

Cambridge Technicals

Sport

Unit 3: Sports organisation and development

Level 3 Cambridge Technical in Sport and Physical Activity 05827 - 05829 & 05872

Mark Scheme for June 2024

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2024

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the traditional 40% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2 deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone or by email.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of questions across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given (the underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed).

Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate). When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth two or more marks)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional lined pages if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add an annotation to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
 - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
 - OR if there is a comment which does not in anyway relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
 - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question

Note: Award 0 marks - for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question)

8. Assistant Examiners will email a brief report on the performance of candidates to your Team Leader (Supervisor) by the end of the marking period. Your report should contain notes on particular strength displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

3

© OCR 2024

9. **Annotations** used by examiners

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Tick
×	Cross
BOD	Benefit of doubt
VG	Vague
REP	Repeat
IRRL	Significant amount of material which doesn't answer the question
MAX	Maximum marks reached
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
EG	Example/Reference on extended response Q
KU	Knowledge and understanding on extended response Q
DEV	Development on extended response Q
L1	Level 1 response on extended response Q
L2	Level 2 response on extended response Q
L3	Level 3 response on extended response Q

Multiple Choice Questions (where used)

Examiners indicate if answer given is correct or not using a tick or cross on the right hand side of the question.

All questions other than Multiple Choice and Extended response Question

Tick = correct

Cross = incorrect

BOD = benefit of the doubt given

VG = answer is vague / no benefit of the doubt given / also used where additional material may have been seen but no more marks gained

SEEN = response been read but no credit given / also used where no response attempted

REP = Point repeated and no further credit given

Extended response Question

Please note that on the extended response question ticks and crosses are <u>not</u> used as it is <u>not</u> 1 tick = 1 mark.

Where applicable:

KU is used to indicate that a knowledge point from the mark scheme indicative content has been used.

DEV is used to indicate that a more developed or detailed point has been made (showing greater understanding).

EG is used to indicate where an example has been used or applied to support or develop the response.

L1 = Level 1 (for 'Levels-marked' questions only) – put at end of response to indicate level awarded

L2 = Level 2 (for 'Levels-marked' questions only) – put at end of response to indicate level awarded

L3 = Level 3 (for 'Levels-marked' questions only) – put at end of response to indicate level awarded

Examiner Guidance on annotations

- 1. General guidance:
- mark using RM annotations every question to be marked
- record the total mark for each question in RM mark boxes
- check carefully that you input the correct mark check the number of ticks recorded for each question (apart from Extended response Question)
- Do not use ticks on Extended response Question use KU (Knowledge and understanding credits) and DEV (Development credits)
- Only record KU and DEV on left hand side of script so that candidate's work is not obscured
- Record level on **left hand side** at the base of Extended response Question and record total mark for the question
- If candidate has attempted the question or even an attempt that is crossed out (still mark crossed out work), and deserves no credit then

record zero

- If candidate leaves a question unanswered then use the annotation 'SEEN' and record NR in the totals box (no response)
- Use **BP** on all blank pages to show that you have checked for any responses
- 2. For Multiple-Choice Questions (MCQs), use a **tick** or a **cross** to the right hand side of the option indicated by the learner as being their answer.
- 3. For points-marked questions:
- Structured scheme: one mark = one point, represented by a tick
- Keep referring to the requirements of each question
- Annotate every question answered
- 4. For the levels marked questions:
- Keep checking for relevance of the response to the requirements of the question
- Give KU for each KU credit achieved on the levels MS
- Give 'DEV' for every point that has been sufficiently developed and shown understanding indicated on the levels MS
- Now review again the answer.
- Remember to **keep checking** whether the response actually answers the question set.
- REVIEW THE LEVELS' DESCRIPTORS AND ESPECIALLY THE DISCRIMINATOR POINTS TO PINPOINT THE MARK.
- Indicate the level awarded (L1, L2 or L3) at the base of the answer on the LHS, then enter the total mark for Extended response Question
- Some candidates may make relatively few points but develop them well to show good understanding, meet well the generic criteria descriptors in the top level and answer all parts of the question and therefore score well.
- Some candidates may make many points but may not show the depth of analysis required to match the generic criteria descriptors in the top level and therefore score less well.
- Do not be afraid to give full marks if all descriptors / discriminators are met at the required level.
- It is unlikely for learners to score 0 (nil) marks if they have attempted to answer the question set, unless the material is entirely irrelevant.
- Use your professional judgement and **contact your Team Leader** if you need help in applying the scheme.

