

# Higher

**GCSE** 

**Physics B Twenty First Century Science** 

J259/04: Depth in physics (Higher Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2024

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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# **MARKING INSTRUCTIONS**

### PREPARATION FOR MARKING

# **RM ASSESSOR**

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: RM Assessor Online Training; OCR Essential Guide to Marking.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are available in RM Assessor.
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

# **MARKING**

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the RM Assessor messaging system.

- Work crossed out:
  - a. where a candidate crosses out an answer and provides an alternative response, the crossed out response is not marked and gains no marks
  - b. if a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question and makes no second attempt, and if the inclusion of the answer does not cause a rubric infringement, the assessor should attempt to mark the crossed out answer and award marks appropriately.
- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
  - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
  - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
  - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question.

Note: Award 0 marks – for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).

- 8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.** 
  - If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or email.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

# 10. For answers marked by levels of response:

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, using the Level descriptors to help you decide whether it is a strong or weak answer. The indicative scientific content in the Guidance column indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance. Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the skills and science content evidenced within the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer.

Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark:

The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.

**The lower mark** should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.

# In summary:

The skills and science content determines the level.

The communication statement determines the mark within a level.

Level of response questions on this paper are 1b(ii) and 6

# 11. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
<b>✓</b>	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
LI	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

12. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
<b>√</b>	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

# 13. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

# **INTRODUCTION**

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Physics B:

Assessment Objective
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	230 V a.c. ✓	1	1.1	
		(ii)	Any two from:  Reduced/smaller current (for the same power) $\checkmark$ So less heating of the cables $\checkmark$ Less power (as $P = IV$ ) dissipated $\checkmark$	2	1.1	ALLOW less energy transferred to surroundings /less energy wasted /less power lost
		(iii)	(step down) transformer	1	1.1	
	(b)	(i)	Any two from: wind solar hydroelectric tidal wave biomass  qeothermal ✓	2	1.1	IGNORE sun IGNORE water  ALLOW examples of Biomass
	*	(ii)	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.  Level 3 (5–6 marks)  Description of the trends from the charts AND  Gives a reason for the trends  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.	6	2 x 1.1 2 x 3.1a 2 x 3.2a	<ul> <li>AO1.1 – Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of renewable and non-renewable energy resources</li> <li>Reasons for the trends:         <ul> <li>Renewables will not run out / can be replaced in our lifetime</li> <li>Non-renewables will run out / cannot be replaced in our lifetime</li> <li>Coal, oil, gas, nuclear are non-renewable</li> </ul> </li> <li>AO3.1a – Analyses the information and ideas to describe some trends in the use of energy resources         <ul> <li>In general, use of non-renewables decreases</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	Level 2 (3–4 marks)			<ul> <li>In general, use of renewables increases</li> <li>Reduction in fossil fuels % use is greatest</li> <li>No change in use of nuclear / oil</li> </ul>
	Description of the trends from the charts OR Gives reasons for the trends OR A description of a trend from the chart and gives a reason for the trend  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.  Level 1 (1–2 marks)  A description of a trend from the chart OR Gives a reason for a trend  There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.  O marks No response or no response worthy of credit			<ul> <li>AO3.2a – Analyses the information and ideas to make judgements about the use of energy resources</li> <li>ORA all points <ul> <li>Using less non-renewables conserves resources</li> <li>More renewables used as non-renewables are running out</li> <li>Non-renewables produce less CO<sub>2</sub> / do not contribute as much to global warming</li> <li>UK commitment to use more non-renewable sources</li> <li>Evidence now accepted that CO<sub>2</sub> a major factor in global warming</li> <li>Use of (UK generated) nuclear unchanged as less CO<sub>2</sub> but public worried about nuclear accidents / difficulty of disposing nuclear waste</li> <li>Coal reduction greatest as it produces CO<sub>2</sub> / acid rain / ash</li> <li>Cannot totally remove the use of non-renewables as renewables are not reliable / storage needed</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Improved technology has increased power generated from renewables</li> </ul>

