

GCE

History A

Y312/01: Thematic study and historical interpretations: Popular culture and the witchcraze of the 16th and 17th centuries

A Level

Mark Scheme for June 2024

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING RM ASSESSOR

- Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: RM Assessor Assessor Online Training;
 OCR Essential Guide to Marking.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal http://www.rm.com/support/ca
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **number of required** standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 5 PRACTICE AND 6 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 40% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone or the RM Assessor messaging system, or by email.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses - Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the highest mark from those awarded. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate).

When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only one mark per response)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth **two or more marks**)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there, then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. Award No Response (NR) if:
 - · there is nothing written in the answer space

Award Zero '0' if:

• anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

- 8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your team leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**If you have any questions or comments for your team leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or e-mail.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.
- 10. For answers marked by levels of response:
 - a. To determine the level start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
 - b. To determine the mark within the level, consider the following

Descriptor	Award mark
On the borderline of this level and the one below	At bottom of level
Just enough achievement on balance for this level	Above bottom and either below middle or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Meets the criteria but with some slight inconsistency	Above middle and either below top of level or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Consistently meets the criteria for this level	At top of level

11. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
BP	Blank Page
	Highlight
Off-page comment	
А	Assertion
AN	Analysis
EVAL	Evaluation
EXP	Explanation
F	Factor
ILL	Illustrates/Describes
IRRL	Irrelevant, a significant amount of material that does not answer the question
J	Judgement
KU	Knowledge and understanding
Р	Provenance
SC	Simple comment
3	Unclear
V	View