Q	uesti	ion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	True	1	
1	(a)	(ii)	False	1	
1	(a)	(iii)	False	1	
1	(b)		 Funding to UK Sport Funding to Sport England Expand School Games Programme Develop a legacy from London Olympics / Paralympics Develop strategies for sport development in the UK Improves PE in (primary schools) Create/promote initiatives (school games) Anti-doping management Support the organisation of competitions and tournaments in the UK Develop sports education Develop the provision of facilities 	4	DNA increase participation as it is in the stem of the question. DNA Promote sport on its own DNA Funding on its own Accept Provide funding 2 marks can be awarded for points 1 and 2
1	(c)	(i)	 International Olympic Committee (IOC) Federation Internationale de Football Association (FIFA) World Athletics Badminton World Federation (BWF) International Handball Federation (IHF) International Hockey Federation (FIH) World Rugby (WR) International Tennis Federation (ITF) 	2	Accept any other correct examples Accept correct acronyms.

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(c)	(ii)	 Remove barriers promotes ethics equality and values Organises international competitions Decides rules of the sports Promotes / increases participation. Develop the introduction of new technology Implement Health and safety Implement sanctions Oversee drug testing / liaise with WADA. Promoting the sport 	2	First 2 answers only
1	(d)	(i)	The Football Association (FA) The Rugby Football Union (RFU)	1	Accept other correct responses Accept correct acronyms

Qı	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(d)	(ii)	 Helps clubs gain Clubmark. Helps clubs support their national strategy Develops coaches / officials. Provide funding for facilities /equipment or advise for applying for funding Decides how to spend income from memberships Advises on increasing participation through improved facilities/ equipment Advises on promoting clubs / initiatives Supports clubs with competitions / leagues Advises on insurance Supports safeguarding Supports values (specific example of initiative – respect campaign) Maintains and shares club contact information. Advises on rules and regulations Supports talent ID and performance pathways Working with specific target groups 	4	DNA provides facilities DNA promote the sport

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 (a)	Roles (sub-max. 2) 1. (Sports) Coach 2. Official 3. Sports Development Officer 4. (Sports) Leader Support sports development (sub-max. 2) 5. Increase participation by organising and refereeing matches 6. Explaining / implementing rules and regulations 7. Keeping the sport safe 8. Encouraging participation / making it fun and enjoyable 9. Teaching skills of the sports/ access new sport 10. Building confidence / self-esteem. 11. Help target groups to access sport 12. Organising training sessions / running club training/ organising events 13. Teaching sporting values such as teamwork and respect fair play 14. Being a good role model/ mentor 15. Act as a motivator / Give feedback / guidance / praise	4	Answers must relate to the age groups in the question Only allow points 5 – 14 once. Question asks for a different answer for each role. If named role is incorrect, the associated description mark is not accessible, mark incorrect.

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 (b)	One mark for: 1. (named initiatives include) Kicks / This Girl Can / Change4Life Three marks from: 2. Raising awareness of drug use in communities (eg via workshops) 3. Reducing anti-social behaviour / Reducing crime 4. Sense of community/make new friends 5. Creating volunteering opportunities 6. Increasing participation 7. Improving (physical) health / fitness 8. improving (mental) health 9. Reducing obesity / strain on the NHS 10. Improved employability for participants/volunteers.	4	Credit other correctly named sporting initiatives. If the initiative is incorrect still accept answers given to second part of the question DNA anti-discrimination as a description of initiative in question Accept first 3 answers only

C	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(c)	 Storming the members of the group will start competing for roles based on personality/ tensions arise within the team/ players fight for positions within the team/power struggles focus becomes clearer/ stronger sense of purpose cliques form Norming roles are agreed, and the group / team starts to work towards a common / agreed goal. Agreement/ consensus within the team Roles / responsibilities are clearer/ accepted. Group make more decisions (as opposed to leader) More sense of unity Performing the group / team start to work together to achieve the goal. Clear goals/ vision Less interference from leader/ coach Disagreement occur but resolved amicably within the team. Adjourning/ Mourning When the group is disbanded, and the team members separate Celebrate team accomplishments 	4	The stages do not have to be in the correct order. One mark for the correct name of the stage Sub-max. one mark for the correct description for each stage If the stage is incorrect the description is not accessible Do not accept forming or a description of the forming stage as in the question)
2	(d)	 Increased blood flow to muscles Increased oxygen / energy available Increased temperature Increased flexibility/ pliability / elasticity Increased force 	2	More oxygenated blood to muscles = 2 marks (pt 1 and pt 2) DNA increased muscle strength

