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GCSE (9–1)

Combined Science B (Twenty First Century Science)

J260/02: Chemistry (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for Autumn 2021

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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1. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
\checkmark	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

2. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
\checkmark	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

3. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Combined Science B:

	Assessment Objective
AO1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance	
1	(a)	(i)	Relative atomic mass ✓	1	1.1		
		(ii)	He thought more elements would be discovered / Elements fitted into groups with similar properties \checkmark	1	1.1		
	(b)	(i)	number of electrons in the outer = group number number of electron shells = period number total number of electrons = atomic number $\sqrt[4]{}$	2	1.1	3 correct = 2 marks 2 or 1 correct = 1 mark	
		(ii)	metal AND non-metal loses AND gains positive AND negative ✓✓	2	1.1	3 correct = 2 marks 2 or 1 correct = 1 mark	

Question		n	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	Bohr – electrons are arranged in shells Rutherford – atoms contain a nucleus Thompson – an atom is like a 'plum pudding' ✓✓	2	1.1	3 correct = 2 marks 2 or 1 correct = 1 mark
		(ii)	Experiments discovered more information ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW (Chadwick) discovered/discovery of neutrons
	(b)	(i)	Negative/-1 Positive/+1 neutral/no charge/0 ✓	1	1.1	All correct = 1 mark
		(ii)	in the nucleus \checkmark	1	1.1	
		(iii)	15 15 16 √√	2	2.1	All correct = 2 marks Any 2 correct = 1 mark
	(c)		$ \begin{array}{c} $	2	2.1	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
3	(a)		fractional distillation \checkmark	1	1.1	
	(b)	(i)	Any two from: gas ✓ petrol ✓ diesel ✓	2	2.2	
		(ii)	Petrol AND naphtha AND paraffin ✓	1	2.1	
		(iii)	cracking ✓	1	1.1	
		(iv)	petrol more in demand than in supply in crude oil / more petrol needed than is in crude oil ✓ crude oil has more naphtha than is needed ✓	2	3.2b	ALLOW 1 mark for 'more petrol is needed than naphtha'
		(v)	C ₂ ✓ H ₄ ✓	2	1.2	
	(c)	(i)	C ✓ E ✓	2	2.1	
		(ii)	D ✓ has a double bond ✓	2	2.1 1.1	
	(d)		It will run out ✓	1	1.1	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
4	(a)		element AND compound ✓ covalent ✓ ionic ✓ high ✓	4	2.1	
	(b)	(i)	Carbon surrounded by 4 hydrogens ✓ 4 bonded pairs of electrons only ✓ H C H H C H H	2	2.2	
		(ii)	Shape of molecule – shown only by 3d structure ✓ Number of bonds - shown by 3D structure and by dot and cross structure ✓ Number of electrons in bonds – shown only by dot and cross structure ✓	3	1.1	
	(c)		All bonds in diamond are strong \checkmark Forces between methane molecules are weak \checkmark	2	1.1	

J260/02

Qu	estio	n Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
5*		Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. Level 3 (5–6 marks) Describes a suitable method of how to use the apparatus to make dry crystals, including most fine detail AND steps are mostly in correct sequence. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Describes a suitable method of how to use the apparatus to make crystals including some fine detail OR describes basic ideas with most in correct sequence. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Describes some basic ideas of how to use the apparatus to make crystals There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.	6	element 2.2	 Basic ideas of how to use the apparatus acid in beaker add carbonate to acid stir filter heat/boil Fine detail of how to use the apparatus measure acid in measuring cylinder add excess copper carbonate/keep adding until no more fizzing filter to remove excess copper carbonate collect solution of copper sulfate heat to evaporate water only evaporate some of the water leave to crystallise dry between filter papers Idea of sequence measuring filtering to remove excess carbonate evaporating crystallising filtering to obtain crystals drying
		No response or no response worthy of credit.			