Annotation	Meaning
5	Synthesis
Е	Continuity/Change

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	Evaluate the Interpretations in both of the two passages. Explain which you think is more convincing as an explanation of the reasons for the Salem witch trials. In locating the Interpretations within the wider historical debate, answers might suggest that Interpretation A argues that Salem had faced numerous problems and the inhabitants would have seen it as God's will In evaluating Interpretation A, answers might argue that many were Puritans and would have seen God's punishment behind the misfortunes Answers might argue that Puritan preachers denounced magic in their sermons and believed the Church was under threat from the devil Answers might argue that Salem had suffered from the Indian Wars which heightened tensions Answers might argue the political situation created tensions Answers might argue there were economic concerns following the Navigation Acts Answers might argue there were severe tensions within society In locating the Interpretations within the wider historical debate, answers might suggest that Interpretation B argues the persecution was the result of social and economic tensions	30	The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed. The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set. No set answer is expected. At Level 5 and above answers will evaluate both interpretations, locating them within the wider historical debate about the issue and using their own knowledge, and reach a balanced judgement as to which they consider the most convincing about the issue in the question. To be valid, judgements must be supported by relevant and accurate material. Knowledge must not be credited in isolation, it should only be credited where it is used to analyse and evaluate the interpretations, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	 In evaluating Interpretation B, answers might argue the Interpretation is correct to stress the divisions over how the communities should be run and this focused on the Church ministry Answers might argue that there were divisions between the Putnams and Porters, with Parris preaching against the Porters Answers might argue there was a struggle for the domination of the rate committee and the Putnam group was defeated in 1691 and replaced by the Porter group Answers might argue that economic tensions created the search for scapegoats as cold weather had resulted in economic hardships Answers might argue that the Interpretation is not correct to stress economic tensions as it was not new and therefore does not explain why there was a hunt in Massachusetts or why it took place in 1692 Answers might argue there were differing views over how the community should be run, which focused on the church ministry with appointments dividing the village Answers might argue that Parris' appointment made divisions worse as he was an outsider. Answers might argue that Parris saw the Church as under attack by the devil, aided by wicked men in the community who were his opponents. 		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2*	'Economic causes were always more important than religion in the growth in persecution of witches in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries.' How far do you agree? Answers might consider some of the following themes: price rise and inflation, impact of war, confessional divisions, emergence of capitalism, impact of weather. In supporting the hypothesis in the question, It might be argued that the growth in capitalism caused communities to be divided and witch-hunting was used by the wealthy to consolidate their control Answers might consider that Marxists have seen witch-hunting as part of the transition from feudalism to capitalism Answers might consider the economic impact of wars, such as the Thirty Years' War, English Civil War or the Indian Wars Answers might consider the impact of population growth on standards of living, price rises and inflation Answers might consider that economic changes put pressure on the better-off to aid the poor and could lead to accusations of witchcraft, leading to accusations from 'below'	25	The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. Both features that support the hypothesis and features that challenge the hypothesis are detailed. Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed. The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set. No set answer is expected At higher levels answers might establish criteria against which to judge the relative importance of the different factors. To be valid, judgements must be supported by relevant and accurate material. Knowledge must not be credited in isolation. It should only be credited where it is used as the basis for analysis and evaluation, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	 Answers might consider the impact of poor weather and the mini ice age on the economy. In challenging the hypothesis in the question, It might be argued many witch hunts took place in areas where there was confessional strife Answers might consider the impact of religious conflict in England and Southern Germany Answers might consider the desire of all religious groups to purify society Answers might consider the Protestant/Puritan attack on superstition and paganism Answers might consider Catholic attitudes to Protestantism Answers might consider the role of religion in France, Switzerland, Poland and Scotland Answers might consider attitudes to the presence of the devil and the works of literature that appeared 		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3*	To what extent did the geography of the witch craze remain the same in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries? Answers might consider some of the following themes: East/west Europe, border regions, southern Europe, America, regional variations between town and country In arguing that the geography did remain the same: • Answers might consider that most witch hunts in the period from 1500-1650 occurred to the west of the Elbe • Answers might consider that there was little witch hunting in the north and east of the Holy Roman Empire • Answers might consider that most witch hunts in Germany were in the south and west • Answers might consider that, in France, witch hunts took place in border regions • Answers might consider that there were some regions, such as Italy, southern Europe and the United Provinces, where persecution did not occur • Answers might consider that most hunts took place in the countryside rather than towns • Answers might consider that much persecution took place in an area close to a line from SE France through Strasbourg to North Central Germany	25	The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. Both features that support the hypothesis and features that challenge the hypothesis are detailed. Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed. The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set. No set answer is expected At higher levels answers might establish criteria against which to reach a judgement. To be valid, judgements must be supported by relevant and accurate material. Knowledge must not be credited in isolation. It should only be credited where it is used as the basis for analysis and evaluation, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	 Answers might consider that there were witch hunts east of the Elbe in the period after 1650, but not before Answers might consider that most witch hunts between 1590 and 1650 took place in Germanspeaking areas close to political or religious borders Answers might consider that witch hunts spread to North America in the 1690s Answers might consider that the geography changed as attitudes to torture changed Answers might consider that hunts in eastern Europe started much later but continued into the eighteenth century Answers might consider that the regions in England subject to hunts varied from East Anglia to Lancashire 		
4*	'Torture was the most frequent response of the authorities to witchcraft in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries.' How far do you agree? Answers might consider some of the following themes: torture, legal developments, punishments, trials, confessions In supporting the hypothesis in the question, It might be argued that torture was often used to secure a confession	25	The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. Both features that support the hypothesis and features that challenge the hypothesis are detailed. Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed. The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set. No set answer is expected

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	Answers might consider torture increased the confession rate Answers might consider that torture was used where there was a lack of central power, as in Southern Germany Answers might consider how regional rather than national courts used torture Answers might consider the development of measures of torture and even torture houses		 At higher levels answers might establish criteria against which to judge the validity of the interpretation. To be valid, judgements must be supported by relevant and accurate material. Knowledge must not be credited in isolation. It should only be credited where it is used as the basis for analysis and evaluation, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.
	 In challenging the hypothesis in the question, Answers might consider that torture was not allowed in some countries, such as Spain and Italy Answers might consider that torture was used in England only when authorities lost control Answers might consider that attitudes to witchcraft changed, and many were uneasy about the concept Answers might consider the writings of von Langenfeld which condemned the use of torture Answers might consider the development of legal procedures and the increase in the levels of proof required 		

