

Monday 16 May 2022 – Afternoon

GCSE (9–1) Classical Greek

J292/01 Language

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

9 1 3 9 7 8 3 1 6 2 *

Do not use:

- a dictionary



Please write clearly in black ink. **Do not write in the barcodes.**

Centre number

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Candidate number

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First name(s)

Last name

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. You can use extra paper if you need to, but you must clearly show your candidate number, the centre number and the question numbers.
- Section A: Answer Questions 1–10 and **either** Question 11 **or** Question 12.
- Section B: Answer **all** the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **100**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document has **12** pages.

ADVICE

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Answer **both** Section A **and** Section B.

SECTION A

Answer Questions 1–10 and **either** Question 11 **or** Question 12.

Read Passage 1 and answer the questions.

Passage 1

Memnon, the King of Ethiopia, joins the Trojan War. He is killed but is honoured after his death.

ο Μέμνων ἦν πάλαι ο τῶν Αἰθιόπων βασιλεύς. τοσαύτην δὲ στρατιὰν εἶχεν ὡστε οἱ Τρῶες ἥτησαν αὐτὸν βοηθεῖν ἔαυτοῖς ἐν τῷ ἐπὶ τοὺς Ἑλληνας πολέμῳ. ο οὖν Μέμνων, εἰς τὴν Τροίαν ἀφικόμενος, ἐδέξατο μεγάλην τιμήν διότι πολλὰ καὶ ἀνδρεῖα ἔργα ἐποίησεν.

δι' ὀλίγου μέντοι ο Ἀχιλλεύς, ο ἄριστος τῶν Ἑλλήνων, ὁργισθεὶς εἰσῆλθεν εἰς τὴν μάχην. εὐθὺς δὲ πάντες οἱ στρατιῶται ἐπαύσαντο μαχόμενοι ἵνα θαυμάσωσι τοὺς δὺο καλοὺς ἥρωας. πόλλοι δὲ ἐνόμιζον τὸν Μέμνονα νικήσειν ώς ισχυρότερον ὅντα, ἀλλὰ τέλος ο Ἀχιλλεὺς ἀπέκτεινεν αὐτόν.

ἐπεὶ δὲ ο Ζεὺς ἤκουσε τὸν Μέμνονα ἀποθανόντα, ἐβούλετο παρασχεῖν αὐτῷ μέγιστον δῶρον. ο οὖν Μέμνων θεὸς ἐποιήθη καὶ οἱ πολῖται πόλλακις ἔθυον αὐτῷ ἐν τοῖς ιεροῖς.

5

10

Names

Μέμνων, Μέμνονος, ο
Αἰθιόπες, Αἰθιόπων, οἱ
Τρῶες, Τρώων, οἱ
Τροία, Τροίας, ή
Ἀχιλλεύς, Αχιλλέως, ο

Memnon
Ethiopians
Trojans
Troy
Achilles

Words

ἥρως, ἥρωος, ο

hero, warrior

- 1 ο Μέμνων ... βασιλεύς (line 1): when was Memnon the King of the Ethiopians?

..... [1]

2 τοσαύτην δὲ στρατιὰν ... πολέμω (lines 1–2):

(a) what did Memnon have?

..... [1]

(b) what did the Trojans do as a result?

..... [2]

3 ὁ οὖν Μέμνων ... ἐποίησεν (lines 2–4): why did Memnon receive great honour?

..... [2]

4 δι' ὀλίγου ... εἰς τὴν μάχην (lines 5–6): why did Achilles soon enter the battle?

..... [1]

5 εὐθὺς ... ἥρωας (lines 6–7):

(a) what did the soldiers do when Achilles entered the battle?

..... [1]

(b) why did they do this?

..... [2]

6 πόλλοι ... ἀπέκτεινεν αὐτὸν (lines 7–8):

(a) what did many think at first?

..... [1]

(b) what did Achilles do which proved them wrong?

..... [1]

7 ἐπεὶ δὲ ὁ Ζεὺς ... μέγιστον δῶρον (lines 9–10): what did Zeus want to do when he heard that Memnon had died?

..... [2]

- 8 οἱ οὖν Μέμνων θεὸς ἐποιήθη (line 10): what did Memnon become?

..... [1]

- 9 οἱ πολῖται πόλλακις ἔθυνον αὐτῷ ἐν τοῖς ἱεροῖς (line 10): what did the citizens often do in their temples?

..... [1]

- 10 For each of the Greek words below, give **one** English word which has been derived from the Greek word and give the meaning of the **English** word.

