

Wednesday 15 May 2024 - Afternoon

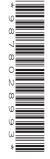
AS Level Film Studies

H010/01 Elements of film

Time allowed: 2 hours 424 3174 **hours** 424 3174

You must have:

• the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet



INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.

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- Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer **five** questions in total:
 - Section A: Answer Questions 1 and 2.
 - Section A: Answer either Question 3 or Question 4.
 - Section B: Answer either Question 5 or Question 6.
 - Section C: Answer either Question 7 or Question 8.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 105.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has 4 pages.

ADVICE

Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Section A

Film form in US Cinema from 1930 to 1990

Answer both Question 1 and Question 2.

You have studied **one** US film from the 1930–1960 list and **one** US film from the 1961–1990 list. For Questions **1–4** write about the **two** US films you have studied.

1930–1960	1961–1990
Citizen Kane (1941). Directed by Orson Welles. USA	2001: A Space Odyssey (1968). Directed by Stanley Kubrick. USA
Singin' in the Rain (1952). Directed by Gene Kelly/Stanley Donen. USA	Raging Bull (1980). Directed by Martin Scorsese. USA
Stagecoach (1939). Directed by John Ford. USA	E.T. (1982). Directed by Steven Spielberg. USA
Vertigo (1958). Directed by Alfred Hitchcock. USA	Do the Right Thing (1989). Directed by Spike Lee. USA
Double Indemnity (1944). Directed by Billy Wilder. USA	The Conversation (1974). Directed by Francis Ford Coppola. USA
All that Heaven Allows (1955). Directed by Douglas Sirk. USA	West Side Story (1961). Directed by Jerome Robbins/Robert Wise. USA

- 1 Explain the distinction between diegetic and non-diegetic sound using **one** example from the **1961–1990** film which you have studied. [5]
- Explain how costume has been used to establish character in one sequence from the 1930–1960 film which you have studied.

Answer Question 3 or Question 4.

EITHER

3* Compare how the use of locations and/or sets contributes to the meanings of the two films you have studied.

You must refer to examples from **one** film in the **1930–1960** list and examples from **one** film in the **1961–1990** list in your answer. [25]

OR

4* Compare how cinematography (including lighting) contributes to the meanings of the two films you have studied.

You must refer to examples from **one** film in the **1930–1960** list and examples from **one** film in the **1961–1990** list in your answer. [25]

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Section B

Comparative Contextual Study

Answer Question 5 or Question 6.

You have studied **one** of the themes in the table. For your chosen theme, you should have studied **one** film from the US Independent list and **one** film from the Non-US English Language list. For Questions **5–6** write about the **two** films you have studied.

Theme	US Independent	Non-US English Language
Family and Home	Moonrise Kingdom (2012). Directed by Wes Anderson. USA The Tree of Life (2011). Directed by Terrence Malick. USA	Room (2015). Directed by Lenny Abrahamson. Canada/Ireland Animal Kingdom (2010). Directed by David Michôd. Australia
Outsiders	A Girl Walks Home Alone at Night (2014). Directed by Ana Lily Amirpour. USA Elephant (2003). Directed by Gus Van Sant. USA	The Babadook (2014). Directed by Jennifer Kent. Australia/ Canada The Piano (1993). Directed by Jane Campion. New Zealand/Australia/France
Conflict	The Hurt Locker (2008). Directed by Kathryn Bigelow. USA Whiplash (2014). Directed by Damien Chazelle. USA	District 9 (2009). Directed by Neill Blomkamp. South Africa/USA/New Zealand/Canada Mad Max (1979). Directed by George Miller. Australia

EITHER

5* Compare how sound may create meaning and response from spectators in the **two** films you have studied.

Refer to detailed examples from the **two** films.

[35]

OR

6* Compare how the representations of societies in the **two** films you have studied reflect the contexts in which they were made.

Refer to detailed examples from the **two** films.

[35]

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Section C

European Film: Non-English Language

Answer Question 7 or Question 8.

You have studied **one** European film from the list.

For Questions **7–8** write about the European film you have studied.

European Film

The Lives of Others (2006). Directed by Florian Henckel von Donnersmarck. Germany

Son of Saul (2015). Directed by László Nemes. Hungary

A Prophet (2009). Directed by Jacques Audiard. France/Italy

The Great Beauty (2013). Directed by Paolo Sorrentino. Italy/France

Ida (2013). Directed by Pawel Pawlikowski. Poland/Denmark/France/UK

Let the Right One In (2008). Directed by Tomas Alfredson. Sweden

EITHER

7* Discuss how far genre conventions have an impact on the European film you have studied.
 Refer in detail to specific sequences in your answer.

OR

8* Discuss how far the spectator response to the European film you have studied might be driven more by the narrative than by the aesthetics of the film.
 Refer in detail to specific sequences in your answer.

END OF QUESTION PAPER



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