

Higher

GCSE

Combined Science B Twenty First Century Science

J260/07: Physics (Higher Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2022

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING

RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *RM Assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are available in RM Assessor.
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the RM Assessor messaging system.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the highest mark from those awarded. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate). When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth two or more marks)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. Award No Response (NR) if:
 - there is nothing written in the answer space.

Award Zero '0' if:

• anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

- 8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**
 - If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or email.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

10. For answers marked by levels of response:

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, using the Level descriptors to help you decide whether it is a strong or weak answer. The indicative scientific content in the Guidance column indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance. Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the skills and science content evidenced within the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer.

Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark:

The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.

The lower mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.

In summary:

The skills and science content determines the level.

The communication statement determines the mark within a level.

Level of response question on this paper is 1d

11. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

12. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
✓	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

13. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Combined Science B:

Assessment Objective
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
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Q	uestic	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	(a)		Transmitting power at higher voltages is more efficient ✓	1	2.1	tick in 4 th box
	(b)		The walls transfer energy / heat (at a) slower (rate) ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW Less energy transferred over a specific time
	(c)		Idea that Renewable resources are replaced all the time (so they will not be used up) OR non-renewable resources (are being used faster than they are formed) eventually (they) will all be used up.	1	1.1	ALLOW non-renewable resources are finite/will run out ORA ALLOW renewables can be replaced / made again ALLOW non-renewables take a very long time to replace IGNORE renewables can be re-used / used again ORA

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1 (d)*	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 5 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. Level 3 (5–6 marks) Detailed explanation of how energy resource use has changed, using numerical data from the graph linked to at least two resources There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Basic explanation of how energy resource use has changed with some reference to the graph, explanation may contain some errors. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Basic description of how energy resource use changed OR Basic isolated facts about resources There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. O marks No response or no response worthy of credit.	6	2 x 2.1 4 x 3.1a	AO3.1a Analyse information and ideas to interpret. Wind and Solar increased Coal decreased (overall) Natural gas stayed about the same overall / only increased slightly Much greater increase in wind and solar in later years Natural gas increased from 1998 to 2008, then decreased to 2012 (then increased again) Coal remained constant until 2008, then increased, before decreasing in 2012 AO2.1 Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas. Wind and solar do not release greenhouse gases Increased use of wind and solar / decreased use of coal and gas reduces greenhouse gas emissions Government drive to combat climate change More gas used after 2012 to meet demand from reduced use of coal Wind and solar are renewable resources Fossil fuels cause acid rain Coal and gas are fossil fuels and will eventually run out

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
2	(a)		(C) B E G F D A	3	1.2	Before means anywhere to the left
			B before E			All 5 correct = 3 marks 4 correct = 2 marks
			E before G			2 correct = 1 mark
			G before F			2 correct = 1 mark
			F before D			
			D before A			
			$\checkmark\checkmark\checkmark$			
	(b)		Any two from:	2	3.3a	IGNORE repeats
			Draw around the glass block (to ensure it doesn't move)			
			Mark multiple crosses/points along the ray of light√			
			Make sure the room is dark / reduce external light / use			
			brighter lamp√			
			Use a thin ray of light√ Use large protractor√			
			Use sharp pencil / draw a thin line√			
			Use a ruler to draw ray lines√			
	(c)	(i)	Points plotted correctly 🗸 🗸	2	1.2	ALLOW range (± 1 small square)
						All points correct = 2 marks
		/**				Three points correct = 1 mark
		(ii)	(50, 41) circled on the graph ✓	1	3.1a	ALLOW ECF for incorrect plotting of point 50, 41
		(iii)	Curve drawn through points ✓	1	2.2	DO NOT ALLOW straight line. ALLOW straight line for first three points followed
						by a curve
		(iv)	Positive correlation ✓	1	3.2b	ALLOW as angle of incidence increases, angle of
						refraction increases
						ALLOW as one increases the other increases
				1		DO NOT ALLOW proportional

