

Tuesday 16 May 2023 – Morning

GCSE (9–1) Biology B (Twenty First Century Science)

J257/03 Breadth in biology (Higher Tier)

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

You must have:

• a ruler (cm/mm)

You can use:

- an HB pencil
- · a scientific or graphical calculator





Please write clea	arly in bla	ck ink.	Do no	t writ	te in the barcodes.		
Centre number					Candidate number		
First name(s)							
Last name							

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- · Answer all the questions.
- Where appropriate, your answer should be supported with working. Marks might be given for using a correct method, even if your answer is wrong.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document has 24 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.



1 (a) (i) Complete the table to compare cellular aerobic and anaerobic respiration in humans.

Tick (✓) the correct boxes in each row.

Process	It requires glucose	It requires oxygen	It produces carbon dioxide	It produces water	It produces lactic acid
Aerobic respiration					
Anaerobic respiration					

spira	tion						
						[3	3]
	(ii)	Which statement a	about respiration	s correct?			
		Tick (✓) one box.					
		Aerobic respiration	n produces more	ATP than anaerobi	c respiration.		_
		Anaerobic respirat	tion produces mo	re ATP than aerobi	c respiration.		
		Both aerobic and	anaerobic respira	tion produce the sa	ame amount of Al	ГР.	
		Neither aerobic or	anaerobic respira	ation produces ATF).		
						[′	1]
(b)	Hea	rt muscle contains	approximately 50	000 mitochondria in	every cell.		
	(i)	Suggest why hear	t muscle cells nee	ed so many mitoch	ondria.		
						[2	2]
	(ii)	The image shows different sizes.	the mitochondria	in a section of hea	rt muscle. The m	itochondria are	
		One of the mitoch	ondria is labelled.				
					A mitochondria		
				X MOON			
			STATE OF THE STATE				
		上公公	12/201				
				STATE OF THE PARTY			

Number of mitochondria =[1]

Estimate the number of mitochondria in this image.

2 The table shows the percentage of land covered in rainforest in a country.

Year	Percentage of land covered in rainforest (%)
1940	75
1950	72
1961	53
1977	31
1983	26
1987	21
1997	42
2000	45
2005	50

(a)	(i)	Describe the trend in the data.
		[2]
	(ii)	The government of the country started to protect areas of the rainforest and even paid people to regrow it.
		Suggest when the government started to do this.
		[1]
	(iii)	Predict when the rainforest will reach the percentage land coverage seen in 1940, if it increases by the same rate as shown from 1997 to 2005.
		Predicted year =[1]

(b)	A rainforest is one of the most biodiverse areas of the Earth.				
	(i)	Suggest why the government wants to continue	to regrow the rai	nforest.	
					[2]
	(ii)	Suggest two challenges of regrowing the rainfor	est.		
		1			
		2			
					[2]
(c)	Son	ne plants in the rainforest reproduce sexually, but	others reproduc	e asexually	[-]
(0)	001	no plante in the familierost reproduce coxdairy, but	outoro roproduo	o dooxdany.	
	Whi	ich statements describe sexual reproduction, and	which describe a	asexual reproduc	ction?
	Tick	x (✓) one box in each row.			
			Sexual reproduction	Asexual reproduction	
	Oc	ccurs at a slower rate			
					1

	Sexual reproduction	Asexual reproduction
Occurs at a slower rate		
Offspring are all susceptible to the same diseases		
Only one parent is needed		
Provides offspring with genetic variation		

[3]

(a)	Des	scribe the relation	onship between he	ealth and dise	ase.		
(b)	Cor	mplete the sente	ences about the ir		n. Use words fro		
	an	tibodies	antigens	attack	digest	memory	
	mi	itochondria	pathogens	red	vaccines	white	
	The	immune syste	m protects us aga	inst disease-c	causing		
		ite blood cells fi face of pathoge	rom the immune s ns.	ystem have re	eceptors that rec	ognise antigens	s on the
	The	ey act in three w	ays to protect us:				
	1.	Ingest and		pathogens	S.		
	2.	Produce other white blo	ood cells.	. to disable th	e pathogens or t	ag them for atta	ack by
	3.		cells stay	in the body to	o make antibodie	s quickly upon r	e-infect
(c)			se caused by a ba p to 1 litre of wate		hoea is a sympto	om of cholera. F	People
	Wh	y is this a conce	ern?				
(d)	Cho	olera is a comm	unicable disease.				
	Sug	ggest one way t	o prevent transmi	ssion of chole	era between peop	ole.	
(e)	Ide	ntify three simil	arities between a				
	1						
	2						
	2						

[3]

4 (a) Which statements about cell division are true, and which are false?

Tick (✓) one box in each row.

Statement	True	False
During interphase the number of chromosomes double.		
Gametes are produced by mitosis.		
In meiosis there are two cell divisions.		
Interphase occurs in both mitosis and meiosis.		

