

F

GCSE (9-1)

Mathematics

J560/03: Paper 3 (Foundation tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for November 2022

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2022

J560/03

Mark Scheme MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *RM Assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are available in RM Assessor.
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor then mark and annotate the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader via the RM Assessor messaging system.
- 5. Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners should give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.
- 6. When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.
- 7. On each blank page the annotation **BP** must be inserted to confirm that the page has been checked. For additional objects (if present), a tick must be inserted on each page to confirm that it has been checked.

- 8. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
 - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
 - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
 - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which is not an attempt at the question.

The hash key (#) on your keyboard will enter NR.

Note: Award 0 marks for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).

9. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by the Principal Examiner or your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**

If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the RM Assessor messaging system.

- 10. Assistant Examiners should send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) by the end of the marking period. Please follow the direction of your Team Leader about which questions you should report on and how to submit your report. Your report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses.
- 11. Annotations available in RM Assessor. These **must** be used whenever appropriate during your marking.

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct
×	Incorrect
BOD	Benefit of doubt
FT	Follow through
ISW	Ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained), provided method has been

J560/03	Mark Scheme	Nov 2022
	completed	
MO	Method mark awarded 0	
M1	Method mark awarded 1	
M2	Method mark awarded 2	
A1	Accuracy mark awarded 1	
B1	Independent mark awarded 1	
B2	Independent mark awarded 2	
MR	Misread	
SC	Special case	
^	Omission sign	
BP	Blank page	
SEEN	Seen	

For a response awarded zero (or full) marks a single appropriate annotation (cross, tick, M0 or ^) is sufficient, but not required. For responses that are not awarded either 0 or full marks, you must make it clear how you have arrived at the mark you have awarded and all responses must have enough annotation for a reviewer to decide if the mark awarded is correct without having to mark it independently.

It is vital that you annotate standardisation scripts fully to show how the marks have been awarded.

Subject-Specific Marking Instructions

12. **M** marks are for using a correct method and are not lost for purely numerical errors.

A marks are for an <u>accurate</u> answer and depend on preceding **M** (method) marks. Therefore **M0 A1** cannot be awarded. **B** marks are <u>independent</u> of **M** (method) marks and are for a correct final answer, a partially correct answer, or a correct intermediate stage.

SC marks are for special cases that are worthy of some credit.

- 13. The following abbreviations are commonly found in GCSE Mathematics mark schemes.
 - **figs 237**, for example, means any answer with only these digits. You should ignore leading or trailing zeros and any decimal point e.g. 237000, 2.37, 2.370, 0.00237 would be acceptable but 23070 or 2374 would not.
 - isw means ignore subsequent working after correct answer obtained and applies as a default.
 - **nfww** means **not from wrong working**.
 - oe means or equivalent.
 - rot means rounded or truncated.
 - soi means seen or implied.
 - **dep** means that the marks are **dependent** on the marks indicated. You must check that the candidate has met all the criteria specified for the mark to be awarded.
 - with correct working means that full marks **must not** be awarded without some working. The required minimum amount of working will be defined in the guidance column and **SC** marks given for unsupported answers.
- 14. Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.
- 15. Unless the command word requires that working is shown and the working required is stated in the mark scheme, then if the correct answer is clearly given and is <u>not from wrong working</u> **full marks** should be awarded.

Do not award the marks if the answer was obtained from an incorrect method, i.e. incorrect working is seen and the correct answer clearly follows from it.

J560/03

Mark Scheme

16. Where follow through (**FT**) is indicated in the mark scheme, marks can be awarded where the candidate's work follows correctly from a previous answer whether or not it was correct. For questions with FT available you must ensure that you refer back to the relevant previous answer. You may find it easier to mark these questions candidate by candidate rather than question by question.

Figures or expressions that are being followed through are sometimes encompassed by single quotation marks after the word *their* for clarity, e.g. FT 180 × (*their* '37' + 16), or FT 300 – $\sqrt{(their '52 + 72')}$. Answers to part questions which are being followed through are indicated by e.g. FT 3 × *their* (a).

17. In questions **with no final answer line**, make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer (i.e. **isw**) unless the mark scheme says otherwise, indicated by the instruction 'mark final answer'.