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
3	(a)		The amplitude of the wave is X . ✓ The wave travels but the water does not. ✓	2	1.1	tick in 1st and 3rd boxes If 3 ticks - 1 mark can be scored for 2 correct ticks If 4 or 5 ticks no marks
	(b)		Any two from:	2	1.1	
			Water has a different (optical) density compared to air / water has a higher (optical) density than air ✓ speed of light is different in air and water / speed faster in air / slower in water ✓ wavelength changes/wavelength increased in air/wavelength decreased in water (because frequency constant) ✓			Maximum of 1 mark for reference to change in
						frequency ECF for incorrect change in density/speed followed by correct consequential change in speed/wavelength Eg – speed slower in air so wavelength decreases = 1 mark

C	uest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
4	(a)		1.2 W ✓ (The power transferred is) the amount of energy transferred per second /in 1 second OR Power = Energy (transferred) ÷ time ✓	2	1.1	
	(b)		Ammeter connected in series ✓ Voltmeter connected across the resistor / battery ✓	2	1.2	Candidates must have correct symbols for each device and complete circuit IGNORE other extra symbols / minor gaps DO NOT ALLOW continuous line through voltmeter
	(c)	(i)	The current through Y is 0.9 A (compared to 0.1 A through X) ✓✓ the potential difference (across both resistors) is the same ✓	3	2.1	ALLOW The current through Y is larger (than through X) for 1 mark IGNORE faster flow of current ALLOW use of $R = V/I$ to show smaller R with larger I ORA
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 13 Ω award 5 marks	5		ALLOW R_y =13.3 Ω and R_x =120 Ω for 3 marks
			Calculate current 1.0 - 0.1 = 0.9 (A) \checkmark substitute: 12 = 0.9 x resistance \checkmark R = 13.33 \checkmark R = 13 \checkmark		2.1 x 3	ALLOW substitution mark for incorrect current substituted into correct equation Any number of sf >1
			Ω / ohms ✓		1.1	Answer given to 2sf - allow this mark for an incorrect numerical answer to 2sf.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(d)	Current through X is (directly) proportional to total current OR	1	3.3a	ALLOW related by a constant ALLOW linear relationship
	Description of use of y-axis to determine total current ✓			ALLOW multiply scale reading by 10 ALLOW 2 or more values from graph used to compare

Question	Answer		AO element	Guidance	
5	All objects emit radiation/the bar emits radiation when it is cold (but it is not in the visible range) The wavelengths emitted depend on the temperature (not the time) / higher temperature will emit shorter wavelength ORA	2	1.1	ALLOW It emits visible radiation when it gets hotter ALLOW explanations in terms of frequency IGNORE wavelength emitted not dependent on time ALLOW Red wavelengths are still emitted (at higher temperatures) but higher intensity (orange and yellow) wavelengths are emitted (at higher temperatures) AW/the distribution of wavelengths changes when temperature changes = 2 marks	

C	uest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
6	(a)		Arrow vertically downward by eye labelled weight Arrow vertically upward by eye labelled tension Vertical arrows equal in length by eye and in opposite direction	3	2.2	ALLOW for weight: gravitational force, <i>W, mg, Mg</i> , mass × gravitational field strength ALLOW for tension: <i>T</i> , force from rope/helicopter, pull from rope NOT e.g. upthrust, reaction, air resistance, drag, lift IGNORE horizontal forces / arrows Maximum of 2 marks if at least one arrow does not originate at the dot Eg – both arrows labelled correctly and equal in length but disconnected from dot = 2 marks
	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 9 660 000 000 (N) award 4 marks Substitute: 1000 = mass ÷ 966 000 ✓ Rearrange: mass = 966 000 × 1000 (= 966 000 000 kg) ✓ Use of: weight = mass × gravitational field strength (Weight = 966 000 000 × 10) ✓ Evaluate: weight= = 9 660 000 000 (N) ✓	4	2.1 x 2 1.2 2.1	mass = 966 000 000 (kg) ALLOW use of w = mg using incorrect mass ALLOW 9.66 × 10 ⁹ (N) Or 9.7 × 10 ⁹ (N) or any other correct powers of 10 e.g. 966 × 10 ⁷ (N) DO NOT ALLOW any other incorrect powers of 10