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 (e)	 Foundation (level) Performer is beginner / novice / low ability Performer is learning fundamental basic motor skills, e.g jumping / running / hitting / catching Performer may be a Primary school pupil Participation (level) Ability level is developing OR many skills of the sport have been acquired OR mistakes may be made in pressurised situations Performer is learning rules of sport OR understands role in a team / sports activity Performer is taking part in a sport at school in PE / School Club Performance (level) Ability level is high OR advanced skills are used Performer has a very good understanding of tactics / role in team Performer may be competing for academy / county / region Excellence (level) Ability level is outstanding Performer may be professional / getting paid to play Performer may be competing at National / international level 	4	'Elite level' = BOD 13 Must have the continuum level to access the characteristics mark.

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(f)	 Outlet for aggression Increased self-confidence / self-esteem Socialise / meet people / make new friends Develop values teamwork fair play respect tolerance citizenship inclusion Enjoyment / satisfaction / happiness / passion Improved concentration /focus / improved productivity at work/ school Reduce crime / anti-social behaviour Employment opportunities / coaching / officiating Volunteering / support community / increase sense of community Reduce stress / anxiety/ depression/ improved mental health Sleep better 	3	Do not accept physical benefits or any named physical benefits (in question) It must be clear there is a benefit to participation in sport e.g. reduction or improving. Only accept first 3 answers
3	(a)	Levels of performance OR e.g. more success in sport Impact on society OR e.g. reduced obesity/ crime rate	2	Do not accept: levels of participation (in question) DNA social impact Accept an example of level of performance e.g level of performance there are more players selected for county level sport or An example of impact on society eg reduction of crime rate

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(b)	1. Activity / Playing Programme The opportunities provided when they are provided how they are delivered e.g coaches/ facilities 2. Duty Of Care and Welfare Safe environment for members of the club / risk assessments/ health and safety/ safeguarding 3. Knowing Your Club and Community Promoting inclusivity equality positive values and ethos 4. Club Management Clubs need to be well managed have a management structure and policies in place.	3	DNA one word answers
3	(c)	 Different groups that participate - gender / age / ethnicity How people participate - club membership / volunteer Where people participate - local level clubs, local facilities, national participation. How often people participate 	2	
4	(a)	 Increase participation / opportunities for (targets groups) Government initiatives Improving facilities / provision/ equipment Developing talent Improve the standard of sport. Meeting social Policy e.g., improving public health reducing crime improving equality Raise (public) awareness / promoting. Fashion Promote values (Fair play respect Inclusion citizenship tolerance and teamwork) 	4	Do not accept raising awareness of technological advances (in question)

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(b)		 Tolerance Respect Fair Play Inclusion Citizenship Teamwork 	4	Do not accept: improve health (in question)

4(c) * 8 marks		
Factor	Benefit	Drawback
1. Bidding	Bidding to host major events shows government support for sport / raises profile of sport	Bidding to host the Olympic Games can be expensive / no guarantee of success / may leave country in debt
2. Facilities	 New / improved facilities may increase economic growth/regenerate the local area/ provide the catalyst for other investment in the area such as housing projects, e.g. regeneration of east end of London Admission charges from public use after the games will generate revenue, e.g. Velodrome being open to the public. 	 Other essential economic projects may be stopped put on hold as funding is diverted to build infrastructure / facilities Facilities might not generate sufficient revenue from public use after the games to cover running costs. Facilities may not be used after the games
3. Infrastructure	Investment in transport infrastructure may result in economic regeneration of the area, e.g. the Javelin railway to the London Olympic stadium	Other housing/infrastructure projects may be delayed as money goes to build new sports facilities
4. Sponsorship	hosting the Olympics can generate major income for the event through sponsorship deals, e.g. BA sponsored the London Olympics	Demands of major sponsors may conflict with organising committees plans
5. Commercial benefits	Other businesses may benefit / new businesses are created, e.g. travel package deals for the Olympics	Potential for bribery / corruption of public officials
6. Employment	 Range of jobs to build facilities / infrastructure A range of jobs are created in running the games and within secondary sectors such as retail and hospitality 	Employment is only temporary
7. Economy	 Considerable revenues are generated by ticket sales to view the Olympic events. Revenue from sales of merchandise. Revenue from accommodation / restaurant income. Revenue from media 	 Cost of the whole event very expensive Economic benefits to do not extend to the whole country / may be limited to a small number of cities Increased taxes (local / national) to fund improvements in facilities / infrastructure
8. Tourism	Increased tourism during the games generates revenues in economic sectors such as food, retail / merchandise, and accommodation	Recent evidence suggests tourism does not increase / many people avoid areas near event
9. Staffing	Many are volunteers so no costs incurred	Cost of training / vetting / security / policing / emergency services

