

Thursday 25 May 2023 – Afternoon

AS Level Mathematics B (MEI)

H630/02 Pure Mathematics and Statistics

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes



You must have:

- the Printed Answer Booklet
- a scientific or graphical calculator



INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the **Printed Answer Booklet**. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of the Printed Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Fill in the boxes on the front of the Printed Answer Booklet.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Where appropriate, your answer should be supported with working. Marks might be given for using a correct method, even if your answer is wrong.
- Give your final answers to a degree of accuracy that is appropriate to the context.
- Do **not** send this Question Paper for marking. Keep it in the centre or recycle it.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **70**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document has **12** pages.

ADVICE

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Formulae AS Level Mathematics B (MEI) (H630)

Binomial series

$$(a+b)^n = a^n + {}^n C_1 a^{n-1} b + {}^n C_2 a^{n-2} b^2 + \dots + {}^n C_r a^{n-r} b^r + \dots + b^n \quad (n \in \mathbb{N}),$$

$$\text{where } {}^n C_r = {}_n C_r = \binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$$

$$(1+x)^n = 1 + nx + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!} x^2 + \dots + \frac{n(n-1)\dots(n-r+1)}{r!} x^r + \dots \quad (|x| < 1, n \in \mathbb{R})$$

Differentiation from first principles

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

Sample variance

$$s^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} S_{xx} \text{ where } S_{xx} = \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 = \sum x_i^2 - \frac{(\sum x_i)^2}{n} = \sum x_i^2 - n\bar{x}^2$$

Standard deviation, $s = \sqrt{\text{variance}}$

The binomial distribution

If $X \sim B(n, p)$ then $P(X = r) = {}^n C_r p^r q^{n-r}$ where $q = 1 - p$

Mean of X is np

Kinematics

Motion in a straight line

$$v = u + at$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$s = \frac{1}{2}(u+v)t$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$s = vt - \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

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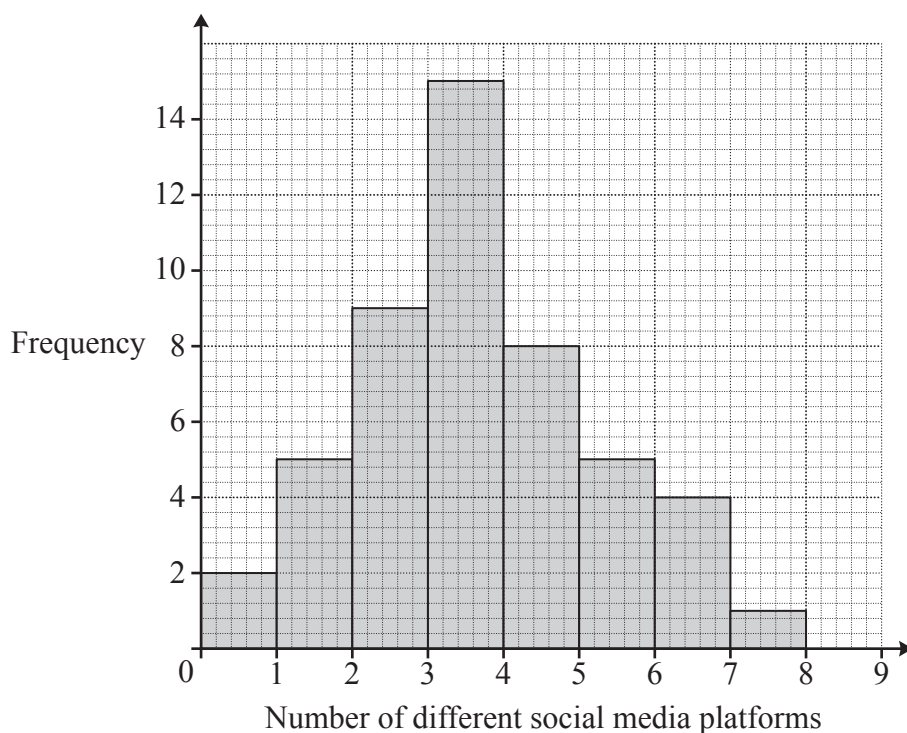
PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

- 1 A researcher collects data concerning the number of different social media platforms used by school pupils on a typical weekday.