One has been done for you.

Greek Word: πόλλοι

English Word: polytheism

Meaning of English Word: belief in many gods

Greek Word: δὺο

English Word:

Meaning of English Word:

[2]

Greek Word: πολῖται

English Word:

Meaning of English Word:

[2]

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Answer **either** Question 11 or Question 12.

- 11 Answer the following questions based on part of the story you have already read.

τοσαύτην δὲ στρατιὰν εἶχεν ὥστε οἱ Τοῶες ἡτησαν αὐτὸν βοηθεῖν ἑαυτοῖς
ἐν τῷ ἐπὶ τοὺς Ἕλληνας πολέμῳ. ὁ οὖν Μέμνων, εἰς τὴν Τροίαν ἀφικόμενος,
ἐδέξατο μεγάλην τιμήν διότι πολλὰ καὶ ἀνδρεῖα ἔργα ἐποίησεν.

δι’ ὄλιγου μέντοι ὁ Αχιλλεύς, ὁ ἄριστος τῶν Ἑλλήνων, δοργισθεὶς εἰσῆλθεν
εἰς τὴν μάχην. εὐθὺς δὲ πάντες οἱ στρατιῶται ἐπαύσαντο μαχόμενοι ἵνα
θαυμάσωσι τοὺς δὺο καλοὺς ἥρωας. 5

Names

Τοῶες, Τρώων, οἱ	Trojans
Μέμνων, Μέμνονος, ὁ	Memnon
Τροία, Τροίας, ἡ	Troy
Αχιλλεύς, Αχιλλέως, ὁ	Achilles

Words

ἥρως, ἥρωος, ὁ	hero, warrior
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- (a) Identify the **tense** of *εἰχεν* (line 1).

..... [1]

- (b) Identify the **case** of *τῷ* (line 2) and explain why this case is used here.

.....
..... [2]

- (c) Pick out a word in the **nominative** case in line 2.

..... [1]

- (d) Identify the **case** of *ἔργα* (line 3) and explain why this case is used here.

.....
..... [2]

- (e) Pick out a **preposition** in lines 4–5.

..... [1]

- (f) Pick out an **adverb** in line 5.

..... [1]

- (g) Identify the **case** and **gender** of *στρατιῶται* (line 5).

.....
..... [2]

Do **not** answer Question 12 if you have already answered Question 11.

12 Translate the following English sentences into Greek.

- (a) Did you drink the bad wine?

.....
..... [4]

- (b) A horse was leading the messenger.

.....
..... [3]

- (c) I wish to find the prize.

.....
..... [3]

SECTION B

Answer **all** the questions.

Read the passage and answer the questions.

The Romans defeat the Macedonians to become the masters of Greece.

τῶν δὲ Ρωμαίων νικησάντων τοὺς Μακεδόνας, ὁ μὲν Περσεὺς ἐξέφυγε κατὰ θάλασσαν πρὸς νῆσόν τινα· οἱ δὲ Ρωμαῖοι, πυθόμενοι ποῖ ἔπλευσε, τάχιστα περιέβαλον τὴν νῆσον.

οἱ οὖν Περσεύς φοβούμενος ἥρετο ναύτην τινὰ τάδε· “ἐὰν ὑπόσχωμαι δώσειν σοι πολλὰ χρήματα, ἄρα οἴσεις με ἐν τῷ σῷ πλοιώ ἀπὸ τῶν Ρωμαίων;” ὁ δὲ ναύτης ώμολόγησε τοῦτο ἀλλὰ ὕστερον κλέψας τὰ χρήματα ἔλιπε τὸν Περσέα ἐν τῷ λιμένι. οἱ οὖν Περσεύς, 5 ὑπὸ τῶν Ρωμαίων αἰρεθείς, ἤναγκάσθη οἰκεῖν ἐν τῇ Ιταλίᾳ ἔως ἀπέθανεν.

καὶ πολλοὶ ἄλλοι Ἑλληνες, καίπερ αἴτιοι οὐδενὸς ὄντες, ἐπέμφθησαν πρὸς τὴν Ρώμην ὡς αἰχμάλωτοι. νῦν γὰρ οἱ Ρωμαῖοι ἥσαν οἱ δεσπόται τῆς Ἑλλάδος καὶ βίᾳ χρώμενοι ἔλπιζον πάντας ἑαυτοῖς πείσεσθαι.