18. In questions with a final answer line and incorrect answer given:

- (i) If the correct answer is seen in the body of working and the answer given on the answer line is a clear transcription error allow full marks unless the mark scheme says 'mark final answer'. Place the annotation ✓ next to the correct answer.
- (ii) If the correct answer is seen in the body of working but the answer line is blank, allow full marks. Place the annotation ✓ next to the correct answer.
- (iii) If the correct answer is seen in the body of working but a completely different answer is seen on the answer line, then accuracy marks for the answer are lost. Method marks could still be awarded if there is no other method leading to the incorrect answer. Use the **M0**, **M1**, **M2** annotations as appropriate and place the annotation × next to the wrong answer.

19. In questions with a final answer line:

- (i) If one answer is provided on the answer line, mark the method that leads to that answer. A correct step, value or statement that is not part of the method that leads to the given answer should be awarded **M0** and/or **B0**.
- (ii) If more than one answer is provided on the answer line and there is a single method provided, award method marks only.
- (iii) If more than one answer is provided on the answer line and there is more than one method provided, award marks for the poorer response unless the candidate has clearly indicated which method is to be marked.

- 20. In questions with **no final answer line**:
 - (i) If a single response is provided, mark as usual.
 - (ii) If more than one response is provided, award marks for the poorer response unless the candidate has clearly indicated which response is to be marked.
- 21. When the data of a question is consistently misread in such a way as not to alter the nature or difficulty of the question, please follow the candidate's work and allow follow through for A and B marks. Deduct 1 mark from any A or B marks earned and record this by using the MR annotation. M marks are not deducted for misreads. If a candidate corrects the misread in a later part, do not continue to follow through, but award A and B marks for the correct answer only.
- 22. Unless the question asks for an answer to a specific degree of accuracy, always mark at the greatest number of significant figures even if this is rounded or truncated on the answer line. For example, an answer in the mark scheme is 15.75, which is seen in the working. The candidate then rounds or truncates this to 15.8, 15 or 16 on the answer line. Allow full marks for the 15.75.
- 23. Ranges of answers given in the mark scheme are always inclusive.
- 24. For methods not provided for in the mark scheme give as far as possible equivalent marks for equivalent work. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.
- 25. If in any case the mark scheme operates with considerable unfairness consult your Team Leader.

J560/03

Que	Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance		
1			mirror line	2	B1 for correct orientation but wrong location	Mark intention accepting unruled and shaded squares to indicate image	
2	а		-20 0.351 10	1		Allow unambiguous transcription errors e.g. 20 but in correct position	
	b		300.96	2	B1 for 304 and 3.04 clearly identified If 0 scored, SC1 for answer 297.36 or 270 or 266.4 or 30.96 or 3.6	For B1 may be ordered list or e.g. circled in list –300.96 implies B1	
3	а		(5 – 5) × 5	1		Condone extra brackets that do not invalidate answer e.g $((5-5) \times 5)$	
	b		20 - 5(1 + 3) = 0	1		If more than one symbol in a space, mark the worst	
4			E F	2	B1 for each		
5	а		32	1			
	b		10	1			
6	a		2:5	2	M1 for 14 : 35 or 4 : 10 or 1 : 2.5 or 0.4 : 1 If 0 scored, SC1 for answer 5 : 2	Ignore incorrect cancellation once a correct, partially simplified ratio seen Ratio must have colon and not "to" or comma	

J560/03				Scheme	Nov 2022	
Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance		
	b	12.5	2	 M1 for any correct ratio not 1 : or statement 8 cm = 100 cm oe or (figs 10) ÷ 8 or B1 for answer 1 : 12.5 If 0 scored, SC1 for answer [0].125 	e.g. 8 : 100, 4 : 50 or 2 : 25 or 0.08 : 1	
7		24	3	M1 for $1\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ correct in consistent units	M0 M1 is possible in either method $1\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{5}{4}$ or 1.25 and 30; 75 and 1800; $\frac{1}{48}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ or (0.021 or 0.0208) and 0.5	
				M1 for division in correct order between their converted $\frac{1}{2}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$ OR	Conversions may be incorrect but clearly represent $1\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ e.g. $\frac{1}{2} \div 1.25$	
				M1 for $1\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ correct in consistent units	1 $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{5}{4}$ or 1.25 and 30; 75 and 1800; $\frac{1}{48}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ or (0.021 or 0.0208) and 0.5	
				M1 for three correct consecutive/linked terms	$\begin{array}{c} (0.021 \text{ or } 0.0208) \text{ and } 0.5 \\ \text{e.g.} \left[1\frac{1}{4}, 1 \right] & 2\frac{1}{2}, 2 & 3\frac{3}{4}, 3 & 5, 4 \\ 10, 8 & 20, 16 \dots \text{ or} \\ [1m 15s, 1] & 2m 30s, 2 & 3m 45s, 3 \dots \end{array}$	