J260/02

Question		n	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
6	(a)		Any two from: Add a catalyst \checkmark Increase the concentration of sulfuric acid \checkmark Use powdered/smaller lumps of zinc \checkmark Increase the temperature/warm the sulfuric acid \checkmark	2	3.3b	
	(b)	(i)	30(s) ✓	1	1.2	
		(ii)	It slows down ✓	1	2.2	
		(iii)	94 ✓	1	1.2	
		(iv)	reaction stops/all acid used up/no more hydrogen produced ✓	1	2.2	
	(C)	(i)	All points correct \checkmark Line of best fit \checkmark	2	1.2 2.2	DO NOT ALLOW 'dot to dot'
		(ii)	slower ✓ less ✓	2	2.2	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
7	(a)	(i)	Mg AND H₂O ✓	3	1.2	
			MgO ✓			
			H₂ ✓			
		(ii)	It gains oxygen ✓	1	2.1	
	(b)	(i)	hydrogen gas – pops a lighted splint Alkali – turns Universal Indicator blue ✓	1	1.2	
		(ii)	Sodium is more reactive than magnesium/sodium higher in the reactivity series/sodium loses electrons more easily ✓	1	2.2	
	(c)	(i)	Ions cannot move in solid ✓ ions free to move in liquid/movement of charge is electricity ✓	2	1.2	
		(ii)	positive electrode – chlor <u>ine</u> negative electrode - sodium ✓	1	2.2	DO NOT ALLOW chlorIDE BOTH elements required

Qı	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
8	(a)		magnesium chloride ✓	1	2.2	
	(b)		Any two from: add acid drop by drop/dropwise ✓ swirl between drops ✓ stop when indicator just changes colour ✓ read the burette with meniscus on the line ✓	2	3.3a	IGNORE references to mass of tablet, powdering the tablet, concentration of acid. Marks here are for how to use the burette accurately.
	(c)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 58.3 award 2 marks $24.3 + 32 + 2 \checkmark$ = 58.3 \checkmark	2	2.2	ALLOW 58 for 2 marks ALLOW 24.3 + 16 + 1 (=41.3) for 1 mark
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 595(mg) award 2 marks $10.2 \times 58.3 = 594.66 \checkmark$ = 595 (mg) (to 3sf) \checkmark	2	2.2 1.2	ALLOW 592(mg) if 58 used ALLOW ECF for incorrect answer in (i)
	(d)		VMeets standardDoes not meet standardPack AVPack BVPack CV	2	3.2a	3 correct = 2 marks 2 correct = 1 mark
	(e)	(i)	mixture AND fixed ✓	1	1.1	
		(ii)	chromatography ✓	1	1.2	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
9	(a)	(i)	27(%) ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	(particles) slower ✓ (particles) closer together ✓ becomes liquid/condensed ✓	3	1.1	ALLOW forms clouds/rain
	(b)		carbon dioxide decreases AND oxygen increases ✓ plants formed which absorb carbon dioxide ✓ for photosynthesis, and emit oxygen ✓	3	3.2b 1.1 x 2	ALLOW carbon dioxide dissolved in the oceans
	(c)	(i)	4 AND 3 ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	No oxygen ✓	1	2.1	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
10	(a)		nanoparticles bigger than (all the) atoms/ORA nanoparticles bigger than water molecules/ORA nanoparticles smaller than/not larger than polymer molecules/ORA	3	3.1b	
	(b)	(i)	(nanoparticles) because largest surface area to volume ratio ✓	1	2.1	DO NOT ALLOW answers that simply quote the values from the table, needs to be a comparative statement.
		(ii)	 (no) Not proportional/use of word proportional ✓ As size increases particles have smaller surface area to volume ratios ✓ 	2	3.1a	
	(c)		atoms arranged in balls – carry medicines into the body atoms arranged in tubes – molecular sieves high surface area to volume ratio – catalysts ✓✓	2	1.1	3 correct = 2 marks 2 or 1 correct = 1 mark
	(d)		Catalysts decrease the activation energy of the reaction \checkmark Catalysts reduce the energy needed to break the bonds in the reactants \checkmark	2	1.1	

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