

Monday 6 June 2022 – Morning

Level 1/2 Cambridge National in Child Development

R018/01 Health and well-being for child development

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes



No extra materials are needed.		
	* R O 1 8 O 1 *	
Please write clearly in black ink. Do not write in the barcodes.		
Centre number	Candidate number	
First name(s)		

INSTRUCTIONS

Last name

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Answer **all** the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **80**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- · Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has 16 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Section A

Answer **all** the questions.

1 Ten month old Taylor was crawling around the living room and grabbed a cup of hot tea that spilt all over him.

His skin was badly damaged where the hot liquid had touched him, so Taylor's parents rushed him to hospital.

(a)	Describe two precautions that Taylor's parents could take to prevent Taylor getting burnt in this way again.	
	1	
	2	
		[4]
(b)	Other than a hot drink spill, identify four ways that children could get burnt in the home.	
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
		[4]
(c)	Taylor's parents want to check that the safety products in their home meet British safety standards.	
	Name the symbol found on safety products that shows they meet British standards.	
		. [1]

Explain how Jane staying in hospital with Taylor meets his emotional needs.	
Explain now Jane Staying in hospital with Taylor meets his emotional needs.	
	[2]

Turn over for the next question

© OCR 2022 Turn over

2	Mia has just given birth to her first child Leo.

(a)	The health professional checks Leo's fontanelle.	
	(i)	What is another name for the fontanelle?
		[1]
	(ii)	Describe what the fontanelle is.
		[3]
(b)	The	health professional also checks Leo's reflexes.
	Nan	ne four reflexes the health professional will check.
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
		[4]

	Discuss reasons for this post-natal review and the checks that the health visitor may do Mia.
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Azm	Azmi has made an appointment with her GP (doctor) after a positive home pregnancy test.		
(a)	a) Describe the role of Azmi's GP now she is pregnant.		
		[2]	
(b)	(b) When Azmi is 28 weeks pregnant she attends an appointment at the antenatal clinic where the midwife does routine checks.The names of some of the routine checks are shown in the box below.		
	baby's heartbeat check blood test exam	nination of the uterus	
	urine test vitamin K screening check we	eight check	

Complete the table with the correct name for each routine check described.

Use each name once or not at all.

Description of routine check	Name of routine check
This check could show the baby has stopped growing	
This check could show if the mother is suffering from anaemia	
This check assesses the size of the baby	
This check could indicate the onset of pre-eclampsia	

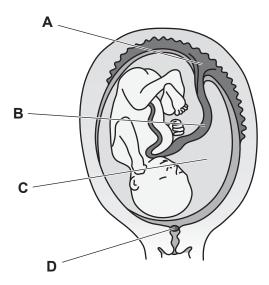
3

(c)	Azn	ni decides to give birth to her baby in hospital.	
	Give	e three reasons why Azmi may have chosen to give birth in hospital.	
	1		
	2		
	3		[3]
			[o]
(d)	Azn	ni's chosen method of pain relief during the birth is gas and air.	
	(i)	Give another name for gas and air.	
			. [1]
	(ii)	Describe how gas and air helps relieve pain during birth.	
			. [2]

Section B

Answer all the questions.

4 (a) The diagram below shows a foetus at 23–30 weeks.



Identify the names for **B**, **C** and **D** from those given in the box below.

A has been done for you.

Use each name once or not at all.

Amniotic fluid	Mucus plug	Pelvis
Placenta	Umbilical cord	Uterus

	Name
A	Placenta
В	
С	
D	

Name the type of twins that develop from one egg.

(a) (i) The passage below is about vaccinations and how they work. Compleadding the most appropriate words from the list below.					
	Use each wo	ord once or no	t at all.		
	antibodies	blood	bodies	body	
	disease	germs	influenza	protect	
	rabies	symptom			
	A vaccination	n makes the		produce	the right type of
		to des	troy the		. that cause a particular
	One commo	n vaccination	given to childre	en is for	[5]
(ii)	State one co	mmon way of	f giving a vacci	nation.	
					[1]
Ide	ntify three ger	neral signs of	illness in a chil	d.	
1					
۷					
3					
					[3]
(i)	State the me	eaning of pre-	conception he	ealth.	
					[1]
	(ii) Ider 1 2	adding the m Use each wo antibodies disease rabies A vaccination One common lii) State one co Identify three ger 1	adding the most appropria Use each word once or not antibodies blood disease germs rabies symptom A vaccination makes the	adding the most appropriate words from Use each word once or not at all. antibodies blood bodies disease germs influenza rabies symptom A vaccination makes the	adding the most appropriate words from the list below Use each word once or not at all. antibodies blood bodies body disease germs influenza protect rabies symptom A vaccination makes the

	(ii)	Explain why diet is important for pre-conception health.	
			.
			[3]
(d)		ntify four ways that parents/carers can help prevent their child from being involved in a ident when walking on a pavement or crossing the road.	n
	1		
	2		
	3		
	4		
			[4]

6	(a)	(i)	During pregnancy a woman is offered a number of specialised diagnostic tests.
			State a condition that may be identified for each of the tests in the table.
			Give a different condition for each test

Test	Condition
AFP (Alpha fetoprotein)	
Amniocentesis	

			[2]
	(ii)	Describe how an amniocentesis test is done.	
			[3]
(b)		ntify two factors, other than age, which may affect the decision to have children.	
	2		 [2]
(c)	Stat	e three rules children could be taught about to avoid inappropriate personal contact.	
	1		
	3		
			[3]

(d) Labour passes through three stages.

Identify if the statements in the table about the **third** stage of labour are **true** or **false**.

Tick (\checkmark) the box to show your answer.

Third stage of labour	True (✓)	False (✓)
An injection of syntocinon may be given to speed up the process		
Contractions push the placenta out		
It begins when the baby's head has crowned		

[3]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

14

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).				

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