Factor	Benefit	Drawback
10. Safety	Increased levels of security / policing may increase safety of public	Increased risk of terrorism, crime, protests.Safety of workers when building facilities
11. Environment	Hosts must make commitments to improvement of environment / sustainability	Increased litter / pollution / congestion
12. Reputation	People support country / increased national pride / feel- good factor/ shop window effect	If event is not run well / negative publicity, then reputation of country will be affected
13. Health of nation	Increased participation means increased health / reduced strain on NHS.	Greater potential demands on health services due to increased numbers attending event

Level 3 (7-8 marks)

A comprehensive answer:

- · Detailed knowledge and understanding
- Effective analysis/evaluation and/or discussion/explanation/development
- Clear and consistent practical application of knowledge
- Accurate use of technical and specialist vocabulary
- High standard of written communication.

At Level 3 responses are likely to include:

Detailed balanced discussion of benefits and drawbacks of events.

At the top of this level

A very good range of points are discussed Most of these points are explained in detail

Level 2 (4–6 marks)

A competent answer:

- Satisfactory knowledge and understanding
- Analysis/evaluation and/or discussion/explanation/development attempted with some success
- Some success in practical application of knowledge
- Technical and specialist vocabulary used with some accuracy
- Written communication generally fluent with few errors.

At Level 2 responses are likely to include:

Satisfactory knowledge and understanding of the benefits and drawbacks of delivering events. Points made but not always explained

At the top of this level

A good range of points may be discussed Many of these points may be explained with some success

At the bottom of this level

Several points may be discussed A few of these points may be explained

Level 1 (1-3 marks)

A limited answer:

- Basic knowledge and understanding
- Little or no attempt to analyse/evaluate and/or discuss/explain/develop
- Little or no attempt at practical application of knowledge
- Technical and specialist vocabulary used with limited success
- Written communication lacks fluency and there will be errors, some of which may be intrusive.

At Level 1 responses are likely to include:

Basic knowledge of the benefits or drawbacks of delivering events.

No/little development of points made.

At the top of this level

3/4 points may be discussed A few of these points may be explained at a basic level

At the bottom of this level

1 benefit or 1 drawback has been outlined

0 - No response or response not worthy of credit- examiners need to annotate as SEEN

Need to get in touch?

If you ever have any questions about OCR qualifications or services (including administration, logistics and teaching) please feel free to get in touch with our customer support centre.

Call us on

01223 553998

Alternatively, you can email us on

support@ocr.org.uk

For more information visit

ocr.org.uk/qualifications/resource-finder

ocr.org.uk

Twitter/ocrexams

/ocrexams

/company/ocr

/ocrexams



OCR is part of Cambridge University Press & Assessment, a department of the University of Cambridge.

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored. © OCR 2024 Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee. Registered in England. Registered office The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA.

Registered company number 3484466. OCR is an exempt charity.

OCR operates academic and vocational qualifications regulated by Ofqual, Qualifications Wales and CCEA as listed in their qualifications registers including A Levels, GCSEs, Cambridge Technicals and Cambridge Nationals.

OCR provides resources to help you deliver our qualifications. These resources do not represent any particular teaching method we expect you to use. We update our resources regularly and aim to make sure content is accurate but please check the OCR website so that you have the most up-to-date version. OCR cannot be held responsible for any errors or omissions in these resources.

Though we make every effort to check our resources, there may be contradictions between published support and the specification, so it is important that you always use information in the latest specification. We indicate any specification changes within the document itself, change the version number and provide a summary of the changes. If you do notice a discrepancy between the specification and a resource, please contact us.

Whether you already offer OCR qualifications, are new to OCR or are thinking about switching, you can request more information using our <u>Expression of Interest form</u>.

Please get in touch if you want to discuss the accessibility of resources we offer to support you in delivering our qualifications.