The frequency table for the data is shown below.

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|
| Number of different social media platforms | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Frequency | 2 | 5 | 9 | 15 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 1 |

The researcher uses software to represent the results in this diagram.



- (a) Explain why this diagram is inappropriate. [1]
- (b) Calculate the following for the number of social media platforms used:
- (i) the mean, [1]
- (ii) the standard deviation. [1]
- 2 (a) Express $x^2 - 6x + 1$ in the form $(x - a)^2 - b$, where a and b are integers to be determined. [2]
- (b) Hence state the coordinates of the turning point on the graph of $y = x^2 - 6x + 1$. [1]

- 3 A student makes the following conjecture.

For all positive integers n , $6n - 1$ is always prime.

Use a counter example to disprove this conjecture. [2]

- 4 The equation of a curve is $y = \frac{k}{x^2}$, where k is a constant.

The curve passes through the point $(2, 1)$.

(a) Find the value of k . [1]

(b) Sketch the curve. [2]

- 5 Show that the distance between the points $(5, 2)$ and $(11, -1)$ is $a\sqrt{b}$, where a and b are integers to be determined. [3]

- 6 An app on my new smartphone records the number of times in a day I use the phone. The data for each day since I bought the phone are shown in the stem and leaf diagram.

```

1 | 9
2 | 6
3 | 8 9
4 | 0 1 2 2 3 5 6 7 9 9
5 | 1 2 2 2 3 4 5 5 7 8 9 9
6 | 0 1 1 3 9

```

Key: 3|1 means 31

(a) Explain whether these data are a sample or a population. [1]

(b) Describe the shape of the distribution. [1]

(c) Determine the interquartile range. [2]

(d) Use your answer to part (c) to determine whether there are any outliers in the lower tail. [2]

- 7 (a) Use the factor theorem to show that $(x - 2)$ is a factor of $x^3 + 6x^2 - x - 30$. [1]

(b) Factorise $x^3 + 6x^2 - x - 30$ completely. [3]

- 8 The pre-release material contains information on Pulse Rate and Body Mass Index (BMI). A student is investigating whether there is a relationship between pulse rate and BMI. A section of the available data is shown in the table.

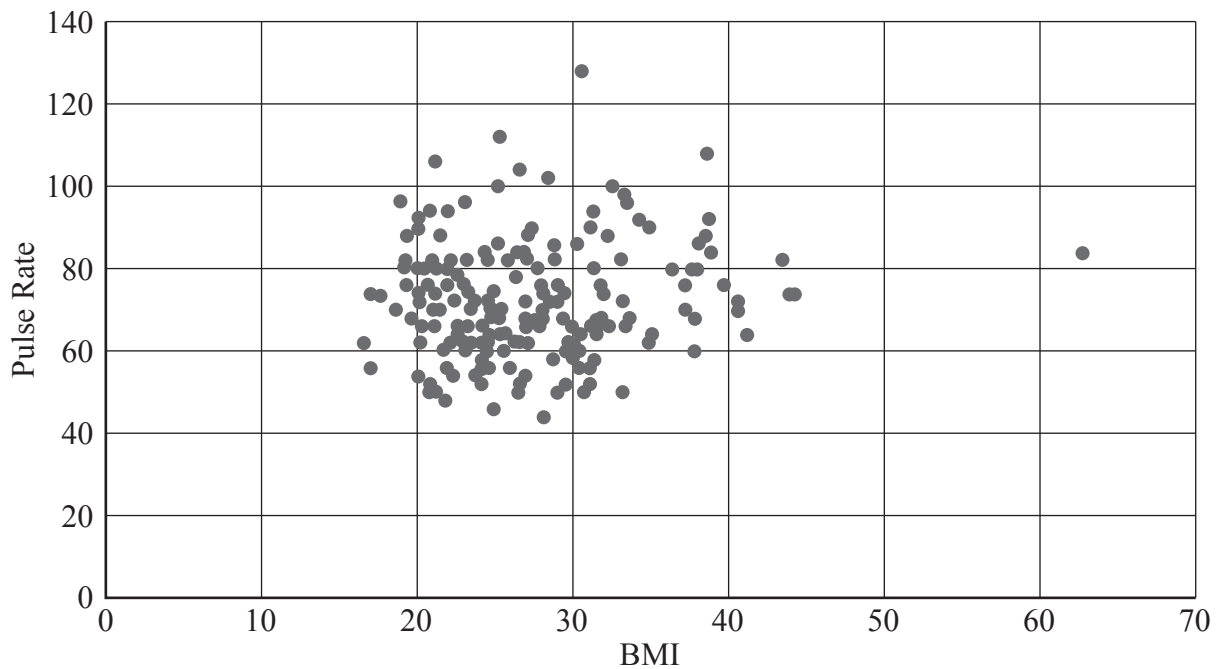
| Sex | Age | BMI | Pulse |
|--------|-----|-------|-------|
| Male | 62 | 29.54 | 60 |
| Female | 20 | 23.68 | #N/A |
| Male | 17 | 26.97 | 72 |
| Male | 35 | 24.7 | 64 |
| Male | 17 | 20.09 | 54 |
| Male | 85 | 23.86 | 54 |
| Female | 81 | 24.04 | #N/A |