	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
2	(a)		50.5 (cm <sup>3</sup> )	1	2.2	ALLOW Range 50-51
	(b)	(i)	20 (g)	1	3.1b	
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 1.2 (g/cm³) award 4 marks	4	2.1	ALLOW ECF use of volume from (a) with 80 g (80g-20g)/their volume cm³ ✓ ✓ ✓ = their correct answer ✓
			Choose a pair of corresponding readings for mass and volume from the graph ✓			<b>ALLOW</b> readings within ½ square read from the graph
			AND			
			Subtracts 20g from the mass ✓			
			Apply density equation ✓			<b>ALLOW</b> values for mass and volume from the graph without subtracting 20g e.g. 80/50 =1.6 (g/cm³) can be indicated on graph 2 marks <b>ALLOW</b> 2 marks for 1.4 with no working
			1.2 (g/cm³) √			<b>ALLOW</b> answers that round to 1.2 (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )
			OR			
			Choose a second pair of corresponding readings for mass and volume from the graph ✓			
			Use equation for determining gradient √			
			1.2 (g/cm³) ✓			<b>ALLOW</b> answers that round to 1.2 (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )

	Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
3	(a)	Any two from:  New particles were discovered ✓  Experiments provided new evidence ✓  Models/theories fitted best evidence at that time/new evidence doesn't fit with existing theory ✓  more advanced technology/techniques allow for more detailed experiments ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW named examples of new evidence and theory
	(b)	Any three from:  Positive nucleus ✓  Nuclear radius very small (compared to atom) ✓  Most of the mass is in the nucleus ✓  Nucleus consists of protons and neutrons ✓  Electrons in shells/allowed orbits ✓	3	1.1	ALLOW the nucleus is very small ALLOW most of an atom is empty space/nucleus is dense  IGNORE nucleus surrounded by electrons

	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	Any one from: Open the switch between readings ✓ Disconnect the circuit between readings ✓ Reduce the current by increasing the resistance of the variable resistor ✓	1	3.3b	ALLOW turn off the battery/power supply between readings IGNORE ref. to adding more batteries/more powerful battery
		(ii)	Any three from: Chemical store in battery/power supply ✓ (Electrical) Work done by potential difference on electrons/charges/work done = potential difference x charge ✓ Electrical Energy transferred to the lamp ✓ Increases internal energy store in lamp (filament) ✓ Thermal energy transferred to surroundings (via radiation) ✓ increases energy store of surroundings ✓	3	1 x 1.1 2 x 2.1	ALLOW Energy transferred (to the lamp) via electrons/current/moving charges ALLOW increases thermal energy store in lamp/wire (filament) ALLOW heat for thermal energy
	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 9.75 (W) award 3 marks  Read current from graph = 1.95 (A) ✓	3	2.2	ALLOW value of current read from graph 1.9 (A) to 2.0 (A)
			Select and apply Power = pd x current = 5 x 1.95√ = 9.75 (W) √		1.2 2.2	<b>ALLOW</b> 9.5 (W) to 10.0 (W)

	(ii)	Correctly reads V and I for two points from either V≤4.0(V) and V≥5.0V or both ≥ 5.0V ✓ Rearranges equation and substitutes for one point correctly ✓ Calculates a correct value for R (Ignore unit) ✓ Calculates correct second value for R and so agrees with the student/as pd increases resistance increases ✓	4	3 x 2.1 1 x 3.2b	Possible answers $R=2/0.8=2.5~\Omega$ $R=4/1.6=2.5\Omega$ $R=5/1.95=2.6\Omega$ $R=6/2.2=2.7\Omega$ $R=8/2.55=3.1\Omega$ $R=10/2.7=3.7\Omega$ <b>ALLOW</b> values read from the graph correct to ½ square <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> final mark without correct unit for resistance shown at least once in answer
(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 11.9V award 5 marks	5		
		Converts kJ to J ✓		1.1	
		Charge = 2.8 x 120 = 336 (C) √		3 x 2.2	
		Rearrange and apply equation 4000 / 336 ✓			<b>ALLOW</b> incorrect or no unit conversion to give 11.9x10 <sup>n</sup> 3 marks
		11.904761 V ✓			give 11.3x10 3 maiks
		11.9 V ✓		1.1	<b>ALLOW</b> any calculated value given correctly to 1d.p.