J56	0/03		Mark Scheme No			
Question Answer		Marks	Part marks and guidance			
8	а	16 8 4 1 and or and or and 1 2 4 16	2	M1 for 8 × 2 = 16 seen		
	b	3 or 4	2	B1 for $\left[\frac{1}{5}\right] = 0.2$ and $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right] = 0.5$ or $\left[\frac{1}{5}\right] = \frac{2}{10}$ and $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right] = \frac{5}{10}$ or 0.3 or 0.4 seen		
9	a	[H B C] [H B L] [H F C] H F L H S C H S L V B C V B L V F C V F L V S C V S L	2	B1 for at least five new correct combinations	For full marks there must be no repeats or extras but condone the three given combinations included and e.g. VB for Veggie Burger etc	
	b	their B their total	1 FT	Strict FT of <i>their</i> table including the three given combinations	FT allow repeats and misplaced letters Accept 3 sf answers if decimal or percentage e.g. 0.333[] or 33.3[]% If (a) is not attempted, allow $\frac{4}{12}$ or $\frac{2}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$	

J560/03				Mark	Scheme	Nov 2022
Que	stion		Answer		Part marks and guidance	
10	a		B and 1.44 is less than 1.5[0] oe or B and ([0].06 or 6p) cheaper oe or B and 1.44 and 1.5[0] seen in final statement	3	M2 for 1.6[0] × 0.9 oe implied by 1.44 or M1 for 1.6[0] × 0.1 oe implied by [0].16	Allow B and "It's cheaper oe" if only 1.44 [and 1.50] seen in working space Accept all figures in pence May be $1.6[0] - 1.6[0] \times 0.1$ oe M0 for 10% of $1.6[0]$ See Appendix B and 3.75 and 4.32 only scores 0 B and 1.44 and 3.75 scores M2 only
	b		 A and 3.75 less than 4.32 oe or A and [0].57 saved oe or A and 3.75 and 4.32 seen in final statement OR A and 1.25 less than 1.44 oe or A and 0.19 oe saved or A and 1.25 and 1.44 seen in final statement 	3	Method 1 M1 for 1.5×2.5 oe or 3.75 oe M1 for <i>their</i> 1.44×3 or $(3 \times 1.6) \times 0.9$ oe or 4.32 oe Method 2 M2 for $1.5 \times 2.5 \div 3$ oe or 1.25 or M1 for 1.5×2.5 oe or 3.75	Ignore other figures/statements that don't invalidate answer All values may be seen in (a) oe may be 1.5 + 1.5 + 1.5 ÷ 2Allow "A because it's cheaper" oe if 3.75 and 4.32 only seen as final costs in working space for (b)Allow "A because it's cheaper" oe if 1.25 and 1.44 only seen as final costs in working space for (b)
11	а	i	37	1		
	а	ii	5 cao	2	M1 for either step reversed soi	May be seen on diagram eg + 3, \div 4, 20 implies 17 + 3 or 17 + 3 \div 4 or answer 17.75