The student decides to draw a scatter diagram.

- (a) With reference to the table, explain which data should be cleaned before any analysis takes place. [1]

The student cleans the data for BMI and Pulse Rate in the pre-release material and draws a scatter diagram.

Scatter diagram of Pulse Rate against BMI



The student identifies **one** outlier.

- (b) On the copy of the scatter diagram in the Printed Answer Booklet, circle this outlier. [1]

The student decides to remove this outlier from the data. They then use the LINEST function in the spreadsheet to obtain the following formula for the line of best fit.

$$P = 0.29Q + 64.2,$$

where P = Pulse Rate and Q = BMI.

They use this to estimate the Pulse Rate of a person with BMI 23.68.

They obtain a value of 71 correct to the nearest whole number.

- (c) With reference to the scatter diagram, explain whether it is appropriate to use the formula for the line of best fit. [1]

It is suggested that all pairs of values where the pulse rate is above 100 should also be cleaned from the data, as they must be incorrect.

- (d) Use your knowledge of the pre-release material to explain whether or not all pairs of values with a pulse rate of more than 100 should be cleaned from the data. [1]

- 9 The table shows the probability distribution for the discrete random variable X .

| | | | | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| x | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| $P(X = x)$ | 0.1 | 0.3 | q | $2q$ | $3q$ |

You are given that q is a positive constant.

- (a) Determine the value of q . [2]

- (b) Calculate $P(X \leq 4)$. [1]

Two independent values of X are taken.

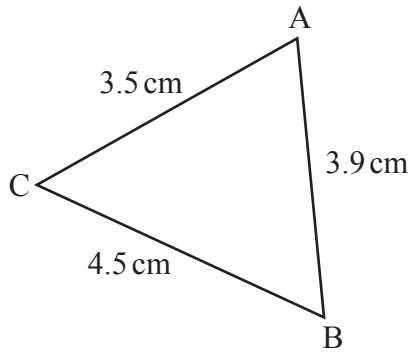
- (c) Determine the probability that the sum of the two values is 3. [2]

Fifty independent values of X are taken.

- (d) Find the probability that a value of 2 occurs exactly 17 times. [1]

10 In this question you must show detailed reasoning.

The diagram shows triangle ABC, where $AB = 3.9$ cm, $BC = 4.5$ cm and $AC = 3.5$ cm.



Determine the area of triangle ABC.

[5]

11 In this question you must show detailed reasoning.

The equation of a curve is $y = 2x^3 + 9x^2 + 24x - 8$.

Show that there are no stationary points on this curve.