	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	(0-25s) Uniform/constant acceleration/0.56 m/s² √ (25-200s) Uniform/constant speed (14m/s) or 0 acceleration√	2	2.1	
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.28 (m/s²) award 3 marks Select and apply: acceleration = $\frac{\text{change in speed}}{\text{time taken}} \checkmark$ Use change in time = 50 (s) $\checkmark$ = 0.28 (m/s²) $\checkmark$	3	1 x 1.1 2 x 2.2	(a=)14/50 award MP1 and MP2  IGNORE signs
		(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 175 (m) award 2 marks  Use area under graph or 0.5 x 14 x 25   = 175 (m)	2	2.2	ALLOW attempt to count squares
	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 8.3 (h) award 4 marks  Rearrange equation time = $\frac{\text{energy transferred}}{\text{power}} \checkmark$ = 58/7 or 58000/7000 $\checkmark$ = 8.286 $\checkmark$ =8.3 (h) (to 2sf) $\checkmark$	4	3 x 2.2 1 x 1.2	ALLOW a correctly calculated value of time to 2sf
		(ii)	Electric car 58 x 34p (= 1972p =£19.72) $\checkmark$ Petrol car 32 x 145 (= 4640p = £46.40) $\checkmark$ 2 x £19.72 < £46.40 <b>or</b> half of £46.40/£23.20 > £19.72 <b>or</b> it costs Sara 2.4 times more than Zayn/Zayn 0.4 times less than Sara $\checkmark$	3	3.1b	IGNORE comparison of the difference between costs

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
6 *	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.	6	2 x 1.1 2 x 2.1 2 x 3.2a	AO1.1 Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of the types of ionising radiation
	Level 3 (5–6 marks)  Compares the properties and hazards of the three types of radiation AND  Describe how damage to cells is reduced  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Level 2 (3–4 marks)  Describes the properties of the types of radiation AND  Gives some understanding of hazards for the types of radiation  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.  Level 1 (1–2 marks)  Describes the properties of the types of radiation OR  Gives some understanding of hazards for the types of radiation		2 X 3.2d	Alpha Range 7 cm stopped by paper/skin Amount of ionisation High Beta Range 1-2 m stopped by metal /aluminium range reduced in tissue Amount of ionisation medium Gamma Range infinite reduced by thick lead/concrete Amount of ionisation low  AO2.1 – apply knowledge and understanding of penetrating properties of radiation to destruction of unwanted tissue All ionising radiation damages /cells DNA Use low ionising radiation minimise damage Radiation damage reduced by short exposure time Alpha radiation cannot travel far enough in air to reach patient Alpha radiation could not pass through skin Beta radiation would be partially absorbed by skin and healthy tissue. Beta ionising properties could cause damage to skin and heathy tissue.
				to skin and heathy tissue.  Gamma would pass through skin and healthy tissue.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.  O marks No response or no response worthy of credit.		element	Gamma no problem with range The beam is rotated so not concentrated on one area of the body/cells which minimises damage to healthy cells The radiation beam is focused directly at the cancer and no healthy tissue Radiation reduces rapidly with distance (inverse sq law)  AO3.2a – Analyses the information and ideas to make judgements about the use of radiation sources in cancer treatment  Alpha or Beta cannot be used Gamma is suitable

