cells ✓</li> <li>Difference idea that embryonic stem cells can produce any kind of specialised cell/adult stem cells can only produce a limited number of different types of specialised cell ✓</li> </ul>	2	1.1		
		(ii)	Advantage: may lead to a cure/treatment/save lives ✓ Disadvantage: kills embryo/destroys a life/embryo cannot give consent/embryonic stem cells may be rejected ✓	2	2.1	<b>IGNORE</b> ethical ideas without reference to killing embryos/destroying life	
	(d)	(i)	<u>cancer</u> √	1	1.1	DO NOT ALLOW named examples of cancers	
		(ii)	less oxygen can be carried (by the blood) $\checkmark$	1	2.1	IGNORE less blood	

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Question		on	Answer		AO element	Guidance
9	(a)		1.2 (ml) ✓	1	2.2	
	(b)		oxygen is still used by nongerminating corn seeds ✓ correct example of data from the graph for nongerminating corn seeds ✓	2	3.2b 2.2	<b>ALLOW</b> any data point above 0 up to and including 0.2ml
	(c)		0.04 (ml/min) ✓	1	2.2	
	(d)		y = mx + c ✓	1	1.2	

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Question	Answer		AO element	Guidance		
10*	<ul> <li>Please refer to the marking instructions on page 5 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.</li> <li>Level 3 (5–6 marks)</li> <li>Detailed description of how they would use a doubleblind trial AND detailed description of some improvements to method to collect valid data.</li> <li>There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.</li> <li>Level 2 (3–4 marks)</li> <li>Description of some improvements to method</li> <li>There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.</li> <li>Level 1 (1–2 marks)</li> <li>Description of aspects of double-blind trial OR Description of some improvements to method</li> <li>There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.</li> <li>O marks</li> <li>No response or no response worthy of credit.</li> </ul>	6	1.2 x 2 3.3a x 2 3.3b x 2	<ul> <li>AO1.2 Demonstrating knowledge of double-blind trial <ul> <li>Description of placebo</li> <li>Investigator doesn't know who has taken placebo and who has taken active drug/caffeine</li> <li>Subject doesn't know if they have taken placebo or active drug/caffeine</li> <li>Idea that this eliminates bias/is more objective</li> <li>Idea that means results are more accurate</li> </ul> </li> <li>AO3.3a Developing experimental procedures <ul> <li>Use decaffeinated cola as a placebo</li> <li>Amir will not know if fellow students have drunk caffeinated or decaffeinated cola</li> <li>Nina won't know if they have drunk caffeinated or decaffeinated cola</li> <li>Neither Amir nor Nina will have a bias/expectation</li> <li>Repeat each trial with more people</li> </ul> </li> <li>AO3.3b Improving experimental procedures <ul> <li>Add a mechanism to drop ruler to remove Amir error</li> <li>Nina's fingers must be the same distance apart</li> <li>Wrist of Nina in the same place e.g. on edge of desktop</li> <li>Always measure to the same place e.g. top of fingers</li> <li>No distractions</li> <li>Repeat readings</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

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Question		on	Answer			Marks	AO element	Guidance
11	(a)		Statement Communicable Non-communicable		2	1.1	Award one mark for each correct column	
				diseases	diseases			
			They are caused by alleles		✓			
			They are caused by lifestyle choices		✓			
			They are caused by					
			pathogens	√				
			They are caused by trauma		$\checkmark$			
				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
	(b)		antibodies ✓ antigens ✓ digested ✓			3	1.1	Answers must be in the correct order
	(c)		Mia more information Sam ethical decision Ali ethical decision Jamal more information $\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{3}}$			3	3.1b	All 4 correct = three marks 3 correct = 2 marks 1 or 2 correct = 1 mark

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Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
12	(a)		Any four from: select the lowest/lower objective lens/lowest power √	4	1.2	ALLOW smallest objective lens/smallest power/select the x4 lens
			move the stage (towards the lens) up/until it reaches the top $\checkmark$			<b>ALLOW</b> move the stage up until it reaches the lens
			change the objective lens to a higher objective lens/higher power $\checkmark$			<b>ALLOW</b> bigger objective lens/bigger power/select the x10 lens/select the x40 lens
			idea of the repeat of the focussing process/refocus/use (fine) focussing knob (to make the image clearer) $\checkmark$			ALLOW any sensible order
	(b)		Any two from: dead cells $\checkmark$ strengthened/lignified walls $\checkmark$ no end walls/continuous tube $\checkmark$ pits to allow water to enter and leave $\checkmark$	2	1.1	<b>ALLOW</b> is one long tube/no cell contents or an example of cell content eg mitochondria
	(c)	(i)	provides large surface area/surface area to volume ratio $\checkmark$ idea that transport/uptake will be (more) rapid/faster $\checkmark$ <b>OR</b> has many/lots of mitochondria $\checkmark$ to release energy/ATP/ to carry out active transport $\checkmark$	2	1.1	
		(ii)	Any two from: respiration ✓ makes ATP/release energy ✓ ATP/energy is required for active transport ✓	2	2.1	DO NOT ALLOW produce energy
	(d)		Water ions can diffuse through the partially permeable membrane, but nitrate ions cannot. $\checkmark$	1	2.1	

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) The Triangle Building Shaftesbury Road Cambridge CB2 8EA

**OCR Customer Contact Centre** 

Education and Learning Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627 Email: <u>general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk</u>

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