J560	0/03			Mark	Mark Scheme Nov 2022			
Que	Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance			
	b		y = 4x - 3 final answer	2		Accept throughout <i>y</i> on right e.g. $4x - 3 = y$ Accept throughout <i>x</i> × 4 or <i>x</i> 4 or <i>x</i> × <i>k</i> etc but not x^4		
					M1 for final answer 4x - 3 or $y = 4x + 3$ or $y = kx - 3$ ($k \ne 0$) or $y = 4x - c$ where c > 0	y = 4(x - c)		
					If 0 scored SC1 for final answer $x = \frac{y+3}{4}$	4x - 3y scores 0 Do not accept arrows e.g. $4 \rightarrow \times x \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow y$		
12	а		376	2	M1 for 800 – (48 + 80 + 296) or 80 + 296 or 800 × 0.47 oe			
	b	i	4	2	M1 for $\frac{n}{40} = 0.1$ or 40×0.1 oe	Answer $\frac{4}{40}$ implies M1 Do not accept \rightarrow for \times M1 for $\frac{80}{800} = \frac{4}{40}$ or $\frac{800}{40} = 20$ and $\frac{80}{20}$		
	b	ii	Yes oe and large number of trials oe or	1		If "Yes" must state or imply large sample. Mention of 800 without saying sample is large is not enough. e.g. Yes, they picked lots of times. 1 Yes, they picked 800 times. 0		
			No and it is an estimate [of the actual number] oe			If "no" must state or imply estimate e.g. No, the relative frequency is only close to the real value 1 No, it's an estimate of probability 0		

J56(0/03		Mark	Mark Scheme Nov 2			
Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance			
13	a	6.3[0] cao	3	M2 for $3.78 \times \frac{5}{3}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{3.78}{3}$ oe may be implied by 1.26	May be in pence 3.78 × (1.66 or 1.67 or 1.66) May be in pence e.g. 126		
	b	10	2	M1 for $\frac{20}{2}$ oe			
14	a	13 and 78	3	 B2 for answer 13 or 78 in correct place or M1 for one correct trial of 2 × 3 × prime or a correct factor tree for a number from 70 to 80 or an integer from 70 to 80 ÷ (2 × 3) 	Accept 6 for (2×3) throughout e.g. $6 \times 13 = 78$ for $2 \times 3 \times 13 = 78$ e.g. $2 \times 3 \times 5 = 30$ $2 \times 3 \times 7 = 42$ $2 \times 3 \times 11 = 66$ May be $2 \times 3 \times 13 = 78$ if answer not 13 and 78 Includes 70 and 80		
	b	49	2	B1 for answer 7	Accept 7 ² for 2 marks		
15	a	"ten thousand[s]" cao	2	B1 for 10 000 seen or answer 10 thousand or answer 10 times a thousand	Accept reasonable spelling Answer Ten to the power 4 scores 0		
	b	3.5 × 10 ^[1]	2	B1 for correct answer but not standard form or [0].35 or [100 =] 10 ²	For B1 e.g. 0.35 × 10 ² , 35 × 10 ⁰ etc		

J560/03				Mark	Scheme	Nov 2022
Que	Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
16	а		0.2 or 0.19 to 0.20	2	M1 for $\frac{3.8 \text{ to } 4}{20}$ oe	e.g. $\frac{1.9 \text{ to } 2}{10}$
					If 0 scored, SC1 for triangle with incorrect values marked and <i>their</i> $\frac{rise}{run}$	e.g. $\frac{13}{20}$ with no triangle scores 0 e.g. $\frac{13}{20}$ with 13 and 20 marked on
					or $\frac{rise}{run}$ with answer in range 0.18 \leq g < 0.19	triangle scores SC1 e.g $\frac{2.1}{11.6}$ and answer 0.181 SC1 Mark for units still available even if
			cm per minute or cm/min	1		wrong gradient
	b	i	$5 \times their$ gradient	M1	FT their gradient which is a number	Alternative method M2 for $25 \times (0.19 \text{ to } 0.2) + 9 \text{ with}$
			13 + <i>their</i> 1 giving answer that rounds to 14	M1		 answer that rounds to 14 or M1 for 25 × <i>their</i> gradient + 9 with answer that does not round to 14
	b	ii	Continues to rise at same rate oe or Rises 0.2 cm every minute oe	1	FT <i>their</i> gradient if figures quoted	Must imply constant increase [in height] or continued pattern If figures used must be correct or from <i>their</i> gradient Accept The pattern continues oe The dough rises consistently oe The dough will rise I cm in 5 minutes