APPENDIX 1 - this contains a generic mark scheme grid

	AO3: Analyse and evaluate, in relation to the historical context, different ways in which aspects of the past have been interpreted.
	Generic mark scheme for Section A, Question 1: Interpretation [30]
Level 6 26–30 marks	The answer has a very good focus on the question throughout. It has thorough and sustained evaluation of the interpretations, using detailed and accurate knowledge of the historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue, in order to produce a convincing and supported analysis of them in relation to the question.
Level 5 21–25 marks	The answer has a good focus on the question throughout. It has good evaluation of the interpretations, using relevant knowledge of the historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue, in order to produce a supported analysis of them in relation to the question.
Level 4 16–20 marks	The answer is mostly focused on the question. It has evaluation of the interpretations based on generally relevant knowledge of the historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue, in order to produce an analysis of them in relation to the question.
Level 3 11–15 marks	The answer is partially focused on the question. It has partial evaluation of the interpretations based on some knowledge of the historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue. There may be some use of information from one of the two interpretations to support the evaluation of the other, but the evaluation will not rely on this. There is a limited analysis of the interpretations in relation to the question.
Level 2 6-10 marks	The answer has a limited focus on the question. Parts of the answer are just description of the interpretations, with evaluation in relation to historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue being weak, and evaluation relying heavily on information drawn from the other interpretation. There is a very limited analysis of the interpretations in relation to the question.
Level 1 1–5 marks	The answer has some relevance to the topic, but not the specific question. The answer consists mostly of description of the interpretations with very limited evaluation based on very generalised knowledge of historical context and minimal or no reference to the wider historical debate. Analysis of the interpretations in relation to the question is either in the form of assertion or lacking.
0 marks	No evidence of understanding and no demonstration of any relevant knowledge.

	AO1: Demonstrate, organise and communicate knowledge and understanding to analyse and evaluate the key features related to the periods studied, making substantiated judgements and exploring concepts, as relevant, of cause, consequence, change, continuity, similarity, difference and significance.
	Generic mark scheme for Section B, Questions 2, 3 and 4: Essay [25]
Level 6 21–25 marks	The answer has a very good focus on the question. Detailed and accurate knowledge and understanding is used to analyse and evaluate key features of the period studied in order to reach a fully developed synthesis supporting a convincing and substantiated judgement.
	There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent and logically structured. The information presented is entirely relevant and substantiated.
Level 5 17–20 marks	The answer has a good focus on the question. Generally accurate and detailed knowledge and understanding is used to analyse and evaluate key features of the period studied in order to reach a developed synthesis supporting a substantiated judgement. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and in the most part substantiated.
Level 4 13–16 marks	The answer is mostly focused on the question. Relevant knowledge and understanding is used to analyse and evaluate key features of the period studied in order to reach a synthesis supporting a reasonable judgement. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence.
Level 3 9–12 marks	The answer has a partial focus on the question. Some relevant knowledge and understanding is used to analyse and explain key features of the period studied in order to attempt an undeveloped synthesis, which is linked to a judgement, though the supporting explanation may lack detail and clarity. The information has some relevance and is presented with limited structure. The information is supported by limited evidence.
Level 2 5–8 marks	The answer has only a limited focus on the question. Limited relevant knowledge and understanding is used to give a limited explanation and analysis of key features of the period studied. There is a judgement but this may not be clearly linked with the supporting explanation. The information has some relevance, but is communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.
Level 1 1–4 marks	The answer has a limited focus on the topic, but not the specific question. The answer is largely descriptive, with only very generalised knowledge of the period studied being used to attempt basic explanation and very limited analysis. Judgements are unsupported and are not linked to analysis. Information presented is basic and may be ambiguous or unstructured. The information is supported by limited evidence.
0 marks	The answer contains no relevant information.

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