	Question		Answer				Marks	AO element	Guidance
7	7 (a)	(i)		Is liquid	ls solid	Cannot tell	3	3.2b	
			mantle		<b>√</b>				
			outer core	<b>✓</b>					
			Inner core			<b>√</b>			
		/::\	the appeal of t	the ways she	angoo (with a	Ionoity) /	2	1 1 1	ALLOW apped ingresses (degrees as for apped
		(ii)	the speed of t	ine wave cha	anges (with c	iensity) v	2	1x1.1	<b>ALLOW</b> speed increases/decreases for speed changes/changes wavelength
			causing the wave to change direction √					1x2.1	ALLOW refracts
	(b)	(i) Any three from:  Magnetic field lines are cut ✓  There is a changing magnetic field (inside the coil) ✓  (So) pd is induced (across the ends of the coil) ✓  The coil is in a closed circuit ✓  (So) there is a (induced) current (in the coil) ✓			3	3 x 2.1	ALLOW voltage		
		(ii)	Magnet cuts t	lagnet cuts through no/fewer coils ✓				1 x 1.1	
			(Induced) pd OR the (induced)					1 x 2.1	
		(iii)	Any one from More turns/co Stronger mag	oils √			1	1x3.3a	IGNORE bigger coil IGNORE bigger magnet

	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
8	(a)	(i)	(a quantity) that has both size/magnitude and direction	1	1.1	
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 21000 kgm/s award 3 marks	3		
			Select and apply Momentum = mass x velocity = 1500 x 14 ✓		1.2	
			= 21000 ✓		2x 2.1	
			kg m/s ✓			ALLOW Ns
		(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.028 (s) award 4 marks	4		
			Select and rearrange time = $\frac{\text{change in momentum}}{\text{resultant force}} \checkmark$		1.2	
			Uses change in momentum = 21000 (kg m/s) ✓		3x 2.1	ALLOW ECF from (a)(ii)
			(Time) = 21000 / 750 000 √			Correct substitution gains MP1, MP2 and MP3
			= 0.028 (s) ✓			
	(b)		calculation of efficiency for A = $\frac{199-146}{199}$ $\checkmark$	3	3 x3.1b	
			= 0.27✓			<b>ALLOW</b> 0.26/26%/27% efficient
			Crumple zone of car C is the most efficient ✓			Evidence of a correct calculation for efficiency of Car A needed for this mark

Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
9	(a)	The temperature of the Sun is greater than Venus <b>ORA</b> ✓  (And) wavelength is dependent on temperature/the shorter the wavelength the greater energy (emitted) <b>ORA</b> ✓	2	2 x2.1	ALLOW wavelength from the Sun is shorter because it has a greater temperature ORA ✓ ✓ ALLOW higher frequency for shorter wavelength (linked to temperature) ORA
	(b)	Wavelength = 4 x10 <sup>-6</sup> m converted from graph ✓  Select and apply: Speed = wavelength x frequency/v=λf ✓  (Frequency) = 3x10 <sup>8</sup> /4 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> ✓  Frequency = 7.5x10 <sup>13</sup> (Hz) which is in the infrared range ✓	4	1.1 3x 3.2a	IGNORE 4μm  (Frequency) = 3x10 <sup>8</sup> /4 x 10 <sup>n</sup> gains MP2 and MP3 <b>ALLOW</b> 3 marks out of 4 for power of 10 error provided conclusion consistent e.g. 3x10 <sup>8</sup> /4 = 7.5 x 10 <sup>7</sup> (Hz) consistent with radio and microwaves
	(c)	Any three from:  Shorter wavelengths/visible or UV (from the Sun pass through Venus' atmosphere)  Venus absorbs (EM) radiation  Venus (re-)emits longer wavelengths/infrared (radiation)  (longer wavelengths/infrared) absorbed by the CO <sub>2</sub> And re-emitted in all directions (keeping Venus warmer)  Venus (re-)emits longer wavelengths/infrared) absorbed by the CO <sub>2</sub>	3	2.1	ALLOW responses referencing the earth and Sun ALLOW higher frequency for shorter wavelength or vice versa  IGNORE heat/IR is trapped/CO <sub>2</sub> absorbs radiation emitted from the Sun/reflection of radiation ALLOW given off for re-emitted

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