J560	J560/03		Mark	Scheme	Nov 2022
Ques	stion	Answer	Answer Marks Part marks and guidance		
17		8 cao with correct working	4	M1 for πr^2 [=] $4\pi r$ or πr^2 [=] $2\pi d$	"Correct working" requires evidence of at least M1M1
				M1 for cancellation by π implied or factorising e.g. $\pi r(r-4) = 0$ or $r(r-4) = 0$	FT <i>their</i> initial statement if possible Accept $\pi r^2 = 4\pi r$ followed by $r^2 = 4r$ as showing cancelling
				A1 for [radius =] 4 [and 0]	Dependent on M1M1
				<u>Trials</u> using πr^2 and $4\pi r$ or πr^2 and $2\pi d$ or πr^2 and $2\pi r$ or πr^2 and πd	Must use same value substituted for
				M2 for two correct trials with $r \neq 4$ or two correct trials with first $r \neq 4$ and then $r = 4$ or one correct trial with $r = 4$ or M1 for one correct trial with $r \neq 4$	<i>r</i> in both formulas Answers required
				A1 for [radius =] 4	Dependent on M2 or M1
				If 0 or M1 scored, instead award SC2 for answer 8 cao	with no working or insufficient working
				If 0 scored, instead award SC1 for answer 4 [and 0]	with no working or insufficient working

Question	Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
18	[<i>x</i> =] 5 and [<i>y</i> =] 4 or (5, 4) seen	B1		Must be clearly identified/linked to <i>x</i> and to <i>y</i> May be on graph
	$3 \times$ their x + [1 ×] their y	M1		<i>Their x</i> and <i>their y</i> can be any values linked to <i>x</i> and <i>y</i>
				Clear substitution required in $3x + y$
	19	B1	FT their (x, y)	Must see working for FT
19				More than 1 transformation scores 0 A vector alone does not imply translation but does with "and then"
	Rotation	1		Do not accept turn oe for rotation
	[centre] (0, 2)	1		Condone missing brackets; do not accept $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ for (0, 2)
	180°	1		Allow if accurate point plotted (½ square) and referred to Ignore direction
20	$\begin{pmatrix} 7\\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$	2	M1 for $\overrightarrow{PQ} + \overrightarrow{QR}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	M1 If fraction line in final answer For M1 allow 3 + 4 and 2 + 1
			or B1 for answer $\binom{7}{k}$ or $\binom{k}{3}$	

J560	J560/03			Scheme	Nov 2022
Ques	stion	Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
21		-11 15 with correct working	3	M2 for $(x + 11)(x - 15)$ or M1 for $(x + a)(x + b)$ where either ab = -165 or $a + b = -4ORM2 for 2 correct trials with any numberorM1 for 1 correct trial with any number$	"correct working" requires M2 M2 and M1 may be implied by grids and other forms such as x(x - 15) + 11(x - 15) Must see substitutions e.g. $5^2 - 4 \times 5 - 165$ Use of formula M2 for $\frac{[]4 \pm \sqrt{([-]4)^2 - 4 \times [1] \times -165}}{2 [\times 1]}$ or better e.g. $\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{676}}{2}$ M1 for formula with at most two errors
22		12	3	If 0 scored, SC1 for –11 and 15 with no working or insufficient working B2 for 8 [batches]	Do not award if wrong working e.g. 8 × 1.5
				or M1 for at least 2 ratios or pairs equivalent to $3:5$ or $16 \div (5 - 3)$	Allow decimals e.g. 1:1.6 to 1.7 or 0.6:1, 6:10, 9:15, 12:20, 15:25, 18:30, 21:35, 24:40, 27:45, Does not need ratio symbol
23	(a)	0.3 + 0.75 [= 1.05] is greater than 1	1		Condone additional statements that do not contradict See appendix Condone 100% for 1

J560/03				Mark	Scheme	Nov 2022		
Ques	Question		Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance			
	(b)		Correct tree diagram	3	B1 for P(draw) = 0.15	May be on diagram or in a calculation e.g. 0.3+0.55+0.15 = 1 oe		
					B1 for two correctly placed sets of three branches with win/draw/lose labels	Ignore probabilities. Accept e.g. W/D/L as labels		
					B1 for 0.3, <i>their</i> 0.15 and 0.55 correctly placed on all required branches	Condone omission of <i>thei</i> r 0.15 on printed branches		
	(c)		[0].165 oe	2	M1 for [0].3 × [0].55	oe may be $\frac{33}{200}$ or equivalent fraction or 16.5%		
24	(a)		Positive	1		Ignore comments about strength but not that contradict e.g strong positive decrease		
	(b)	(i)	Clear indication of the point at (27, 25)	1				
		(ii)	Hot day [with] few visitors or Outlier	1		See Appendix		
	(c)		Ruled line of best fit	B1		Overlay is a guide only; <i>their</i> line must be between or through (15, 40) to (17.5, 40) and (22.5, 80) to (25, 80)		
			52 to 78	B1	If B0 scored, FT <i>their</i> ruled line of best fit with positive gradient	If more than one line, mark the worst unless one clearly chosen e.g. vertical line from 21 to the line ½ square tolerance		