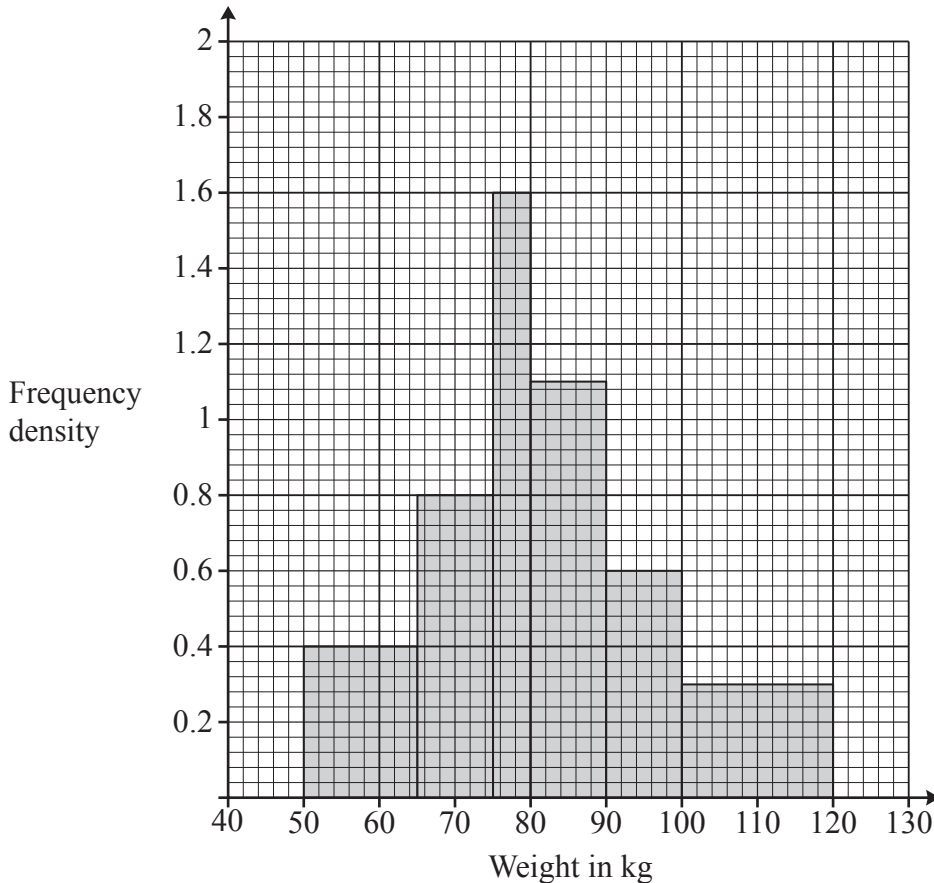
[5]

12 Doctors are investigating the weights of adult males registered at their surgery. One week they collect a sample by noting the weight in kilograms of all the adult males who have an appointment at their surgery.

(a) State the sampling method they use. [1]

(b) Explain why this method will **not** generate a simple random sample of all the adult males registered at their surgery. [1]

They represent the data using a histogram.



An incomplete frequency table for the data is shown below.

| Weight in kg | 50– | 65– | 75– | 80– | 90– | 100–120 |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Frequency | | 8 | | | | |

(c) Complete the copy of the frequency table in the Printed Answer Booklet. [1]

One of these patients is selected at random.

(d) Determine an estimate of the probability that he weighs either less than 60 kg or more than 110 kg. [2]

(e) Explain why your answer to part (d) is an estimate and not exact. [1]

13 In a report published in October 2021 it is stated that 37% of adults in the United Kingdom never exercise or play sport. A researcher believes that the true percentage is less than this. They decide to carry out a hypothesis test at the 5% level to investigate the claim.

(a) State the null and alternative hypotheses for their test. [1]

(b) Define the parameter for their test. [1]

In a random sample of 118 adults, they find that 35 of them never exercise or play sport.

(c) Carry out the test. [4]

14 In this question you must show detailed reasoning.

The equation of a curve is $y = 16\sqrt{x} + \frac{8}{x}$.

Determine the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point where $x = 4$. [7]

15 A family is planning a holiday in Europe. They need to buy some euros before they go. The exchange rate, y , is the number of euros they can buy per pound. They believe that the exchange rate may be modelled by the formula

$$y = at^2 + bt + c,$$

where t is the time in days from when they first check the exchange rate.

Initially, when $t = 0$, the exchange rate is 1.14.

(a) Write down the value of c . [1]

When $t = 2$, $y = 1.20$ and when $t = 4$, $y = 1.25$.

(b) Calculate the values of a and b . [2]

The family will only buy their euros when their model predicts an exchange rate of at least 1.29.

(c) Determine the range of values of t for which, according to their model, they will buy their euros. [3]

(d) Explain why the family's model is not viable in the long run. [1]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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