



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

Monday 10 June 2024 – Afternoon

GCSE (9–1) Latin

J282/05 Verse Literature B

Time allowed: 1 hour



Do not use:

- a dictionary



Please write clearly in black ink. **Do not write in the barcodes.**

Centre number

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Candidate number

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First name(s)

Last name

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Answer **all** the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **50**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has **16** pages.

ADVICE

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

1 Read the passage and answer the question.

hinc via Tartarei quae fert Acherontis ad undas.
turbidus hic caeno vastaue voragine gurgēs
aestuāt atque omnem Cocytō eructat harenam.

Translation:

From here is the road that leads to the waters of Tartarean Acheron.
This flood, swirling with mud and in a vast whirlpool,
seethes and belches out all its sand into Cocytus.

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 295–297

How, by his style of writing, does Virgil emphasise how violent the river Acheron is?
Make **two** points, each referring to the **Latin**.

1

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2

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[4]

2 Read the passage and answer the questions.

portitor has horrendus aquas et flumina servat
 terribili squalore Charon, cui plurima mento
 canities inculta iacet, stant lumina flamma,
 sordidus ex umeris nodo dependet amictus.

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 298–301

(a) *portitor* (line 1): what was Charon's job in the Underworld?

..... [1]

(b) *cui plurima ... amictus* (lines 2–4): what do we learn about Charon's appearance in these lines?
 Give **two** details.

1

.....

2

.....

[2]

3 Read the passage and answer the questions.

stabant orantes primi transmittere cursum
 tendebantque manus ripae ulterioris amore.
 navita sed tristis nunc hos nunc accipit illos,
 ast alios longe summos arcet harena.

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 313–316

(a) *stabant ... amore* (lines 1–2):

(i) what were the souls on the bank desperate to do?

..... [1]

(ii) give **one** way in which the souls showed their desperation.

.....
 [1]

(b) *navita ... harena* (lines 3–4): how did Charon deal with the crowd on the river bank?

.....

 [2]

4 Read the passage and answer the questions.

‘nec vero Alciden me sum laetatus euntem
 accepisse lacu, nec Thesea Pirithoumque,
 dis quamquam geniti atque invicti viribus essent.
 Tartareum ille manu custodem in vincla petivit
 ipsius a solio regis traxitque trementem;
 hi dominam Ditis thalamo deducere adorti.’

5

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 392–397

Charon mentions three living men who came down to the Underworld and did bad things.

(a) *Tartareum ... trementem* (lines 4–5): what did the first of these men do?

.....
 [2]

(b) *hi ... adorti* (line 6): what did the others try to do?

..... [1]

5 Read the passage and answer the question.

‘Troius Aeneas, pietate insignis et armis,
 ad genitorem imas Erebi descendit ad umbras.
 si te nulla movet tantae pietatis imago,
 at ramum hunc’ (aperit ramum qui veste latebat)
 ‘agnoscas.’

5

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 403–407

How does the Sibyl who is guiding Aeneas persuade Charon to let him onto the boat?
 Make **two** points, each referring to the **Latin**.

1

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2

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[4]

6 Read the passage and answer the question.

‘quas ego te terras et quanta per aequora vectum
accipio! quantis iactatum, nate, periclis!
quam metui ne quid Libyae tibi regna nocerent!’

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 692–694

Give **two** reasons why Anchises has been worried about his son, Aeneas.

- 1
-
- 2
-

[2]

5

[8]

[illegible]

8 Read the passage and answer the question.

hunc circum innumerae gentes populiue volabant:
 ac veluti in pratis ubi apes aestate serena
 floribus insidunt variis et candida circum
 lilia funduntur, strepit omnis murmure campus.

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 706–709

Translate this passage into English.

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..... [5]

9 Read the passage and answer the questions.

‘nunc age, Dardanium prolem quae deinde sequatur
 gloria, qui maneant Itala de gente nepotes,
 inlustres animas nostrumque in nomen ituras,
 expediam dictis, et te tua fata docebo.’

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 756–759

- (a) *nunc ... dictis* (lines 1–4): why would Aeneas be particularly interested in the souls that Anchises is about to describe? Give **two** reasons.

1

2 [2]

- (b) *et te ... docebo* (line 4): what else does he say he will tell Aeneas?

..... [1]

10 Read the passage and answer the questions.

'hic vir, hic est, tibi quem promitti saepius audis,
 Augustus Caesar, divi genus, aurea condet
 saecula qui rursus Latio regnata per arva
 Saturno quondam, super et Garamantas et Indos
 proferet imperium; iacet extra sidera tellus,
 extra anni solisque vias, ubi caelifer Atlas
 axem umero torquet stellis ardentibus aptum.'

5

Virgil, *Aeneid* 6, lines 791–797

- (a) *aurea condet ... proferet imperium* (lines 2–5): give **two** ways in which Anchises exaggerates the achievements of Augustus.

1

.....

2

.....

[2]

- (b) *ubi ... aptum* (lines 6–7): pick out and translate the **Latin** word which tells us what Atlas was famous for.

Latin word:

English translation:

[2]

11* What do you think made his journey to the Underworld an important experience for Aeneas?

You should support your answer with a range of references to the parts of *Aeneid* 6 you have read, and you may include passages printed on the question paper.

[10]

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, typical of notebook or legal stationery. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.

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