(b)	Why is it important that the number of chromosomes halves when gametes are formed?
	[1]
(c)	Describe how a cancer tumour forms.
	[2]

[2]

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5 (a) The components of the nervous system work together allowing it to function.

Draw lines to connect each component with its correct role in nervous system functioning.

Component Role in nervous system functioning Effector Detects stimuli and initiates an electrical impulse in the sensory neuron Motor neuron Is a gland or a muscle that produces the desired response Sensory neuron Transmits the electrical impulse to the central nervous system Sensory receptor Transmits the electrical impulse from the central nervous system to the effector.

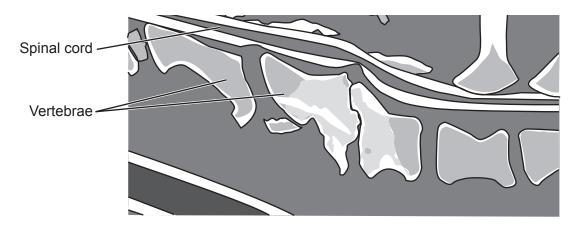
central nervous system to the effector

- (b) Wobblers disease in dogs is a condition that affects the spinal cord.
 - It can be caused by compression of the spinal cord.
 - It causes problems with the functioning of the motor neurons.

Suggest one symptom that a vet may look for in dogs with wobblers disease.	
[1	1
	Л

- (c) When diagnosing wobblers disease vets use imaging techniques. They look for areas where the spinal cord appears to be squeezed by the vertebrae of the spine (backbone).
 - Fig. 5.1 shows an image a vet would look at where the spinal cord is squeezed by the vertebrae.

Fig. 5.1



Draw an arrow on **Fig. 5.1** to an area where you think there is evidence of wobblers disease in this dog. [1]

(d)	Surgery is the only treatment option for dogs with wobblers disease.
	Suggest one factor that would need to be considered when deciding whether to operate.
	[1]
(e)	Some dog owners train their dogs in dog agility. The dogs are trained to react rapidly to certain commands.
	Explain why this rapid response is not classed as a reflex response.
	[2]

Horses can develop a condition called laminitis. 6

Excess carbohydrate in a horse's diet is one risk factor.

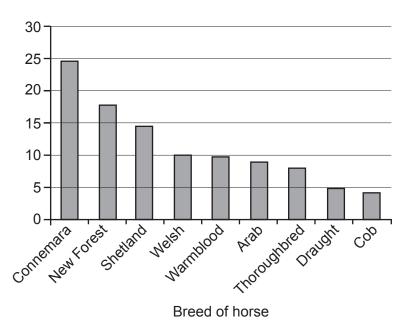
(a) Explain why horses that are at risk of laminitis should spend less time in fields eating gra							

- **(b)** There are other factors that increase the risk of a horse developing laminitis:
 - the breed of horse
 - if the horse has a medical condition called equine metabolic syndrome (EMS)
 - if the horse is overweight.

The graph shows data about the number of laminitis cases in one year for different breeds of horse.

.....[3]

Number of laminitis cases in one year



Breed of horse

The table provides some information about four horses.

Horse	Horse Breed Body			
Α	Arab	Normal weight and has EMS		
B Connemara		Normal weight		
С	New Forest	Overweight and has EMS		
D Thoroughbred		Slightly overweight		

Which horse is most at risk of developing laminitis? Explain your answer. Horse Explanation [2] (c) Blood glucose concentration is controlled by the same hormones in horses and humans. Name a hormone that controls the blood glucose concentration of the horses' blood. [11] (d) When a horse eats grass, not all of the biomass that makes up the grass becomes part of the horse's biomass. Explain this statement.

A student reads an article that states one way to measure a person's fitness is to measure their

(a)	Describe a method the student could use to work out a person's recovery rate.
	[3]
(b)	Suggest the number of people the student should use in their investigation to determine if recovery rates are different for different people.
	Justify your answer.
	[2]

7

recovery rate after exercise.

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A new contraceptive pill called Lovima is now available in the UK.

It can b	can be purchased online without a prescription from a doctor.						
Before	Before the pill is sent to the consumer, the online pharmacy asks several questions.						
(a) (i)	Suggest one health-based question the pharmacy may ask the consumer before they agree to send them this contraceptive pill.						
	[1]						
(ii)	Identify one risk and one benefit of being able to buy Lovima without seeing a doctor.						
	Risk						
	Benefit						
	[2]						
(b) Lo	vima is a progesterone-only contraceptive pill.						
Ex	plain how this contraceptive pill prevents pregnancy.						