J560	/03		Mark	Scheme	Nov 2022		
Ques	stion	Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance			
25	(a)	Method must include dimensions (accept 6^2 for 6 × 6 and 6^3 for 6 × 6 × 6 and 12^2 for 12×12)	2	M1 for full method for surface area	Brackets do not need to be shown 0 for		
		$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$		$4 \times 72 + 2 \times 144$ or $4 \times 2 \times 36 + 2 \times 4 \times 36$ or $8 \times 36 + 8 \times 36$	288 + 288		
		or $4 \times 6 \times (6 \times 6) - 8 \times (6 \times 6)$ or		24 × 36 – 8 × 36 oe	864 – 288		
		$24 \times (6 \times 6) - 8 \times (6 \times 6)$ or $16 \times (6 \times 6)$ [=576]		or 16 × 36	4 × 6 × 4 × 6 24 × 24		

J560/03		Mark	Scheme	Nov 2022
Question	Answer	Marks	Part marks and guidance	
(b)	12.5 nfww	4	M2 for $(2 \times 6 \times 6) + (4 \times 6 \times 24)$ oe or M1 for calculating the surface area of one or more faces of the cuboid	soi by 72 + 576 or 648 e.g. 6 × 6 soi by 36 6 × 24 soi by 144
			AND M1 for $\frac{their \ 648}{576}$ [× 100] oe	<i>Their</i> 648 from attempt at surface area involving $6 \times (6 \text{ or } 24)$ soi by 1.125 or 112.5
			or $\frac{(their \ 648) - 576}{576} [imes 100] { m oe}$	soi by 0.125 oe may be $\frac{72}{576}$ [× 100]
			Alternative method M2 for 16 and 18 [exposed faces] or M1 for 16 or 18 [exposed faces]	
			AND	
			M1 for <u>their 18</u> [×100] their 16	soi by 1.125 or 112.5
			or <u>their 18 – their 16</u> [×100] their 16	soi by 0.125

J560/03		M	Mark Scheme		Nov 2022		
Ques	Question		Answer	Mari	rks Part marks and guidance		
26			57.5	4	or M1 or AN	2 for $\frac{7 \times 25}{10}$ oe soi by 17.5 I for 25 ÷ 10 or 10 ÷ 25 or 7 ÷ 10 10 ÷ 7 ID I for 15 + 25 + <i>their</i> 17.5	Evidence may be seen on diagram Implied by 2.5 or 0.4 or 0.7 or 1.4 <i>their</i> 17.5 from <i>their</i> valid attempt using scale factors to find <i>AB</i>

Appendix for 10a

Working and answer	Mark	Reason
3.75 and 4.32 seen in working	3	Answer uses correct figures
Answer: B it is cheaper because 1.44 is cheaper than 1.5		
1.44 only seen in working	3	There can be no other figure to compare with so
Answer: B it costs less		all marks awarded
1.44, 3.75 and 4.32 seen in working	M2	M2 for 1.44 but no comparison
Answer: B He only wants one packet so it is cheaper		
1.44 and 3.75 seen in working	M2	M2 for 1.44 but no comparison
Answer: B even when you buy 2 packets it is cheaper than A		
Answer: B and 1.44 cheaper than 3.75	M2	Answer based on incorrect figures but 1.44
		seen
16p found and 3.75 seen	M1	16p seen but 3.59 comes from 3.75 – 0.16 so
Answer: B and 3.59 cheaper		incorrect values. M1 as 16p used
Answer: B and 3.75 lower than 4.32	0	Answer based on incorrect values