C	uestion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	(ii	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 1.7 × 10 ⁹ (J) award 3 marks	3	2.1	ALLOW ECF from (bi)
		Substitute: Work done = 9 660 000 000 x 4.1 ✓			3.9606×10^{10}
		by one pump = (9 660 000 000 × 4.1) ÷ 23			
		Work done by one pump = 1 722 000 000 (J) ✓			ALLOW answers with 2 or more significant figures ALLOW 1.722 to any power of 10 for 2 marks

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
7	(a)		Alpha stopped by paper, thin aluminium and thick lead ✓	1	1.1	IGNORE extra ticks on other rows ('
	(b)		beta and gamma √	4	3.1b	IGNORE alpha for this mark
			no alpha because radiation is not reduced by paper OR Both beta and gamma will pass through paper (so no reduction in count rate)		3.2a x 3	ALLOW not alpha as alpha absorbed by paper
			Beta emitted because thin aluminium reduces the radiation OR Gamma emitted because thick lead reduces radiation			
			thin aluminium reduces the radiation / count rate because (most) beta is absorbed but gamma passes through ✓			

Q	uest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
8	(a)		they move faster/kinetic energy increases/ momentum increases ✓ they collide more often (with the walls / with each other) ✓	2	1.1	DO NOT ALLOW vibrate more IGNORE increased movement ALLOW more frequent collisions/increased rate of collisions IGNORE more collisions unless given with
	(b)		(pressure) increases ✓ greater (change in) momentum (per molecule) ✓ increased rate of change of momentum (when molecules hit walls of container more often) ✓ (these cause a) greater force on (the wall of) the container ✓	4	1.1	reference to time ALLOW explanation of F = (mv-mu)/t for 3 rd and 4 th marking point
	(c)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 9.1 (kg) award 4 marks Change in temperature = 20 - [-183] = 203 1.7 MJ = 1 700 000 J Select and apply: change in internal energy = mass × SHC × change in temperature 1 700 000 = mass × 920 × 203 mass = 9.1 (kg) which is the second of the	4	2.1 1.2 2.1 x 2	ALLOW correct conversion seen at any point ALLOW this mark if an incorrect temperature change is calculated - but not if 20 or (-)183 substituted ALLOW this mark with 1.7 to any power of 10 ALLOW answers to more than 2sf that round to 9.1 (kg)
						ALLOW 9.1 to any other power of 10 = 3 marks ALLOW ECF for incorrect temperature change used

Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
	(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer rounds to 1 900 000 (J) or 1900 kJ award 3 marks	3		ALLOW ECF for mass from (c)(i) ALLOW mass to 2sf or more from (c)(i)	
				1.2	ALLOW if 213 000 seen	
		213 kJ/kg = 213 000 J/kg ✓				
		Select and apply: change in internal energy = mass × SLH = 9.1 × 213000 ✓ change in energy = 1 900 000 (J) ✓		2.1 x 2	ALLOW select and apply mark with 213 to any power of 10 ALLOW 1.9 to any power of 10 = 2 marks ALLOW answers to more than 2sf that round to these values.	

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
9 (a)	(nuclei with) same proton number/number of protons same atomic number ✓(nuclei with) different mass number /number of neutrons√	2	1.1	IGNORE electrons
(b)	Mass number (top) = 230 AND Proton number (bottom) = 90	2	2.2	ALLOW ECF for incorrect alpha particle
	Correct symbol for alpha particle: ${}^4_2\text{He}$ ✓		1.1	ALLOW symbol α
(c)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 2.45 (±0.05) × 10 ⁵ (years) OR 245 000 (±5 000) (years) award 3 marks	3	2.2	ALLOW ± half a small square
	Evidence of 6400 divided by 2, 4 or 8 used on graph or in text 🗸			e.g horizontal line on graph or count rate of 3 200, 1,600 or 800 used (± 0.5 square). ALLOW evidence of different starting count rate divided by 2, 4 or 8 e.g – horizontal line at 5000 and another horizontal line at 2500
	Evidence of time for 1, 2 or 3 half-lives on graph or in text			e.g. vertical line or time of 2.45, 4.9 or 7.35 (± 0.5 square)
	half-life = $2.45 (\pm 0.05) \times 10^5$ (years) OR 245 000 (±5 000) (years)			ALLOW 2.45 = 2 marks (omission of power on axis)
(d) (i)	Idea that all the uranium has decayed	1	3.1a	