Names

<u>Ρωμαῖοι</u> , <u>Ρωμαίων</u> , οἱ Μακεδόνες, Μακεδόνων, οἱ Περσεύς, Περσέως, ὁ Ιταλία, Ιταλίας, ἡ <u>Ρώμη</u> , <u>Ρώμης</u> , ἡ	Romans Macedonians Perseus (the Macedonian general) Italy Rome
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Words

<u>περιβάλλω</u> , aor. <u>περιέβαλον</u> <u>όμολογέω</u> , aor. <u>ώμολόγησα</u>	I surround I agree
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- 13 τῶν δὲ Ρωμαίων ... πρὸς νῆσόν τινα (lines 1–2): what did Perseus do after the Romans beat the Macedonians?

..... [2]

- 14 οἱ δὲ Ρωμαῖοι ... τὴν νῆσον (line 2):

- (a) what did the Romans learn?

..... [2]

- (b) write down **and** translate the **Greek** adverb which describes how they encircled the island. [2]

Greek word	English translation

- 15 ó oὖν Περσεύς ... τάδε (line 3): how did Perseus feel?

..... [1]

- 16 ἐὰν ύπόσχωμαι ... ἀπὸ τῶν Ρωμαίων (lines 3–4): what did Perseus ask the sailor to do?

..... [3]

- 17 ó δὲ ναύτης ... ἐν τῷ λιμένι (lines 4–5): where did the sailor leave Perseus?

..... [1]

- 18 ó oὖν Περσεὺς ... ἐν τῇ Ιταλίᾳ (lines 5–6): what happened to Perseus next?

..... [3]

- 19 καὶ πολλοὶ ... Ρώμην (line 7): why was it unfair that many other Greeks were sent to Rome?

..... [2]

- 20 ὡς αἰχμάλωτοι (line 8): how were the Greeks treated?

..... [1]

- 21 νῦν ... ἔαυτοῖς πείσεσθαι (lines 8–9):

- (a) what did the Romans hope now that they were masters of Greece?

..... [2]

- (b) how did they expect to accomplish this?

..... [1]

Read the rest of the story.

The Greeks try to resist the Romans but are utterly defeated by the Roman general Mummius.

μετὰ δὲ ὅλιγα ἔτη οἱ Ἕλληνες, οὐκ ἐθέλοντες δοῦλοι γενέσθαι, συνέλεξαν μείζονα στρατίαν. οἱ οὖν Ἀρωμαῖοι ἐπεμψάν τὸν Μόμμιον ἵνα κολάσῃ αὐτούς. τῆς δὲ νυκτὸς οἱ Ἕλληνες τῷ στρατοπέδῳ προσβαλόντες πολλοὺς Ἀρωμαίους ἔλαβον.

οἱ οὖν Διαιῶς, οἱ τῶν Ἑλλήνων στρατηγός, νομίζων ὁρδίως κτήσεσθαι δευτέραν νίκην, ἐκέλευσε τοὺς στρατιώτας παρασκευάσασθαι ὡς μαχουμένους ἐγγὺς τῆς Κορίνθου. 5
“ἡμεῖς” ἔφη “ἰσχυρότεροι καὶ σοφώτεροί ἐσμεν τῶν Ἀρωμαίων. εἰ βούλεσθε ἐλεύθεροι μένειν, μὴ φύγητε ἀλλὰ δείξατε ποῖοι ἔστε.”

οἱ δὲ Ἕλληνες, τῆς μάχης ἀρξαμένης, κάκιστα ἐπραξαν καὶ ἀνεχώρησαν εἰς τὴν πόλιν. ἀλλὰ οὕτως αἰσχρός ἦν ὁ Μόμμιος ὥστε τὰ τείχη διαφθείρας ἐφόνευσε πάντας οὓς ηὔρεν. ὁ δὲ Διαιῶς οὐκ εἰδὼς τί ἀλλὸ οἶός τ' ἔστι ποιῆσαι, τὴν τε ἑαυτοῦ γυναικα καὶ τὸν 10 παῖδα ἀποκτείνας, ἐπιει φάρμακον.

Names

Ἀρωμαῖοι, Ἀρωμαίων, οἱ	the Romans
Μόμμιος, Μομμίου, ὁ	Mummius
στρατόπεδον, στρατοπέδου, τό	camp
Διαιῶς, Διαιόν, ὁ	Diaeus
Κόρινθος, Κορίνθου, ἡ	Corinth (a Greek city)

Words

ἐγγύς + gen.	near
δείκνυμι, aor. ἔδειξα	I show, I reveal
φάρμακον, φαρμάκου, τό	poison

22 Translate the rest of the story into good English.

[50]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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