Question 23a

Comment	Mark	Reason
0.3 + 0.75 add to greater than 1	1	
They add to greater than 1	1	Allow "they" or "the probabilities" etc for 0.3 and 0.75 (1.05 does not need to be seen)
0.3 + 0.75 = 1.05 which is more than 1. The probability of winning + losing should equal 1.	1	Winning + losing should ≤ 1 but does not contradict required evidence
Probabilities add up to 1 and 0.3 + 0.75 = 1.05 which is beyond 1	1	First vague words do not contradict required evidence
0.3 + 0.75 = 1.05 and probability only goes to 1	1	BOD "only goes to" as meaning "cannot be greater than"
The probabilities should add to 1 but instead 1.05 which isn't possible	0	"Which isn't possible" not enough without > 1
0.3 + 0.75 = 1.05 so they cannot both be correct	0	True but doesn't say why they cannot both be correct $(0.3 + 0.75 > 1)$
Probabilities must add to 1 or less	0	True general statement but not related it to this context
They must add up to less than 1	0	Incorrect, they could also add up to 1 but have not mentioned adding to > 1
They must add up to 1	0	Incorrect, they could also add up to less than 1 but have not mentioned adding to > 1
0.3 + 0.75 = 1.05 and it needs to be a whole number	0	Sum is correct but reason does not say more than 1
They cannot be right because probabilities must add to 1 which they don't	0	Probabilities do not always add to 1 and the required evidence is not given

J560/03 Appendix Q24b(ii)

There were not many visitors even though it was a warm day	1	
There were not many visitors because of the storm	1	BOD "storm" in place of hot
High temperature but less visitors	1	
It's 27°, a hot temperature, yet there are less than 40 visitors	1	Implies low number of visitors
It's 27° and there were only 25 visitors	1	BOD 27 meaning "hot" and 25 implies low number of visitors
Because the temperature is high but attendance is lower than normal	1	Allow lower than normal for low
As there wasn't alot of people but on other hot days there was alot of people	1	Acceptable: high temperature low visitors
It was hot but not many people	1	Accept hot and implying low people numbers
Because it's hot however as it was stormy I don't think that many people would have gone	1	BOD Hot and not many people and allow "not
		many would have"
Outlier	1	
Anomaly	1	BOD equivalence to "outlier"
Not many visitors	0	Insufficient. There are other occasions when there are not many visitors does not mention heat
Because it was really hot	0	Insufficient. No mention of low number of visitors
It does not correspond to the correlation	0	Does not mention heat or visitor numbers
It does not fit with the rest of the points	0	Does not mention heat or visitor numbers
It is away from the correlation line	0	Does not mention heat or visitor numbers
It doesn't follow the increasing trend	0	Does not mention heat or visitor numbers

Need to get in touch?

If you ever have any questions about OCR qualifications or services (including administration, logistics and teaching) please feel free to get in touch with our customer support centre.

Call us on

01223 553998

Alternatively, you can email us on

support@ocr.org.uk

For more information visit



ocr.org.uk

Twitter/ocrexams

/ocrexams

/company/ocr

/ocrexams



OCR is part of Cambridge University Press & Assessment, a department of the University of Cambridge.

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored. © OCR 2022 Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee. Registered in England. Registered office The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA.

Registered company number 3484466. OCR is an exempt charity.

OCR operates academic and vocational qualifications regulated by Ofqual, Qualifications Wales and CCEA as listed in their qualifications registers including A Levels, GCSEs, Cambridge Technicals and Cambridge Nationals.

OCR provides resources to help you deliver our qualifications. These resources do not represent any particular teaching method we expect you to use. We update our resources regularly and aim to make sure content is accurate but please check the OCR website so that you have the most up-to-date version. OCR cannot be held responsible for any errors or omissions in these resources.

Though we make every effort to check our resources, there may be contradictions between published support and the specification, so it is important that you always use information in the latest specification. We indicate any specification changes within the document itself, change the version number and provide a summary of the changes. If you do notice a discrepancy between the specification and a resource, please <u>contact us</u>.

Whether you already offer OCR qualifications, are new to OCR or are thinking about switching, you can request more information using our Expression of Interest form.

Please get in touch if you want to discuss the accessibility of resources we offer to support you in delivering our qualifications.