.....[3]

8

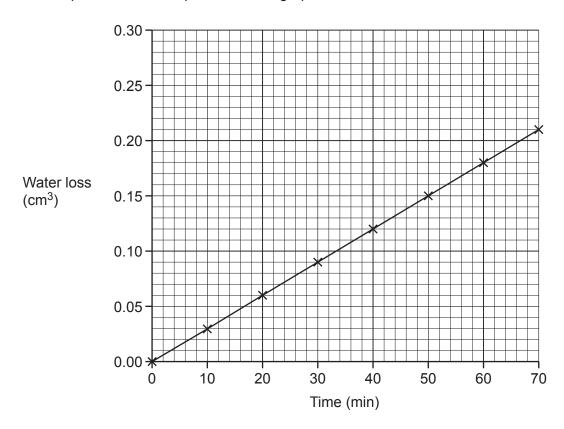
	15		
(c)	Progesterone is a hormone.		
	Which three describe the principles of hormonal communic	ation?	
	Tick (✓) three boxes.		
	Hormones are always fast-acting.		
	Hormones are always slow-acting.		
	Hormones bind to receptors on effectors.		
	Hormones provide slower, longer-lasting responses.		
	Hormones are secreted by glands.		
	Hormones are transported by neurons.		
		[2	J
(d)	Some hormones are made from proteins, others are made	from lipids.	
	Complete the sentences to describe how to test for the pre	sence of proteins, and for lipids.	
	Put a ring around each correct option.		
	To took for the process of proteins we use homedists / his	wat / athemal If weathin in	
	To test for the presence of proteins we use benedicts / bit	ret / etnanoi. II protein is	
	present, the sample will turn blue / cloudy / purple .		
	To test for the presence of lipids we use benedicts / biure	/ ethanol. If lipid is present, the	
	·		
	sample will turn blue / cloudy / purple .	[2]

9 A student investigates the rate of transpiration in **two** different species of plant, plant **A** and plant **B**.

The student uses a potometer to collect the data in the table.

Time from the start of the investigation (min)	Plant A water loss (cm ³)	Plant B water loss (cm³)
0	0.00	0.00
10	0.03	0.04
20	0.06	0.09
30	0.09	0.13
40	0.12	0.16
50	0.15	0.20
60	0.18	0.24
70	0.21	0.28

The student plots the data for plant **A** on the graph.



(a) Plot the data for plant **B** on the graph.

(b)	Calculate the	rate o	f water	loss	for	plant A	١.
-----	---------------	--------	---------	------	-----	---------	----

	Rate of water loss cm ³ /min [2]
(c)	What conclusion can be made from the data?
	[1]
(d)	Explain why an increase in temperature will increase the transpiration rate for both species of plant.
	[2]

10		emochromatosis is a recessive hereditary disease. It causes iron to build up in the body over ny years.
	Ped	ople with this disease begin to show symptoms between the ages of 30 and 60.
	(a)	Jane is 31, and she has started to develop symptoms of the condition.
		Neither of her parents has the disease.
		Calculate the probability that Jane has haemochromatosis.
		Use a Punnett square.
		Probability =[3]
	(b)	If detected early those with the condition are less likely to have serious health problems.
		Jane's sister is 24.
		Explain why she decides to have a genetic test.
		[2]

(c) There are three common variations that cause this condition.

The table shows the number of people with each of the three common variations.

Variation	Number of people with this variation
C282y/C282y	9 in 10
C282y/H63d	5 in 100
H63d/H63d	5 in 100

It is estimated that 1 in 150 people in England have haemochromatosis.

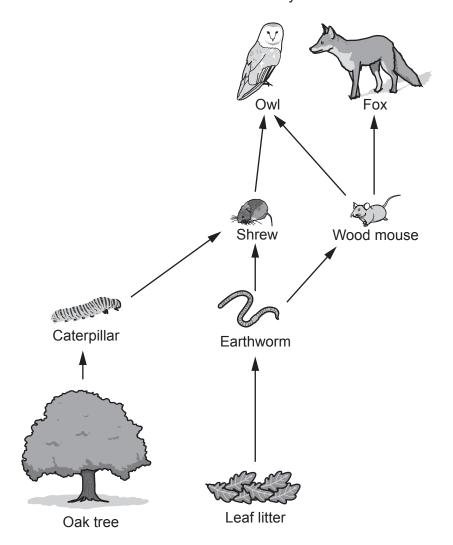
The population in England is 56 500 000.

Calculate the number of people in England that are likely to have the H63d/H63d variation.

Give your answer to the nearest whole number.

Number of people =[4]

A food web is shown for a woodland ecosystem.



(a)	Describe the differences between the organisms found at trophic level 2 and trophic level in the food web.					

(b) A pyramid of biomass is shown. The bars are drawn to the same scale.

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Calculate the percentage efficiency of biomass transfer between primary consumers and secondary consumers.

	Percentage efficiency of biomass transfer = % [3]			
(c) Explain why photosynthetic organisms are the source of all biomass on Earth.				
	[2]			
(d)	Name two substances that cycle through the biotic and abiotic components of an ecosystem.			
	1			
	2			
	[1]			

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).					

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