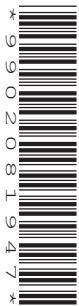


Tuesday 21 May 2024 – Morning

A Level Latin

H443/01 Unseen Translation

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

**You must have:**

- the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet

Do not use:

- a dictionary

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer **all** the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **100**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document has **4** pages.

ADVICE

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Section A
Unseen Prose

- 1 Translate the following passage into English. Please write your translation on alternate lines.
[50]

Valerius fights a war against the Aequi. Meanwhile the Romans unsuccessfully besiege the town of Nequinum. After new consuls take office, two deserters escape from the town and offer to help the Romans. With the use of a secret tunnel, the Romans capture Nequinum and establish the colony of Narnia there.

In this year Marcus Valerius entered the consulship, in company with Apuleius Pansa.

bellum a Valerio consule haudquaquam memorabile gestum est contra rebellantes Aequos, cum praeter animos feroce nihil ex antiqua fortuna haberent. alter consul Apuleius Nequinum oppidum circumsedit. locus erat arduus atque in parte una praecipit, nec vi nec munimento capi poterat. itaque eam infectam rem novi consules acceperunt.

5

cum tempus segni obsidione tereretur, duo ex oppidanis, quorum erant aedificia iuncta muro, cuniculo facto ad stationes Romanas itinere occulto pervenient. inde ad consulem deducti confirmant se praesidium armatum intra moenia et muros accepturos esse. Romanis nec aspernanda haec res visa est neque incaute credenda. cum altero eorum – nam alter obsecus retentus erat – duo exploratores per cuniculum missi sunt. per quos satis comperita re, trecenti armati transfuga duce in urbem ingressi nocte portam quae proxima erat cepere. qua refracta, consul exercitusque Romanus sine certamine urbem invasere.

10

ita Nequinum in auctoritatem populi Romani venit. colonia, a nomine fluminis Narnia appellata, eo missa; exercitus cum magna praeda Romam reductus.

15

Livy 10.9–10 (adapted)

Names

<i>Valerius, -i</i> (m)	Valerius
<i>Aequi, -orum</i> (m pl)	the Aequi (a tribe in Italy)
<i>Apuleius, -i</i> (m)	Apuleius
<i>Nequinum, -i</i> (n)	Nequinum (a town)
<i>Narnia, -ae</i> (f)	Narnia (a town)

Words

<i>haudquaquam</i>	not in any way
<i>munimentum, -i</i> (n)	siege-works
<i>cuniculum, -i</i> (n)	underground passage, tunnel
<i>aspernor, -ari, -atus sum</i>	I reject
<i>comperio, -ire, -peri, -pertus</i>	I find out about, confirm
<i>transfuga, -ae</i> (m)	deserter

Section B
Unseen Verse

2

- (a) Translate the following passage into English. Please write your translation on alternate lines.

[45]

Procris suspects that her husband Cephalus is being unfaithful and decides to spy on him hunting in the woods. When she hears him talking to the breeze (aura) and not to a girl called Aura, she realises her mistake. Procris emerges from her hiding-place but Cephalus thinks she is a wild animal, with tragic consequences.

What were you thinking when you were hiding, Procris?
No doubt you thought that Aura, whoever she was, would come.

iamque dies medius tenues contraxerat umbras,
 inque pari spatio vesper et ortus erant:
ecce, redit Cephalus silvis, Cyllenia proles,
 oraque fontana fervida spargit aqua.
anxia, Procri, lates. solitas iacet ille per herbas,
 et ‘zephyri molles auraque’ dixit ‘ades!’
ut patuit miserae iucundus nominis error,
 et mens et rediit verus in ora color.
surgit, et oppositas agitato corpore frondes
 movit, in amplexus uxor itura viri. 5
ille feram movisse ratus, iuvenaliter artus
 corripit; in dextra tela fuere manu.
quid facis, infelix? non est fera, supprime tela!
 me miserum! iaculo fixa puella tuo est.
ei mihi! conclamat ‘fixisti pectus amicum. 10
 hic locus a Cephalo vulnera semper habet.’
ille sinu dominae morientia corpora maesto
 sustinet, et lacrimis vulnera saeva lavat.

Ovid, *Ars Amatoria* 3.723–744 (with omissions)

Names

<i>Cephalus</i> , -i (m)	Cephalus
<i>Cyllenius</i> , -a, -um	Cyllenian, i.e. of Mercury
<i>Procris</i> , <i>Procris</i> (f) (voc. <i>Procri</i>)	Procris

Words

<i>ortus</i> , -us (m)	dawn
<i>fontanus</i> , -a, -um	of a spring
<i>fervidus</i> , -a, -um	hot
<i>pateo</i> , -ere, -ui	I become clear, am revealed
<i>iucundus</i> , -a, -um	pleasant
<i>oppositus</i> , -a, -um	(here) in front of her
<i>artus corripi</i> , -ere, -ripui	I gather up my limbs, i.e. I leap up
<i>ei mihi</i>	alas
<i>amicus</i> , -a, -um	loving

Turn over for the next question

2

(b) Write out and scan lines 17–18:

ille sinu dominae morientia corpora maesto
sustinet, et lacrimis vulnera saeva lavat.

[5]**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

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