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	(so no way of telling how much more time has passed) OR (after 10 half-lives) radiation from U234 is too small/similar to/below background levels (so difficult to measure) OR (after 10 half-lives) the change in count rate will be small (over time)			ALLOW count rate zero / close to zero
(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 4.9 (±0.1) × 10 ⁵ (years) OR 490 000(±10 000) (years) award 3 marks	3	2.1	ALLOW ECF for use of half-life calculated in (c)
	(75% decayed = 25% left) so 2 half-lives have passed ✓			
	2 half-lives = $2 \times 2.45 \times 10^5$ (years) OR 2×245 000 (years) \checkmark			
	Time = 4.9×10^5 (years) OR 490 000 (years)			
	OR			
	Use of initial value of count rate on graph = 6400 to calculate 6400 - 75% of 6400 = 1600 counts/s			ALLOW 2 half-lives read from graph with ± 0.5 square (e.g. $4.9 \pm 1.0 \times 10^5$ years when count rate 1600 counts/s)
	Time when count rate = 1600 counts/s = 4.9×10^5 years) \checkmark			
	Time = 4.9 × 10 ⁵ (years) OR 490 000 (years) ✓			ALLOW 4.9 = 2 marks (omission of power on axis) unless ECF from (c)

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
10	(a)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.41 (kg m/s²) award 4 marks	4		ALLOW any number of s.f > or = 2 for intermediate calculations throughout
		Recall momentum = mass x velocity ✓		1.2	
		Substitute: $mom^m = 0.82 \times 1.9 (= 1.558)$		2.1 x 3	
		Subst: rate of change of mom ^m = $[1.558 - 0]$ \checkmark 3.8			ALLOW change in momentum = 1.558 (i.e. no 0)
		rate of change of mom ^m = 0.41 (kg m/s ²) \checkmark			ALLOW any s.f. > OR = 2 ALLOW 0.42 caused by rounding using 1.6
	(b)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWERS ON ANSWER LINE If answer Force = 0.41 (N) award 3 marks	3		ALLOW ECF from (a) only if clearly using $F = \Delta p/\Delta t$
		Recall: Force = mass x acceleration ✓		1.2	
		Substitute: force = 0.82×0.5	,	2.1 x 2	
		force = 0.41 (N)			
	(c)	(the same)	1	1.1	no mark for 'the same' - mark is for explanation
		because force = rate of change of momentum ✓			

Qı	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
11	(a)		thumb labelled force/motion/movement forefinger/index finger labelled (magnetic) field Middle finger labelled current	2	1.1	All 3 correct = 2 marks 1 or 2 correct = 1 mark ALLOW F if no ambiguity with field e.g field B ALLOW B IGNORE F ALLOW I IGNORE C Left hand Left hand Lower L L Lower L L Lower L L L L L L L L L L L L L
	(b)	(i)	Y moves in the same direction increased	2	1.1	Correct letters/words ringed ALLOW other clear indication 3 correct = 2 marks 1 or 2 correct = 1 mark
		(ii)	The conductor may vibrate about its rest position or appear not to move. ✓	1	2.1	Tick in 1st box.
	(c)		A current inside a magnetic field experiences a force The force is in opposite directions on the two/opposite sides of the coil (because the current is in opposite directions)	2	1.1	ALLOW arrows in opposite directions labelled force/F on diagram
	(d)		chemical kinetic thermal	3	1.1	4 correct = 3 marks 3 correct = 2 marks 2 correct = 1 mark
			current √√√			NOT potential difference

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